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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR FHIROZESHAH M NEHTA IN 1913.

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INSURANCE

SWADESHI IN INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

VOL. XXI NO. 118

BOMBAY SATURDAY, MAY 20, 1933

SIXTEEN PAGES

OVER 100 PERSONS KILLED IN BOMB OUTRAGE

Out Of The Gloaming.

Dr. B. C. Roy came from Calcutta, examined Gandhi and pronounced himself satisfied. Dr. Ansari examined him and pronounced himself satisfied. The eight medicos, composing the Medical Board again examined Gandhi for 15 minutes, examined each other and discussed for one hour and they were satisfied. Gandhi himself was satisfied to begin with.

Before Gandhi finishes his fast he will hold the world's record for being the most often examined patient in the world, perhaps by the costliest doctors too. If he can stand all this strain of examination he ought to stand the fast very well indeed, and should be able to prolong it by another fortnight.

"Sound Technicians have found that the roar of a Russian bear is the loudest noise made by any animal."—Film Magazine.

The British lion beaten at last.

Captain Goering announced in the Prussian Diet that the first phase of Nazi activities is over and the second phase of "reconstruction" will begin—if there's anything left to reconstruct.

Holy thought for the day. The careful instructions issued by the German Bishops were intended to remind Catholic voters of their solemn obligations to cast their ballots (not bullets) for candidates who represent no anti-religious programme or parties. With healthy Government activity, a firm programme and wholesome discipline, the Hitler Party will be the public bulwark against Bolshevik invasion."—Semi-official Vatican City Correspondence.

We make a present of this to the local muddle-headed organ of the S. J. Profits and religion are now equally divided. Religion becomes the strongest supporter of Hitler, and Hitler pays the same compliment to it. Thus both are brought together under the anti-socialist banner.

India can give many points to President Roosevelt. Our railway companies do just the opposite to him, dismiss men by the thousand and increase the work of those who remain behind. To balance the matter they keep their higher paid officials in clover.

The trusteeship theory still holds good in British Liberal circles and Robert Bernays says they are bound to honour their obligation and cannot retreat now. India would be only too glad to discharge their trusteeship, without even looking into accounts. But British Liberals are determined to do good to Indians in spite of themselves.

The extremely intelligent and acute Simla Correspondent of "Times of India" analysing the causes of revolution in Turkestan says the Chinese rulers are aliens there and the Governor did not please the people because he was a poor administrator. So different to India, is it not?

But his chief fault was that he failed to convince the people that he was doing everything for their good. This is the subtle art that is only understood in the higher circles of the I. C. S.

Brigadier General Earnst Money, aged 67, was charged before a Magistrate with "acting with intent to insult two girls," but defence witness Brigadier General Bruce told the Magistrate that the accused possessed several decorations, and he was at once discharged. The British ruling class has its own standard of justice and even morality.

In Karachi too they have their trouble with the Chief Municip-

TIENTSIN RAILWAY STATION TRAGEDY

Whole Police Force Called Out PERPETRATORS SUPPOSED TO BE CHAUVINISTS

SHANGHAI, May 19.

Over a hundred persons were killed or injured through an unknown miscreant hurling a high explosive bomb into a crowded railway station in Tientsin according to a Japanese report there.

The station was filled with troops and war refugees at the time. Ravaging fire followed and the whole police force was called out.

ANOTHER OUTRAGE

Another bomb is reported to have exploded near the Chinese police headquarters. The inhabitants are panic-stricken.

The perpetrators have not been discovered but it is thought they may be chauvinists protesting against the suggested Sino-Japanese compromise.—Reuter.

POWERS GET DOWN TO BRASS TACKS

Germany Accepts Macdonald's Plans To Start With : Strained Atmosphere In Arms Conference

GENEVA, May 19.

Germany's acceptance of the British Disarmament Plan not only as a basis of discussion but as a basis of future convention itself gave the Disarmament Conference a splendid start this afternoon. The meeting had all elements of drama because as soon as he heard that Herr Nadolny, Leader of the German Delegation had arrived from Berlin, Mr. Arthur Henderson convened a special meeting of the General Commission.

HENDERSON'S APPEAL. Before a packed galleries and in a tense atmosphere Mr. Henderson passionately appealed to nations to "get on with the work" and declared that the Conference was deciding issues of future peace and war and disarmament would be the first real victory for our economic struggles, especially with regard to the World Economic Conference.

Herr Nadolny, accepting the British plan as the basis for future convention, said any modification that Germany proposed would conform to this new attitude as a proof of the spirit of moderation and agreement in which she would work towards

peace. Officer who goes his own way and carries on municipal work in "anticipation of sanction." But the "Sind Observer" bursts forth in defence in thrilling prose and says that is what "officers in high positions do."

"It cannot be felony" we are assured. Oh no, not so bad as that. One member called him "a dog with a crooked tail" though we do not know what this means in English. But perhaps, it has some meaning in Hindi. They're a strange people these Sindhis. So, perhaps, the dogs there are freaky too.

the realisation of the Convention.

ABORTIVE TALKS. Captain Eden declared somewhat ruefully that his conversations with Herr Nadolny in the past week were not "crowned with glory" but that he was ready to continue discussions with hopes of better results. He added that the task was still formidable but not unattainable and chances of success had been enhanced by today's proceedings.—Reuter.

HIGH HOPES OF NADOLNY

British Plan Can Secure Hitler's Objective He Says.

(Special Cable.)

GENEVA, May 19. "We accept the British plan subject to minor modifications," said Herr Nadolny interviewed by Reuter, after the meeting of the Disarmament Conference and added that he could not enter into details. One could not put one's cards on table until other players also called their hands. As the Chancellor had said "Germany asked for two things, namely disarmament by the heavily armed states, and the recognition of equality of status. He believed that these could be secured through the British Convention."

LATEST CALLOVER ON DERBY.

LONDON, May 19. Following is the latest callover on Derby.—91 Manitoba offered (192 taken). 100/9 Hyperion taken and offered. 100/8 Rocco offered (100/8 taken). 13/1 Yottig Lover. 100/7 King Salmon taken and offered. 20/1 Happy Call offered (22/1

PEACE IN INDIA

Only Broad Policy Can Secure That, Says Sir S. Reed

LONDON, May 19. Sir Stanley Reed, in a letter appearing in the "Daily Telegraph" opposing Sir Henry Page-Croft's opposition says that it has been his privilege to serve under seven Viceroys and he has personally known almost every Governor and Lieut.-Governor for a quarter of a century. He has been in intimate contact with a great body of I.C.S. besides his yearly visits to India since his retirement.

"This experience has led me to the conclusion that the broad policy formulated in the White Paper is the only policy which can secure an ordered government and contented India within the British Empire."

He emphasises that the goal of united India through Federation has been before the authorities for 15 years and has been extensively studied, and asks, "Are all these labours to be jettisoned at the behest of the men who are anxious to make breach in the National Government through which they can march to the office?"—Reuter.

(Sir Stanley Reed, Kt., LL.D., was Editor of the "Times of India" from 1907 to 1923.)

10 Thousand Casualties

NANKING, May 19.

The Japanese are advancing on Peiping in two directions and threat to the city is hourly increasing.

The Chinese casualties on the Kupeikow front alone have exceeded 10,000.—Reuter

STOP PRESS

22/1 Scarlet Tiger, Hammer offered (25/1 both taken). 33/1 Lochiel and Highlander taken and offered. 33/1 Statesman and Gino offered (42/1 both taken). 33/1 Interlace and Light of Sussex offered. 40/1 Felicitation taken and offered. 50/1 Bengal, Franchals Caymans, Melfort offered (63/1 all taken). 100/1 Atwood taken and offered. Reuter.

STOP PRESS

FIRST-CLASS CRICKET.

LONDON, May 19.

The following are the results of the first-class cricket matches, which commenced on Wednesday. MIDDLESEX vs. GLOUCESTERSHIRE:—Middlesex won by 39 runs. Middlesex 376 and 243 for 3, declared.

GLOUCESTER 229 and 351. KENT vs. WORCESTERSHIRE:—Kent won by nine wickets. Worcester 383 and 119.

SUSSEX vs. NOTTS:—Sussex won by ten wickets. Sussex 445 and 23 for nil. Notts 227 and 239. YORKSHIRE vs. ESSEX:—Yorkshire won by ten wickets. Essex 64 and 68. Yorkshire 128 for 4 declared and 5 for nil.

DERBYSHIRE vs. SOMERSET:—Derby won by seven wickets. Somerset 87 and 187. Derby 81 and 191 for three.

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY vs. WEST INDIES:—West Indies won by ten wickets. West Indies 269 and 7 for nil. Cambridge 104 and following on 171.—Reuter's Special.

SADHU BENT ON SEEING GANDHIJI

Parnakuti Besieged By Army Of Visitors BAPU SPENT WONDERFUL DAY ASSURES MRS. NAIDU.

(From Our Special Correspondent)

By PHONE

POONA, May 19.

11-30 p.m.

"He is sleeping. He spent a wonderfully good day to-day. He drank more than six points of water. There has been nothing to justify any sort of fear, said Mrs Sarojini Naidu to your representative when he called at the "Parnakuti" at 11 to-night.

GO BACK TO HEAVEN. Mrs. Naidu, who is in charge of interviews and 'darshans' had a surprise this evening when she received the following note addressed to Gandhiji:—

"Mahatma, God has come to see you and talk to you."

There was also a note to Mrs. Naidu asking her to allow him to see Gandhiji. The writer of the note, a man from Rajmundry, got the following reply from Mrs. Naidu:—

"Mahatma is not good enough to see God, so you may go back to Heaven."

SADHU'S FAST.

Numerous visitors from different parts of the country have come to "Parna Kuti" for Mahatma's 'darshan.'

A Sadhu from Rae Bareilly, who says he has been fasting for the last 12 days, is sitting near the first gate to the "Parna Kuti" since this morning and says he will not move from there unless he sees Gandhiji. He has been observing the vow of silence for the past 12 days and writes down his questions and answers in a notebook that he carries. He wrote down that 12 days ago he heard of Mahatma's fast and since then he has not been taking any food.

Only He Can Bring Peace On Earth

HE IS BEARING CROSS FOR WORLD OPPRESSED, SAYS ROLLAND

In a letter to Mahatma Gandhi M. Romain Rolland, the world famous French writer, hails Gandhi's self immolation in the cause of the oppressed as akin to that of Jesus Christ.

WILL ORTHODOXY SPARE HIM?

He prays that the hardness of heart of the orthodox may give way and obstructionists should tremble to assume before history a responsibility that will brand their foreheads for ever.

POONA, May 19.

The following is the English reading of the letter in French received by air mail:—

"Dear and revered friend: We are close to you and with you in these grave days when your life is once again at stake. We send forth our fervent prayers that the hardness of heart of those of your people who construct the great work of national reparation to untouchables may give way and that they should tremble to assume before history the execrable responsibility of having caused your death, carrying for ever the brand on their forehead in the

memory of all men of the future.

THESE TRAGIC TIMES.

"But permit me to attach to your sacrifice a larger meaning yet than that for the cause of the untouchables. In these tragic times when the whole world is given over to the most atrocious violence on the eve of world wars which will overshadow in cruelty and in amplitude all those of the past, when the whole of humanity is divided between oppressors and oppressed and when the latter, maddened by their sufferings and injustice as is made intoxicating with violence which makes martyrs of them, see no help except violence, your

KAFFIRS LOOK UP

Absence Of Investment Demand Causes Fall In Gilt Edged Securities

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, May 19. On the stock exchange acceptance of lower tenders for to-day's 2½ per cent. Conversion Loan and continued absence of investment demand caused a fall in gilt-edged securities. On the contrary Home Rails and Industrials were again well supported. Kaffirs also showed renewed prominence. Metals were subjected to further profit taking and cereals were easier in sympathy with America. Otherwise, commodities were generally steady. Wall Street was easy under considerable profit-taking.

BEST DAY OF HIS FAST

(From Our Special Correspondent)

POONA, May 19. Gandhiji faced doctors once again to-day for the third time and once again doctors left the precincts of the "Parna Kuti". They were surprised at the remarkable manner in which he has stood 11 days' ordeal. His weakness is the only indication of his having gone through 11 days' ordeal.

During the last 24 hours, he has lost only half a pound in weight which is not at all alarming having regard to the fact that he has lost at an average of two pounds per day during the first four days. His present weight is 90½ pounds which means a total loss of 11½ pounds since the commencement of the fast.

BLOOD PRESSURE NORMAL. The blood pressure, which showed an inclination to rise during the first few days is to-day quite normal. The blood pressure is an important factor in Gandhi's health and has always been a source of anxiety whenever his normal routine life is disturbed. The September fast being an instance.

The condition of his heart is sound while the pulse remains satisfactory at 70.

Mahatma Gandhi is either wide awake or fast asleep and drowsiness which is an inevitable consequence of such a prolonged fasting, is totally absent. His mental faculties have not so far shown any tendency towards flagging down.

ANXIETY ABOUT DESAI.

Almost his first query this morning after prayers was about Syt. Mahadevbhai's release and as to who is going to meet him. Knowing that Mahadev was to be released at 8 he instructed Syt. C. Rajagopalachari to be at the rail gate at 7-30 so as not to be late.

FOR CONSULTATIONS?

ROME, May 19.

Surprise has been caused here at the arrival of Captain Goering (Prussian Premier and Hitler's right hand man) by air.—Reuter.

LONDON, May 19.

Lieut.-General Sir W. Edmund Ironside has been appointed quartermaster-general of Army in India in succession to Lieut.-General Wardrop.—Reuter.

immolation before the goddess of justice who is all love and without violence, acquires a universal and sacred value like that of the Cross.

"If the Cross has not, alas, saved the world, it has shown to the world the way to save itself. It has illumined the night of millions of unfortunates."

MAY YOU REMAIN LONG.

"But may this sacrifice be spared to-day. May you remain long: yet I will not say amongst us, (because I doubt if my life, ill as I am, be very prolonged now), but amongst our brothers and sisters of India and of the world who feed your presence on the boat to guide them in the tempest."

"Give us your blessings, sister Madeline and myself."

Yours in affectionate embrace, Romain Rolland."

TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word.

Minimum Re. 1

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word (more charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (upto 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.—The Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under. "Box No.—The Advertisement Department, The Bombay Chronicle, Old Custom House Road, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Numbers should be written distinctly.

1. PERSONAL

An Appeal—My dear Gopal Krishna.—You have broken the hearts of your parents by your sudden departure. Your loving father is willing to aid you with funds either in your travels, or educational and business plan, howsoever ambitious. Dutiful son as you always have been, will you not immediately come back or telegraph your whereabouts and dry the constant tears of your sorrowing mother? Your very affectionate Bhickumama. (511).

8. MATRIMONIAL

Nationalist Hindu bachelor of 33, M.A., decently settled wants to marry a university educated cultured lady. Caste immaterial. Send details with photograph to Box No. 517, "Bombay Chronicle."

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted Typist, apply personally Rafi Khan, Typist, opposite General Post Office, Bombay. (519).

Wanted—A clerk knowing everything about working of a small Bank to be newly floated. Reply Box No. 510, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted qualified, experienced teachers for local High School, S.T.C. or B.T. and French preferred. State subjects. Apply to Box No. 512, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted for the Model Industrial Home & School, Kandivli: residential Gujarati speaking teacher to teach boys 7 to 9 years old of poor parents by the latest direct and other intensive methods. Preference will be given to one possessing other qualifications also such as accountancy, office work, etc. Apply with certificates not later than 31st May to: R. H. Patuck Bombay No. 7. (513).

Wanted immediately Deccani or Gujarati (married) Shop Assistant for our Poona Branch, salary Rs. 40/- with free quarters and future prospects. See personally on Sunday between 11 a.m. and 5 p.m. Express Book Service, Wakefield House, Ballard Estate. (478).

Wanted—Gentlemen with influence to represent us at their own places. No Guarantee. But Hereditary Income. Cap. 10,00,000. Rest from the General Manager, Aryan Assurance Ltd. (Est. 1929) No. 7, Mission Row, Calcutta. (6704).

Wanted social workers for a charitable institution with a moderate salary. Men with experience and a special aptitude for social work preferred. Apply Box No. 520 "Bombay Chronicle." (6678).

Wanted Representatives on 125/- p.m. to sell Sewing Machine, Tea Cycles, etc. on hire-purchase system. Apply with postage to Box No. 2091, Calcutta. (422).

M. T. B. College, Surat—Applications with testimonials, stating age, experience, minimum salary, are invited for posts of Professor (or Lecturer) of English, Professor (or Lecturer) of Gujarati and English; Lecturer in Arabic; and should reach the Principal before 10th June. At least Second Class at M.A. necessary for first two posts. Appointments till 31st March, 1934, in the first instance. (474).

10. SITUATIONS WANTED.

Wanted—A job to a man with exemption and distinction in Mathematics in F.Y.A., and S.L.C.; and year's teaching experience. Address Box No. 485, "Bombay Chronicle."

12. TO BE LET.

To Let Cheap Rooms, Blocks, and Garage at Khar Road, (5 minutes walk from Station). Apply P. P. Khambata, Mercantile Bank Building, Fort, Bombay. (465).

50. PATENT MEDICINES.

Right Antiseptic Tablets best contraceptive, cheap. Gelotube best preventive of Venereal Diseases. Right Agency, Girgaum, Bombay. (150).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Bombay School of Civil Engineering, Empire Buildings, Fort, Bombay, offers excellent training in Overseers, Sub-engineers, Sanitary and Structural Engineering examinations. (Foreign-Indian) Morning evening classes. Apply Principal with anna stamp. (521).

Poona—Best Home School in Poona. From Montessori to Matriculation and Cambridge and coaching for other competitive examination. Best situation, fine climate, best tuition. All expense including Fees Rs. 40/- p.m. Apply Principal Balakmandir, 43, Sassoon Road, Poona. (493).

Wanted students for Electrical and Civil Engineering, Guilds London Diplomas. Railfare and allowances paid. Prospectus on two annas stamps. Bombay Technical Institute, Bombay 10. (355).

Preparations for London City and Guilds Examinations in Electrical Engineering. Moderate Fees. New students seeking admissions may apply for Prospectus with 2 Anna Stamps to Royal Technical Institute (Registered), Bombay 10. (439).

Muslim Students' Hostel, Bordini (Dist. Thana) — Run by the Konkani Muslim Education Society, Thana and connected with the S.P. Hakimji High School, Bordini. Fine independent bungalow, situated at a very healthy site, facing the sea, with ample play grounds. Individual care, special attention to backward pupils. Liberal and varied diet. Charges moderate. Prospectus from M. Khairuddin Ahmed Siddiqi, B.A., Supdt. (6622).

58. BOOKS & PERIODICALS.

Teji Mandi Darpan, book containing 1200 keys for earning in cotton futures Rs. 3/-, B. S. Shah Wadhwan City. (508).

Marvelous System to find correct Cotton Futures Rs. 2/- The book that will make the poor "rich" the Rich "Richest." King Co., Fort, Bombay. (520).

66. COMMERCIAL.

Wanted Commercial Artist for black and white drawing. See personally with application stating salary required and sample drawings between 12 a.m. and 1 p.m. at N. Powell & Co's Surgical Works, Nair Compound, near Bombay Central Station. (6703).

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Agents wanted for Pure, High class Washing and Mill Soaps (and, later, Toilet and Shaving Soaps and other commodities) in all Districts. Apply Decco Limited, 15, Central Bank Buildings, Esplanade Road, Bombay. (522).

Wanted Agents in every town for high-class Soaps, Inks, etc., Gujarat Soap and Industrial Works, Ltd., Baroda. (466).

Wanted Special and General Agents on decent remuneration. Influential and experienced persons to apply. East India Insurance Co., Ltd., 119, Mahendra Mansion, Fort, Bombay. (407).

74. AGENCIES WANTED.

Applications are invited from persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle," Daily and Sunday Editions, particularly at Rajahmundry, Mangalore, Baranagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkhas, Sd. Jhansi, Jubulpore, Manmad, Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur, Balapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Bezawada, Cochin, Coimbatore, Canada, Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar, Ongole, Ottapalam, Sanalkot, Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra, Kamptee, Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer, Harda, Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dendra, Duni, Honawar, Sirsi, Delhi, Simla, Wardha-Castle Rock, Saigal, Arvi, Ellichpur, Hinganghat, Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras, Adoni, Nellore, Godhra, Dholia, Gwalior, Mhow and Raipur. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, "Bombay Chronicle" Co., Ltd., P.O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

Wanted—To secure or join managing agency of Life Insurance Company, having good future prospects. Can invest 5 to 10 thousand. Please write full particulars to Box No. 509, "Bombay Chronicle."

93. SPECIALISTS.

If you are anxious to know the correct diagnosis of a complex disease or to get a chronic disease cured you should consult Hakim Mohd. Azizkhan (Hons. in Unani medicine; Allopathic anatomy, surgery, clinics, diagnosis) consultation free. Calling fee to patients house Rs. 5. Hours of business 8 a.m. to 11 a.m. and 5 p.m. to 9 p.m. 115, Bhendy Bazaar, Near Peru Lane, Bombay. (412).

111. SHOPKEEPERS.

Beware Landlords, merchants, contractors, Engineers. Why tolerate exploitation by foreigners? We manufacture high class paints double-boiled linseed oil, varnishes and solicit the patriotic public to encourage swadeshi manufactures. Our products bear registered trade "Ganpati Brand," can compete foreign manufactures, are cheaper in price. Agents wanted. Apply Sardar Paint & Oil Works, 273B, Jhaveri Bazar, Bombay. 2. (455).

116. CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS.

A well equipped retail Chemists and Druggists shop of 27 years standing in thickly populated locality, on Girgaum Road, for immediate sale, owner retiring. Write to J. S. Dossabhoj, Ballard Estate, Bombay. (481).

146. AMUSEMENTS.

Ambrose and his Orchestra—F-4034 Butterflies in the rain. Pale Volga Moon. F-4035 body and soul. Chansonette, Decca 10" records—Rs. 1/8 each. Latest lists from: Viel-O-Phone Co., Mahim, Bombay. (502).

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

If you want our "Eucalypta" genuine, pure Eucalyptus Oil, for which 7 certificates of merit and medal awarded, apply to New Oriental Trading Co., Kurla, Bombay, Coonoor R. S., Nilgiris. Agents wanted. (514).

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per Column Inch	Per Insertion
1st Insertion	Rs	7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs	5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs	4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs	3-8-0

Motusil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified Short Advertisement Columns

Bombay Improvement Trust

OFFERS ARE INVITED for Rent farming for three years certain of a very prominently situated building, in the centre of business area, a little to the West of the Junction of Sandhurst Road and New Chinchbunder Road consisting of a ground and five upper floors and known as "KALYAN MANSION."

Offers should be submitted on the forms of Tender which will be supplied on application, in sealed covers and superscribed "Tender for Rent farming of building on plot No. 101, Scheme 3" and addressed to the Estate Agent, Bombay Improvement Trust, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, and should reach the undersigned on or before the 30th of May 1933 before 4 p.m. (B.T.).

For particulars, apply to the Estate Agent, Bombay Improvement Trust, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

H. G. MHATRE, L.C.E., A.M.I.E., Estate Agent. (6696)

Sha Hurgowan Anandji Desai's Free Boarding Institution

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED so as to reach the undersigned on or before 5TH JUNE, 1933, from High Caste Hindu Students, who have passed their School Leaving Examination or its equivalent or such other Examinations as would qualify them for prosecuting their studies further in Technical subjects at the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute or the subjects of Commerce, Science, Medicine, Veterinary Science and such subjects as are taught at the Bombay School of Art and who desire to prosecute their studies but cannot do so owing to want of means. Applications from those who want to study for the Arts Degree of the University, are NOT invited this year.

As admission is refused after certain dates by various institutions and Colleges, applicants desiring to prosecute their studies in the Institutions and Colleges teaching the subjects mentioned above should submit their applications direct to the authorities concerned in due time and also apply to this Office on the prescribed form with an intimation whether admission has been granted or not.

Printed forms of applications can be had by sending an envelope containing applicant's full address with 1-1/4 annas postage or on personal application.

Applicants are strictly forbidden from bringing any pressure or recommendation personally on the Trustees by letters or otherwise. Violation of this will be a disqualification.

MANILAL K. DESAI, B.A., LL.B., Secretary.

SHA HURGOWAN ANANDJI DESAI'S CHARITIES TRUST. Office: Corner, Pinjrapole Street, Bombay 4. 6670

S. S. "TOKIWA MARU."

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per the above steamer, are hereby informed that she arrived on the 18th instant from Japan via wayports and been berthed in Alexandra Dock No. 12. No survey on damaged cargo will be held unless a written application is received by us within seven days from the date of discharge and prior to the removal of goods from the Landing Shed.

HUFFON YUSEN KAISHA. CRAWFORD & CO.

Public Notices

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the appointment of Chief Officer and Engineer for the new District Local Board, Dadu, in the grade of Rs. 300—25—500 plus permanent travelling allowance of Rs. 100 per month subject to emergency cut both in pay and allowance, the rate of which will be decided later by the Board.

Only persons who have passed B. E. or L. C. E., or any corresponding Examination and have had actual experience of the execution of road and building work for at least one year need apply.

The applications, stating age, academic qualifications and experience with copies of testimonials if any, should reach the undersigned on or before 25th June, '33. The copies of photos of intending applicants, if enclosed will be much helpful and appreciated.

The appointment shall in the first instance be made on probation for 12 months. It will be obligatory for the candidate selected to tour at least 150 days in a year to entitle himself to P. T. A.

(Sd.) MOHMED PARIAL, President, District Local Board, Dadu. 6686

AUCTION SALES

CRAWFORD & Co.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT VANKA MOHOLLA, BOMBAY.

Under instructions from and by the order of the Mortgagees and at the risk and on account of the Mortgagee, Ebrahim Esmail Cassum Kamudia and in pursuance and exercise of the power of sale contained in the Indenture of Mortgage, dated the 23rd day of February, 1931 and made between the said Ebrahim Esmail Cassum Kamudia of the one part and the Mortgagees of the other part, Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., will on Wednesday, the 31st of May, 1933 at 5 p.m. (S.T.) sell by public auction on the premises the undermentioned property:—

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the Pension and Tax tenure together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate at Vanka Moholla in the District and Registration Sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 250 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Nos. 1706/08 and 1723 and New Survey Nos. 1158 and 160, and 727 Bhuleshwar Division and bounded on or towards the East by Colbhat Lane, on or towards the West by Vanka Moholla, on or towards the North by a sweepers passage and beyond that by the house of Sorabji Rustumji Nariman and on or towards the South by the property of Ardeshr Jamsetji Bhaljiwalla and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward Nos. 3198-97 and formerly Sub Nos. 6 and 7 and now Nos. 9-11.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Dallas & Co., attorneys for the Mortgagees, at their office at 116-120, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

AUCTION SALE OF BAKERY GOODS, TEA, FURNITURE, PICTURE FRAMES, ETC. ON MONDAY, 22nd May, 1933, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Rooms at 122, Apollo Street, Fort.

By order of the Official Assignee:—Hand Carts, Biscuit trays, Benches, Tables, Chairs etc., of Insolvent Trivikram Pandurang Prabhu Mahabre traded as Shri Datta Bakery.

By order of the Bank concerned and on account and at the risk of Mr. O. V. Mathews:—73 cases tea.

By order of the office concerned:—12 cases Ceylon tea each 80 lbs. By order of the Insurance Company concerned:—272 sticks for picture frames.

Electric Switches, Chesterfield Sofas, Table Clocks, Camera, Cash Boxes, Sewing Machines, Printed door curtains, Chinese Bamboo Verandah Curtains.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTION SALES

SORABJEE

COWASJEE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.

123, Medows St., Fort, BOMBAY.

Sale of secondhand Motor Cars on FRIDAY, the 26th May, 1933, at 3-30 p.m. at the Sale Room of the Auctioneers.

A consignment of re-conditioned cars in England:—1 Morris Oxford Saloon Body 1 Morris Cowly Saloon 1 Rover Sun Saloon; Weyman Body.

Inspection and trial can be given three days before the sale between 3 and 5 p.m.

SALE OF PAINTS, VARNISHES, FURNITURE ETC. IN THE SHOP OF MESSRS. M. BAKER & CO. AT NAGDEVI STREET.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO. will under instructions from Messrs. Khanderao Laud & Co., Attorneys for A Salebhoj and Another, the Defendants in Suit No. 1038 of 1932: Official Assignee v/s A. Salebhoj and Another and pursuant to the Order of the Court made in the said suit dated 14th July, 1932, sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 25th May, 1933, at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at the premises, paints etc. contained in the shop of Messrs. M. Baker & Co., at Nagdevi Street comprising:—

Enamels, paints, varnishes, linseed and other paint oils, polishing materials, table petrol lamps, lacquer paints, brushes and other goods and furniture.

Goods on view. 25 per cent deposit will be required at the time of sale and the balance shall be paid and goods removed within 15 days from the date of sale.

P. S.—The goods will be sold in 2 lots, viz all the furniture and goods belonging to Messrs. M. Baker and Co. in one lot and the goods claimed by a consigning firm in another one lot.

Sale of Corrugated tin shed with the English Lathe, Drilling Machine, Electric Motor, Dye Sets etc. at the premises situate at foot of Kennedy Bridge, Grant Road, on MONDAY, the 22nd May, 1933, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) under instructions from Messrs. Ghandhy & Co., Attorneys for Mr. Dinshaw Pestonji Kapadia, as well as the Mortgagees Mr. Pheroze N. Ghandhy and Tehmina wife of the said Pheroze N. Ghandhy and on account and at the risk of Chandrakant Maneklal Desai, who had agreed to purchase the undermentioned articles and has since declined to complete the purchase thereof.

(1) One Corrugated tin shed shed now standing upon a plot of land forming portion of a property belonging to Sir Dinshaw Manekji Petit, Bart., and situate at the foot of Kennedy Bridge, Grant Road, Bombay.

(2) The several articles of machinery, viz. English lathe with accessories, Electric Motor, Drilling Machine, and several other implements and tools together with Shafings, pulleys, etc., lying in the aforesaid premises and more particularly mentioned in the schedule to the Agreement dated the 3rd November 1932 and made between the said Mr. Dinshaw Pestonji Kapadia of the one part and the said defaulting purchaser Mr. Chandrakant Maneklal Desai of the other part.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Ghandhy & Co. Attorneys for the Vendors, 5, Military Square Lane Fort, or to the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 24th May, 1933 at 3 p.m. at the premises the materials for removal of the following buildings:—

Building St. No. 2; 149-151; Case Nos. 230; 235; Masjid Bunder Road and Dholi Street, and Memonwada Road. (Mohamedally Road).

MENESSE & CO.,

RAVIVARMA'S

BEST INDIAN

PLAYING CARDS

AUCTION SALES

BENNETT & Co.

120, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay

SALE WILL COMMENCE AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.).

GRAND AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE FIGUREWOOD, A HISTORIC-MADE FURNITURE, ALMOST NEW "FRIGIDARE," VERY RICH PERSIAN AND VELVET PILED CARPETS, A LARGE LOT OF PICTURES, H.M.V. GRAMOPHONE WITH 6 DOZEN RECORDS, LARGE STOVE, SINGER SEWING MACHINE, "FIAT" AND "AUSTIN" MOTOR CARS IN PERFECT ORDER, ETC. AT GOVERNMENT BUNGALOW, AT KOPRI, THANA.

Messrs. BENNETT AND CO., will, (TO-MORROW) SUNDAY, the 21st May, 1933, at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction, at the above-named place, very valuable specially made complete dining, drawing, bedroom and office furniture, rich Persian and velvet piled carpets, spring-roller window blinds, Ping-Pong set, a large collection of oil paintings, water-colour and engraving pictures, beads door chicks English clocks, cream separator machine, garden pipe and garden implements, Enamel bath tubs, "Trachea's" glass and crockery ware, solid silverware, old brassware, very rare and selected Cashmere-made dining-room furniture to match, etc. etc.

The property of H. J. Gleeson Esq., A.M., Inst. C.E., I.S.E., Executive Engineer, Thana, proceeding Home. Catalogues are ready and furniture is on view.

SALE WILL TAKE PLACE AT LONAVLA.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT LONAVLA BR-LONGING TO MR. ARDESHIR JAMSHEDJI MEHTA AND KNOWN AS "GOOL VILLA" TOGETHER WITH THE FURNITURE.

Under instructions from Mr. Jahobji Rustumji and his wife Shrinibai, the Mortgagees, Messrs. BENNETT AND CO., will, (TO-MORROW) SUNDAY, the 21st May 1933, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises.

All that piece of land, situate in the village of Valvan, Taluka Maval, admeasuring about 4 acres, 21 guntas, and known as Gool Villa bearing old Survey Nos. 181, 182 and 197 and being a moiety of New Survey No. 13 and bounded on the East by property of Mahadeo Chintaman Wadekar, on the South by property of the Tata Hydro Electric Power Supply Co. Ltd. on the West by the remaining portion of Survey No. 13 and on the North by Survey Nos. 36 and 37 and access to which property is had from the Walvan Lake Road, together with the furniture in the said bungalow.

The title deeds of the property will be available for inspection by any intending purchaser at the office of Messrs. Craige Blunt and Caroe, Standard Building, Hornby Road, Fort, for a week preceding the date of the sale, such inspection being given at the cost of such intending purchaser in all respects.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. Craige Blunt and Caroe or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

ASTHMA — CURE

Shah Dulchand Manilal writes:—His father suffered from severe ASTHMA for last 15 YEARS. Tried all medical treatments without any result. One fortnight's use of DR. KUSUMGAR'S famous medicines sent to MORVIL only from a description of the case completely cured him.

DR. KUSUMGAR. M.D. (Homoeopathy)

221 Kalbadevi Road, Bomoay

MANUFACTURERS OF

GENUINE NEUTRAL

WASHING SOAP

Invites applications for DISTRICT TOWN AGENCIES, persons capable of handling this line, need only apply.

REX PRODUCTS Co.,

CHINCHPOKE, BOMBAY, 12.

TRADE AND FINANCE.

GILT-EDGED REACH
NEW BOTTOMPanic In Change Passes Away
And Market ImprovesGOLD STEADY : SILVER ERRATIC :
TEXTILES EASY: WEEKLY MARKET
REPORT

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

MONEY.
Bombay, May 19.
Money was in good demand throughout the week except towards the close when call funds were available at about one per cent. In the early part, the rate was at times as high as 4 per cent. At the last bidding, for treasury bills only Rs. 65.25 lakhs were tendered, of which Rs. 64.25 lakhs were allotted on an average yield of Rs. 1-3-11 per annum. The latest statement of the Imperial Bank shows an increase of Rs. 81 lakhs in the trade demand and the cash balance shows a further decline, this time by Rs. 143 lakhs. The following are the fixed deposit rates:—One to two months 1-12 per cent, three months 1-3-4 per cent, and six months 2 per cent. The statement of the Imperial Bank of India as of May 12, 1933, shows a further decrease of Rs. 143.52 lakhs in the cash balance of the Bank now standing at Rs. 19,08,91,000 as compared with Rs. 9.58 crores at this time last year. The percentage of cash to liabilities is 24.39, a decrease of 1.45 per cent. on the week. Loans and inland bills dis-

counted have risen by Rs. 1.18 lakhs and by Rs. 17.18 lakhs, while cash credits are down by Rs. 4.38 lakhs. Government deposits are down by Rs. 47.25 lakhs to Rs. 6.45 crores and other deposits by Rs. 69.60 lakhs to Rs. 70.41 crores. The bank rate remains unchanged at 3-12 per cent.

CHANGE CRISIS.
In the gilt-edge market a nervous feeling prevailed during the early part and when the price of 3-12 per cent. Paper slumped to as low as Rs. 79-3 last Monday, forward trading was suspended. Carry-overs from 16th May to 2nd June settlement as well as transactions for cash delivery were allowed in the market. Following the squaring up of account for the 16th May settlement, for which heavy deliveries were made, the market assumed a healthier tone. Since Wednesday forward trading is again resumed and the tone of the market has improved 3-12 per cent. India Sterling loans are also firmer. 3-12 per cent. Paper after opening at Rs. 84-8 declined to as low as Rs. 79-8, improved during the week to Rs. 83, but subsequently eased off to Rs. 82-2.

3-12 per cent. New Loan 1947-50 declined from Rs. 93-12 to Rs. 90-8, but found buyers at the close at Rs. 93.

4 per cent. 1960-70 Loan after touching to Rs. 82 advanced sharply and closed at Rs. 85-2.

4 per cent. 1943 loan declined from Rs. 100-14 to Rs. 100-6, 12 per cent. 1955-60 Loan eased from Rs. 104-12 to Rs. 103-10 while 1934 loan declined from Rs. 100-6 to Rs. 100-10.

5 per cent. 1935 loan opened at Rs. 103-10, declined to Rs. 103-2 but again improved and closed at Rs. 103-9.

1939-44 loan eased off from Rs. 105 to Rs. 104, and 1940-43 from Rs. 105-8 to Rs. 104-12, 5 per cent. 1945-55 loan dropped from Rs. 111-2 to Rs. 109-8 but improved and closed at Rs. 110-8.

5-12 per cent. 1938-40 loan is quoted at Rs. 106-2, 6 per cent. 1933-36 bonds were unchanged at Rs. 100-14, 6-12 per cent. Bombay Development loan further declined from Rs. 106-14 to Rs. 106 with a slight improvement towards the close to Rs. 106-2, 6-12 per cent. treasury bonds are quoted at Rs. 106 at the close.

BREAK IN GOLD FLIGHT
In the sterling exchange market a firm tone prevailed and there were sellers of ready T. T. at 1s. 6-11d. and no buyers under 1s. 6-3d. The allotment of but 1-3-4 per cent. by Government at the last sterling tender and the showing of merchandise export bills both in Bombay and in other trade centres account for the present strength. Purchases of gold by banks for export was on a diminished scale. The following is the forward rates:—

May to August 16-132.
The dollar sterling quotation after opening at dollars 3.98 declined to dollars 3.89, but improved to dollars 3.93-18 and closed at dollars 3.90-12. The Paris-London cross rate after opening at 85.71 improved to 86.21, but declined and closed at 86.00. The Belga is quoted at 24.30 and the Italian lira at 64.93 at the end.

GOLD MARKET STEADY.
The tone of the gold market was steady throughout the week and on account of the current settlement, a fairly large amount of inter-bazaar business was done. Purchases by banks for export were comparatively small. The price of ready after opening at Rs. 30-8-0 declined to Rs. 30-5-9, but improved in mid-week to Rs. 30-10, and closed at Rs. 30-7-0. The price of sovereigns improved from Rs. 19-9-0 to Rs. 19-11-6, but closed at Rs. 19-10 for ready and for delivery June 7. In London the quotation for gold dropped from 123s. 6d. to 123s. but advanced to 124s. and closed at 123s. 2d. Last week's shipment of gold per s.s. "Stralhard" amounted to Rs. 119.14 lakhs and per s.s. "Tarantia" Rs. 23.80 lakhs. The daily off-take continues small at about 3000 tolas and stocks are approximately 3-12 lakhs tolas. The highest and lowest rates in our

BOMBAY PRODUCE

Prices Decline

Bombay, May 19.
The Wheat and Linseed market ruled to-day somewhat easier. Against its previous rise of Rs. 3-6-3 the Linseed Sept. Vayda opened at Rs. 6-5-0. Wheat September Vayda opened at Rs. 5-0-9 against its last close of Rs. 5-1-9. The fluctuations were small and buyers were firm.

The closing rates were as follows:—
Linseed May Rs. 5 14 0
Linseed September Rs. 6 3 0
Wheat May Rs. 5 3 3
Wheat September Rs. 5 3 9
Castor seeds September Rs. 30 3 6
Groundnuts August Rs. 32 9 6
Tejmandi Linseed September Rs. 0 12 9
Tejmandi Wheat September Rs. 0 9 0
Tejmandi Castor seeds September Rs. 3 3 0
Tejmandi Groundnuts August Rs. 3 8 0

APPROXIMATE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 19.
Ready New.
Bengal Superfine 153
Bengal Fine 153
Bengal F.G. 153
Sindh-Punjab Fine 153
Sindh-Punjab F.G. 153
Wardha-Hingt. Fine 153
Nagpur-Savner Fine 153
Yeola Fine 153
Arvi Fine 153
Ellichpur Fine 153
Amraoti-Berar Fine 153
Khangaon Fine 153
Mulkapur Fine 153
Khandesh Fine 153
Muthia F.G. 153
Jalna-Sailu F.G. 153
Burwah-Sanavd F.G. 153
Ujjain-Shujaulpur F.G. 153
Broach F.G. 153
Punjab-American 212
Punjab-American mix 198
Cambodia 259
Miraj-Sangli 195
Compta Good 203
Bagalkot 194
Jinja 194
Busoga 318
Kampala 325

SPOT COTTON REPORT.

Bombay, May 19.
The Spot Cotton Market at Sewree to-day was very dull due to a paucity of buyers. There were only a few enquiries for the Broach and Berar Staples on behalf of English Exporting Firms.

TATA OIL MILL'S QUOTATIONS.

EX-GODOWN, BOMBAY.
Bombay, May 19.
Filtered Coconut Oil Ready Rs. 305 per ton.
Filtered Coconut Oil per case of 24lbs. Rs. 20 per case.
Filtered Til Seed Oil: Not quoted.
Coconut Cake Ready Rs. 80 per ton.
Til Seed Cake Ready: Not quoted.

LONDON RUBBER

London, May 18.
Smoked sheets Standard Ribbed lb. Spot 3-1.32 sellers.

COFFEE NEW YORK MARKET

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) Spot 8-1/8

market were Rs. 30-10 and Rs. 30-5-0 for ready and May 10 settlement, Rs. 30-10 and Rs. 30-4-9 for June 9 settlement and Rs. 30-10 and Rs. 30-5-6 for July 8 settlement. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 147,247 in bar and coin.

SILVER ERRATIC.

Price fluctuations in the silver market were erratic during the week and most of the business transacted was inter-bazaar and confined to carry-overs, this being the settlement week. Ready after opening at Rs. 57-5 declined to as low as Rs. 55-13, and recovering towards the end to almost the opening level of Rs. 57-3 but closed at Rs. 56-14. In all the principle silver markets, there were wide fluctuations largely influenced by the propaganda of silver producers. It is significant that stocks of silver all over the world are considerably larger than they had ever been for many years. The daily off-take has improved to about 160 bars and stocks continue at the large figure of 10,000 bars. In Shanghai the dollar declined from 1s. 3-18d. to 1s. 2-18d. but improved and closed at 1s. 2-13d. The highest and lowest rates in our market were Rs. 57-5 and 55-13 for ready and May 13 settlement and Rs. 57-10 and 57-10 and Rs. 56-4 for June 12 settlement. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 24,000 in coin.

MILL SHARES EASIER.

There were only three working days on the Stock Exchange during the period under report. On the 15th, 16th and 17th of

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, May 19.
B C RATE—
T T & D D 1/8
LONDON BANKS—
Selling T T & D D 1/6 1/16
Selling T T 1/6 1/16 May
Selling T T 1/6 1/32 June/Aug
Selling T T 1/6 Sept/Oct
Buying T T 1/6 3/32
Buying D D 1/6 3/32
Buying 3 mos 1/6 5/32 May/June

NEW YORK B C RATE
T T 343 1/2 nominal
Banks selling T T 341 1/2 nominal
Banks buying T T 338 nominal
PARIS
Banks selling D D 645
Banks buying D D 655.
AMSTERDAM
Banks selling D D 65.
JAPAN
Banks selling 81 1/2 nominal
Banks buying 60 days 77 nominal

HONGKONG
Banks selling D D 92 3/4.
SHANGHAI
Banks selling D D 83 1/4
SINGAPORE
Banks selling D D 155 3/4
JAVA
Banks selling D D 63 1/4.
BERLIN
Banks selling D D 107 1/4

CROSS RATE—
New York/London 3.90 18th instant
Shanghai/London 1/2 3/4 19th instant
Japan/London 1/2 5/8 19th instant

London/Paris 86.00 18th instant
London/Berlin 24.30 18th instant
London/Switzerland 17.52 18th instant

London/Italy 64.87 18th instant
London/Berlin 14.40 18th instant
London/Holland 8.41 1/2 18th instant

London/Stockholm 19.45 1/2 18th instant
London/New York 3.90 1/4 18th instant
Tone of Sterling Exchange: Steady.

Gold £6-4-0 17th instant £6-3-2 18th instant
Silver London ready 19 17th instant 18 11/16 18th instant
Silver London forward 19 1/16 17th instant 18 3/4 18th instant

Silver New York ready 33.30 17th instant 33.10 18th instant
London discounts 3 mos 9/16 per cent 17th instant 9/16 per cent 18th instant
London discounts 6 mos 3/4 per cent 17th instant 3/4 per cent 18th instant
Imperial Bank Rate 3 1/2 per cent

Bank of England rate 2 per cent
Money:—Call 1 per cent 3 mos 1 per cent 6 mos 2 per cent
Tone: Easy

BROACH FULLY-GOOD QUALITY VAIDAS.
April-May July-Aug. 1933. 1933.
Rs. 156 201
Rs. 156-8 200-8
Rs. 156-8 201-8
Rs. 156-4 200-4
Rs. 156-12 200-12
Rs. 157-4 202-4
Rs. 154-12 199-12
Teji Mandi Sahi Rs. 200-8

GOLD IMPROVE

Steady Tone

Bombay, May 19.
The local gold market was quiet but steady. Prices did not register any change during noon-time. Gold Jeth was traded at Rs. 30-7-0. On Thursday the gold prices in London declined by 10d to £6-3-2. The Sterling Dollar rate at London and New York closed at 3.90 3/4 and 3.90 1/8 respectively. The Franc Rate was quoted at 85.96.

The market was featureless during the afternoon also, and the prices at 5-30 p.m. were quoted as follows:—
Ready Rs. 30 7 0
Jeth Settlement Rs. 30 7 0
Asadh Settlement Rs. 30 5 8
Tejmandi Jeth Rs. 1 6 0
Sovereign ready Rs. 19 10 6

SPOT SALES.

Khatau Makanji Mills 119
Gosho 100
Toyo Menka Kaisha Ltd. 88
Bombay Co. 100
Do. 39
Samji Karansi 280
B. Chrystal Co. 73
Nanlal Manilal 100
Viram Ladha 109
Toyo Menka Kaisha 62
Damji Kalyanji 82
Hubli Kuma 191
Dharamgaon 182-4
Haida 486
Dakore 206
Mandisar 189
Bilwara (Kacha) 161
Nadgaon 170
Himmatnagar (Doila) 182
Karanja (Old) 167
Sipur 182
Patdi 194

SILVER MARKET

Prices Easy

Bombay, May 19.
The Bombay silver market ruled somewhat easy owing to unfavourable news from the foreign markets. Against overnight closing of Rs. 57/6, the Jeth settlement was quoted at the opening at Rs. 57-3-0 and thereafter declined further on general selling. The market was distinctly lacking in support this morning. On Thursday London silver spot and forward closed at 18 11/16 and 16 3/4d. showing a decline of 5/16d per oz. Reports say that speculators sold whilst buyers were holding back. The New York ready silver also declined by 5/8c to 32 1/2 cents and the July futures stood at 33.45 showing a decline of 15 points. The Shanghai TT on London opened today at 1-2 3/4 against the previous close of 1-2 13/16. During noon time fluctuations were very narrow and later, stray selling on behalf of the chokses continued to appear.

The rates prevailing at 5-30 p.m. were as follows:—
Ready Rs. 57 1 0
Jeth settlement Rs. 56 15 0
Asadh settlement Rs. 57 8 0
Tejmandi Jeth Rs. 1 6 0
Tejmandi Asadh Rs. 2 3 0

SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, May 19.
Castor seeds May Delivery Opening Rs. 284 and closing Rs. 284.
Coconut September Delivery Rs. 304; Highest Rs. 305/6; Lowest Rs. 302 and closing Rs. 303/6.
Groundnut Seeds May Delivery Opening Rs. 30/6 and closing Rs. 30.
Groundnut Seeds August Delivery Opening Rs. 32/12; Lowest Rs. 32/6 and closing Rs. 32/9/6.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

Bombay, May 19.
Mantua, Legg, London.
Radja, Groustee, Amsterdam.
Baroda, Sampson, Busras.
Jaladuta, Baker, Rangoon.

DEPARTURES.

Bombay, May 20.
Ranchi, Hignett, London.
ENGLISH MAIL REPORT.
S.S. Ranchi:—The P & O S N Coy's English mail steamer Ranchi will sail to-day from Ballard Pier Station at about 1 p.m. for London with the homeward mail, a general cargo and passengers.
S.S. Radja:—The L. Edwards, Ltd. steamer Radja arrived in harbour yesterday from Amsterdam, with a general cargo.
S.S. Baroda:—The B. I. S. N. Coy's steamer Baroda arrived in harbour yesterday from Busras with a general cargo and passengers.
S.S. Jaladuta:—The Scindia S. N. Coy's steamer Jaladuta arrived in harbour yesterday from Rangoon with a cargo of rice.

SUGAR QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 19.
Java Sugar Ready 14/13/9.
Transshipment 5/20.
S.S. "Ranee" 5.
Shipments:—
May 4/15/3.
June 4/15/3.
July 5/0/3.
July/September 5/1/6.
Aug/September 5/2/3.
Oct/December 5/3/6.
African Ready 14/13/9.
Narkatia Ganj 23/2.
TONE:—Quiet.

Complete 4 Hours Drama
In Cinema Rates!ANAND SANGIT
MANDALI

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SATURDAY, 20th at 9 P.M.
SUNDAY 21st. at 3-30 P.M.

NEW PLAY

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Booking at the Theatre.



We manufacture in our factory all kinds of lenses and spectacle frames.



We also test eyesight, minutely to your satisfaction and supply lenses with a guarantee to your doctor's prescription.



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AWARDED GOLD MEDALS

The Girl They're Talking About!



DANCING!
SINGING!
MUSIC!

A good-bad girl. With love in her heart. Hate in her soul. Yet somebody wants her good and bad. The new blond sensation of "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde" in an actionful romance hit.

"DANKERS
IN THE DARK"

a
Paramount
Picture

MIRIAM HOPKINS
JACK OAKIE
WILLIAM COLLIER, JR.
EUGENE PALLETTE

BETTY BOOP
CARTOON
AND
PARAMOUNT NEWS
LATEST & BEST

PATHE CINEMA
DAILY AT 3-30, 6-30 & 10-30
SUNDAY MORNING AT 3-30

A Page About Pictures And The People Who Make Them

SEEN ON THE SCREEN

"DANCERS IN THE DARK" AT PATHE

"Dancers In The Dark," is a very brilliant picture. One of Paramount's all-round shows. Miriam Hopkins who played with such success in "Trouble In Paradise" and "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde," appears to perfection in "Dancers In The Dark."

Her part is really brilliantly acted. She is supported by Jack Oakie, and the cast altogether is an excellent one. There is plenty of singing and dancing and music in this production and in addition, a very solid story with plenty of action. This picture should go over well amongst all classes of film fans.

Floyd, a young saxophone player in a dance-hall band, falls deeply in love with Gloria, a beautiful dancer with a questionable reputation. Duke, the orchestra leader, warns Floyd against her, but she refuses. When he hears that Floyd and Gloria are going to be married, Duke arranges with the dance-hall manager to dis-



MIRIAM HOPKINS who played with great success in "Dancers in the Dark" at Pathe.

charge Floyd, knowing that the boy will be snapped up by a rival orchestra leader, who is taking his band to another town for a month. Floyd wants to marry Gloria at once, but she persuades him to wait.

In Floyd's absence, Duke takes Gloria out, but when he tries to make love to her, she repulses him. He realises that she has turned "straight," and that he loves her. On New Year's Eve, Duke arrives at the dance-hall drunk and goes to the manager's office to get sober. "Louie Brooks" who has robbed a jeweller's store and killed the proprietor, comes to the dance-hall. He is planning to leave the country after selling the stolen goods, and asks Gloria to go with him, but she indignantly refuses.

Floyd wires to say he is returning. Delighted Gloria goes to tell Duke, who is drunkenly trying to embrace her when Floyd arrives. Broken-hearted because Floyd refuses to listen to any explanation, Gloria tells Louis that she will go with him, but detectives arrive to arrest her. Louis gets out of the window on to a narrow ledge. The men have finished their fight, and Louis falls back, finds Duke in a room, and fearing he has shot him. The detectives find Louis again. Louis gets out of the window, but the ledge is broken, and he falls. Louis is slightly injured, but is able to get up. Floyd, who is waiting for her, is disappointed. The picture being of unusual length—13 parts—it will be advisable for our readers to be in time, as only the News-reel presents it.

"RASPUTIN AND THE EMPRESS" AT CAPITOL

Unprecedented spectacle, a dramatic plot which reflects world history, and the most notable theatrical family in the world, lend glamour to "Rasputin and the Empress," Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's superfilm, telling the story of the fall of the Romanoffs, and bringing together for the first time on the screen, John, Ethel and Lionel Barrymore.

Filmed from an original story by Charles MacArthur, the huge production was directed by Richard Boleslavsky, war hero, author, director in the Moscow Art Theatre and producer of such spectacles as "The Miracle," and the "Vagabond King."

MAD MONK.

Rasputin, the Mad Monk, is played by Lionel Barrymore, the ill-fated Czarina by Ethel, and Prince Chegodieff by John in the new production which opened yesterday at the Capitol Theatre. The Czar is played by Ralph Mor-Diana Wynyard, London stage star, makes her American talkie debut in the part of the Princess Natasha, whose romantic affair with John Barrymore runs as an undercurrent throughout the en-

Stars Who Figure In "Rasputin"

A close friend of the late Czarina of Russia whom she impersonates in the film, Ethel Barrymore comes of one of the most well-known theatrical families of America, and is a sister of the Barrymore brothers, Lionel and John, with whom she appears in "Rasputin," this being her talkie debut. She has had many successes to her credit on the legitimate stage. She has such a wonderfully delicate skin that she does not need any "make-up."

Miss Barrymore met the Russian Empress in London at the time of the funeral of Queen Victoria. It had been said that the two so much resembled each other that hearing of it, the Empress was interested in the actress, and the two became warm friends. Miss Barrymore's intimate knowledge of the Empress was useful in her screen-role of the latter. She wears exact replicas of the gowns of the late Czarina, including the great ceremonial costume weighing eighty pounds with its great train, medals and loads of jewels.

LIONEL BARRYMORE

Lionel Barrymore who enacts the "Holy Devil" (the infamous monk Rasputin) was born in Philadelphia, and like the rest of his famous family won his laurels on the stage. In pictures he has acted many memorable roles, and with the "Rogues Song," "Madame X," and "Ten Cents a Dance," proved his skill as a director. Among his recent talkies were "The Washington Masquerade," "Arsene Lupin," and "Grand Hotel." His superb performance in "A Free Soul" won him the award of the Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences, the highest distinction that a screen player can aspire to.

DIANA WAYNARD
Diana Waynard who plays Princess Natasha in "Rasputin" was one of the best known and most beautiful stage stars in England. She achieved an outstanding success on the London stage in "Petticoat Influence," "Honors Easy," "Lean Harvest" and "The Devil Passes" in which she later made her first New York appearance. From that engagement, she came directly to the Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Studio and starred in "Rasputin."

JOHN BARRYMORE
John Barrymore who plays the romantic Prince Chegodieff in "Rasputin" was born in Philadelphia. His first ambition in life was to be a cartoonist, but he soon followed in the footsteps of his celebrated parents and became one of the outstanding figures on the New York stage. He joined motion pictures, and starred in a long string of hits including "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde," "Moby Dick" and "Sven-gall." His most recent pictures were "Arsene Lupin" and "Grand Hotel" in both of which he appeared with his brother Lionel, and a "Bill of Divorcement."

"CHANDRAHAS" AT IMPERIAL

Sagar Movietone's devotional musical photo-play "Chandrasahas" featuring Master Bachoo as Chandrasahas, and Miss Khatoun as Princess Vishaya, supported by a strong cast, has been drawing a bumper house for the last seven days at the Imperial Cinema. The story of Chandrasahas is known to every household in India. It depicts the life of Chandrasahas a great soul, who did wonders with firm faith in God.

This talkie has many delightful songs. The photography and sound recording are excellent. The talkie will be shown for the second week at the Imperial.



A scene from "Rasputin and the Empress," a Metro-Goldwyn Mayer picture, now running at Capitol Cinema.

AXE AT WORK IN MOVIE LAND

Many Theatres Close Their Doors As "Stars" Decline To Accept Cuts

Hardly any industry in the United States has felt the depression more keenly than motion pictures and the theatre. Two of the largest motion-picture companies are in receivership, and there is an excellent chance that some of the others may follow them. The legitimate stage is now confined almost entirely to New York; touring and stock companies have disappeared, and even in New York more than forty of the city's seventy playhouses are unoccupied. Only a small minority of the actors are employed, and elaborate charity provisions have been set up for the others, says the New York correspondent of "Manchester Guardian."

As a result of the nation-wide bank holiday, it looked for some time as though every motion-picture studio in Hollywood must close its doors, but this danger was averted, largely through a general reduction in salaries of 50 per cent except in the case of the smallest ones, which were cut 25 per cent. Since these reductions came after several previous cuts of 15 or 20 per cent, the average Hollywood worker is receiving only one-third to one-quarter of what he did a few years ago.

STAGEHANDS AND MUSICIANS.
The New York theatre managers also threatened recently to close their doors on the ground that the unionised workers in the theatre, stagehands and musicians were so exorbitant in their demands that it was impossible to keep the theatres open. To this the union workers replied that the average stage-hand earns only \$1.00 a year because of long stretches of unemployment that wages have been cut from 7.5 per cent to 15 per cent within the last few months, and that the number of workers assigned to each theatre has been reduced to the minimum in the case of every pro-

ducer who is in financial difficulties. The managers tacitly admitted the force of these arguments by announcing that their performances would continue. In some other cities, however, matters have not been adjusted so amicably. In Cleveland, Ohio, every cinema in the city was recently closed in an effort to force down employees' wages.

Every little while for the past ten years rumours have been in circulation that Hollywood was to be abandoned and all motion-picture production to be moved to New York, and these rumours are again being heard. It is argued that there would be many advantages in making films near Broadway and Wall Street, the centres of theatrical art and finance. There is no more reason, however, to believe the reports this time than in the past, although it is true that technical advance has made the movies less dependent than heretofore upon outdoor sunlight and the beauties of natural scenery.

Just now the big film companies have returned to their first love, the "Western" story of cowboy, Indian, and cattle-thief. All the studios are reported to be rushing such pictures into production. They are, of course, the one type which can be produced more advantageously in Hollywood than elsewhere.

NO MORE LAUREL & HARDY "SHORTS"

The famous Anglo-American fun-firm will probably make no more "shorts," but will concentrate on feature length comedies. For one thing, the shortage of good "shorts" is becoming an increasingly acute problem for the picturegoer.

For another, Laurel and Hardy have yet to demonstrate that they can consistently maintain their high comedy level in full-length films. "Beau Chumps," "Jail Birds" and "Pack Up Your Troubles" were all disappointing. Their perfect study in contrast made them; and if they are going to pursue it to the point where Hardy looks exasperated for one half of a feature-length picture and Laurel puts on his "helpless" act for the other half, it will kill them—quite as effectively and a lot more quickly.



A scene from "Dancers in the Dark," with Miriam Hopkins in leading role—which will be screened at the Pathe tonight and in ensuing week.

SCREEN TOPICS

OUR 1933 HE-MEN.

All Hollywood is laughing at the sign that has appeared during the last week over one of the town's most famous men's tailoring establishments.

"What the well-dressed man will wear, (it reads)—

"Coat, with Dietrich shoulders; "Waistcoat, with deep Garbo V; "Trousers, with Hepburn flare."

A TITLE BUT NO STORY.

It was rather ill Clara Bow who returned to Hollywood. She had been confined to her stateroom all the way across the continent on the train. A few weeks at the ranch, however, and Rex thinks she'll be as good as she ever was. No story has been chosen for her at Fox. But when one is no matter which one—it will be called "The Devil's Daughter." In the meantime, she is introducing her twin cousins, John and Lillian Bow to the movie great.

SO WHAT!

Buster Keaton's marriage was certainly a surprise to Hollywood, writes my Hollywood Chatterbox, Mae Scriven, the lady in question,

them such a warm and enthusiastic welcome that they really didn't get a chance to start the restful, quiet visit they had planned!

"I can go even farther and say that there is a distinct chance of Stan and Oliver making a picture in England. I know they are fond of the idea and, if my first production over here turns out well and I see possibilities in a British-made Laurel and Hardy film, I shall certainly ask the two funny men to come over."

GARBO'S PLANS.

It is quite like old times to see all the Garbo stories now that the glamorous Swede is getting back to harness. The screen is itself again. The latest reports are insistent that Greta's return to the screen will not be for long and that she has an ambition to do Ibsen and Strindberg drama on the stage.

There have been rumours for some time that in partnership with Naima Wifstrand, the Swedish opera star and her life-long friend, she has bought a small theatre in Stockholm, which they will call the New Intime Theatre.



So long has MARY PICKFORD been keeping aloof from the silver screen that the world has been wondering what has become of its "Sweet-heart." It is now definitely understood that she is staging her reappearance in "Secrets" to be released very shortly.

was the nurse brought in to help him recover from the shock of Natalie's divorce. But—and here's the point—Natalie's divorce won't be final for months and months to come. The new marriage, therefore, will have no legal standing whatever in this country, though it will be as legal as gold in Mexico.

HAL'S SEARCH.

That interesting fun-manufacturer, Hal Roach, is in London, preparing for a gigantic comedy-film-revue to be made at a British resort, the screen and the music halls for comedy talent, he tells me that he feels certain there must be many a potential Laurel and half-fledged Hardy on this side of the Atlantic. As the man who started the famous Hal Roach studios in Hollywood, and gave "Stan" and "Ollie" their first chances, Mr. Roach should know plenty about comedy.

PLANNING A RETURN VISIT.

Asked whether Laurel and Hardy were planning a return visit to England, he said, "They certainly are. On their last trip they tell me that you people over here gave

and where they will present high-brow plays for the discerning.

NORMA SHEARER'S FUTURE.

The future of Norma Shearer is once again a subject for speculation. A little while ago, Norma was traditionally as permanent a part of Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer as the studio fixtures, but in the present state of panic to which Hollywood has been reduced by the depression and the increasing exodus of stars to Britain, even the wildest stories are being given credence.

Although it is vigorously denied by the studio, the report persists in film circles that Irving Thalberg's coming European visit will terminate the illustrious executive's long and profitable association with M.-G.-M. and that he will embark on an independent production venture.

Significance is even being attached to the fact that for the first time in her film career Norma Shearer has engaged a personal Press agent.

Her own explanation is that she will be away from pictures for some months and is anxious to ensure that the public does not forget her.

WHAT'S ON AT THE CINEMAS

"DESTINATION UNKNOWN" AT EXCELSIOR

A powerful story of regeneration is told in "Destination Unknown," the Universal sea drama which opens an engagement at the Excelsior Theatre from to-day.

Not since the "Miracle Man" has the screen presented such a story in quite so compelling a manner as is evident in "Destination Unknown," and the picture is an outstanding contribution to all that is fine in motion picture.

The action takes place entirely aboard the derelict run-runner "Prince Rupert," adrift in the Pacific, following a storm, which has brought its masts crashing to the deck, killing Captain and mate, sprung its seams, reduced its supply of drinking water to a scanty gallon and placed the helpless vessel at the mercy of the elements. Aboard the craft are 12 desperate men and a beautiful woman—"without occupation."

Pat O'Brien is excellent as the ruthless Matt Brennan, owner of the ship's rum cargo, and Ralph Bellamy brings a strangely ethereal quality to his characterisation of the Stowaway. Others in the cast who do good work, are Betty Compson, Russel Hopton and Tom Brown.

"SAY IT WITH MUSIC" AT EMPIRE

The film, "Say It With Music," featuring the popular Jack Payne and his band, is not merely a jazz music recital, as it contains a human story, written by William Pollock, fictional, but using as its theme the dramatic history of the Irving Berlin number, "Say It With Music" which is famous as Jack Payne's signature tune.

Percy Marmont plays the part of Philip Weston, the composer of "Say It With Music" and a wartime pal of Jack Payne's.

Jack Payne has an engagingly natural personality and a diffident, humorous turn of speech that is, we are assured, delightful in this film.

Original numbers that are destined to become best sellers, have been composed by Ray Noble. One is particularly outstanding, "Love Is The Sweetest Thing," put over effectively by Jack Payne himself.

4th WEEK OF "SINHAGAD"

The Marathi Talkie "Sinhgad" produced by the Prabhat Cine-tone Co., of Kolhapur, now enters its fourth week at the Cinema Majestic.

The story of Sinhgad is full of stirring incidents and depicts in glowing colours the martyrdom of Tanaji, a brave lieutenant of Shivajee the Great. The picture is a superb production distinguished by lavish settings and gripping dramatic scenes.

Tanaji goes to Shivajee to give him a cordial invitation to attend the marriage ceremony of his son. There he hears of the calamity that had befallen a chaste woman, who was imprisoned in the fort of Kondana by the treacherous Udaybhanu, a sardar from the Moghul Darbar. A supreme sense of duty inspires Tanaji to save the honour of that chaste woman and to chastise Udaybhanu, and he goes straight to the battlefield. In his heroic attempt to take the fort of Kondana, Tanaji loses his life, but in the end the fort is captured and Udaybhanu is equitably punished.

The well-known stars of Prabhat Cine-tone play their parts exceedingly well.

"RAMBHA-RANEE" AT KRISHNA

Large crowds were drawn at the Krishna Cinema during last week to witness the Shree Sharada Movietone's "Rambha Rane" or "Sri Charitra," featuring the reputed songstresses, Miss Dulari and Gohar Karnataki, with M. Kale, B. Apte, Himatlal, Bhim and the well-known comedian Amritlal, in the supporting cast.

This spectacular production of Messrs. Mehta-Luhar, depicting the adventures of the virgin Rambha, who challenged the chivalry of Prince Vikram Chaitra, is full of passion and thrills. The settings are of artistic excellence. Delightful songs coupled with melodious music by eminent musicians and fine pieces of Indian dance also figure in the talkie, which is being shown for the second week at Krishna.

"THE UNEXPECTED FATHER" AT CARLTON

Jasper Jones, an Oklahoma oil worker, strikes it rich, and comes to New York to break into society. He becomes engaged to Evelyn Smythe. Both fiancée and family have their eye on his money. Pudge, a little East Side waif, has a dream of a father with a fine car and shiny silk hat, so when Jasper, on his way to lunch with his fiancée, runs Pudge down in a slight motor accident, she announces he is her father. A hard-boiled suspicious cop forces Jasper to take the child home with him. Jasper decides to keep her, and orders Claude, his impeccable valet, to get a good nurse for her. By mistake Polly Fickerill, a nurse from a veterinary hospital, arrives. She yearns to take care of the child.

Now a series of comedy situations develop in which Jasper tries to keep the Smythes from learning of Pudge's presence, and they, on their side, are firmly convinced

"SLEEPLESS NIGHTS" AT ROXY

The Roxy Cinema, New Queen's Road, will continue for a few days more the sparkling musical comedy "Sleepless Nights" which drew full houses during the past week.

Besides the fine acting of Stanley Lupino and a number of tuneful songs, the film has an interesting plot which provides good entertainment.

LAST WEEK OF "PURAN BHAKTA"

New Theatres' popular musical talkie "Puran Bhakta" which has received universal acclamation throughout India is now running for the 11th week at the Wellington Cinema, Dhobi Talao.

This is the last week of the film here, after which it will be transferred to the West End Cinema, Lamington Road, which is under the same management. The change will be made for the convenience of the residents of that locality.



Marion Davis comes back to the screen as one of the most loveable characters in "Peg O' My Heart." There is Michael too, whose part is nearly as important as Peg. Isn't he a wov?

"DHURVA CHARITRA" AT WEST-END

Madan's musical extravaganza talkie in Hindi "Dharuva Charitra" will be screened this week at the West End Cinema, Lamington Road.

Miss Kajjan, the Golden-voiced songstress of the Indian screen is featured in the cast, which includes the well-known star Patience Cooper and the boy-star Master Champa. The story is a well-known episode from the Hindu Puranas. Besides a musical treat of 22 tuneful songs, there are many spectacular scenes like a whole jungle on fire and other thrilling incidents.

"ZAHRE-ISHK" AT GLOBE

The story will be screened at the Carlton from to-night for a week.

JAYANT'S FIRST TALKIE AT GLOBE

Jayant's first talking, singing and dancing picture "Zahar-e-Ishq" featuring P. Jairaj, Lavli Lavangia, Miss Johra and Miss Panna, depicts the story of a bandit—a cruel ruffian, who forces a God-fearing and righteous princess to wed him. But she was courageous. A Fakir helped her. There was only one way to cure the stony heart of the bandit—Love, only Love!

Then there came another girl in the life of her husband. But the way of love is never smooth. It's full of thorns. His love could not marry him and this is "Zahar-e-Ishq."

This fine talkie in Hindi is full of comedy-thrills, charming situations and shocking stunts. Several dance-pieces by well-known dancers are included in this production. This talkie will be released from to-day at the Globe.

HOLLYWOOD GOSSIP

News reels are being broadcast by television in the U.S.A., reception being reported good within a radius of 600 miles from the transmitting station.

Katharine Hepburn is to star in Radio's "Morning Glory" with Adolphe Menjou.

Ivan Mosjoukine, who starred in the silent Casanova film, "Prince of Lovers," is to appear in a talkie based on the life of Casanova, to be made in Paris.

Janet Gaynor has been granted a divorce from her husband, Lydell Peck, on the grounds that he was "unduly jealous, inconsiderate, quarrelsome and uncongenial."

George Arliss, according to a Hollywood report, will retire from the screen on the completion of "Voltaire," his last picture under his present contract with Warner Brothers.

James Dunn and Sally Eilers who were invariably teamed together in Fox pictures will have their combination now broken up. In her next picture "Tough Guy," Sally has as her leading man the noted comedian Spencer Tracy.

Before separation, James and Sally completed "Hold me Tight," a picture which dropped its original title of "Husbands Cost Money." This is the last picture in the succession of their screen-partnership.

Shades of Barnum and Hooey! George M. Cohan, a New York stage actor, who, though famous in America, will be new to you, makes a splendid job of his dual role as the President-elect who cannot hold audiences—or his girl—and the travelling medicine-man whom he hires to "double" for him on speech-making days.

Need we say that the President's "double" exceeds his duty in that he falls in love with the President's fiancée, and she with him? There is some priceless humour from Jimmy Durante.

Help Rendered To Italian Scholars In Oriental Research Is Gratefully Appreciated By Italian Government

"The Jwalakhet Durbar, the residence of His Highness Maharaja Joodha Shum Shere Jung Bahadur Rana was en fete on Sunday the 7th inst. on the occasion of the formal presentation to His Highness of the Insignia of the Order of St. Maurice and St. Lazarus by the Italian Consul-General on behalf of the King of Italy. This high decoration was conferred on His Highness by the King of Italy as a mark of appreciation for the noble and liberal assistance rendered to Italian scholars in oriental research in the domain of Hindu and Buddhist culture."

The Consul General, Dr. Scrapa, having been deputed by his Government came down specially from Calcutta for the purpose. The Consul General was presented to His Majesty by His Highness. His Majesty was much pleased to meet the Consul General and expressed his pleasure and appreciation for the honour done to His Highness Maharaja Joodha Shum Shere Jung Bahadur Rana. His Majesty left the Darbar.

Speaking on the occasion Dr. Scrapa said: "With your glorious country, we, Italians, have a happy tie of comradeship established during the last war. We learnt how to admire the bravery of the Gurkha soldiers in France where we fought together with our British Allies for the defence of that front."

I confess, personally, I feel particularly proud to bring what is the first message of Rome to Nepal. Your Highness, I think, I am right when I say there is a role as the President-elect who cannot hold audiences—or his girl—and the travelling medicine-man whom he hires to "double" for him on speech-making days.

Need we say that the President's "double" exceeds his duty in that he falls in love with the President's fiancée, and she with him? There is some priceless humour from Jimmy Durante.

and the methods of rational agriculture.

THREE DARSHANAS. Nepal is the depository of the two most glorious and vital traditions of India: the tradition of the great Hindu Kingdom, and the traditions of the three Darshanas which form the very soul of the Indian Culture and are amongst the highest spiritual productions of humanity: I mean, the Vedic, the Tantric and the Buddhist.

In no other period of our history, perhaps, so vivid has been the vision of the past and at the same time so prominent the consideration of the modern needs, so dominant the prestige of the tradition and so radical and dynamic the policy of the Government, aiming at the elimination of all forms and institutions which had become dead or had remained unassimilated and were killing the reply said:—

It is very fortunate for your country to have as a ruler a man who is, in the same way, conscious of the tradition and the modern necessities, who feels a glorious ambition to prepare his country to a historic mission, and who, in spite of the short period of his rule has already carried so important reforms, preliminary to more broader and more audacious ones in the near future.

MAHARAJA REPLY. H. H. the Maharaja of Nepal replying said:—

"It has given us great pleasure to welcome you to Nepal as the honourable representative of His Majesty the King of Italy. Deeply touched by the very kind words you have spoken, I beg of you to convey to His Majesty and the Italian Government my heartfelt expressions of gratitude for the high distinction conferred on me. Believe me, I attach great value to it as a signal mark of their friendship and goodwill. My countrymen also share with me heartily in the gratification felt at this honour. Do please assure the Italian people of our good feelings and friendly sentiments towards them."

ITALY HONOURS MAHARAJA OF NEPAL

feelings and friendly sentiments towards them. "I recall with much pleasure my visit to Italy in 1908 with my late brother, Maharaja Chandra Shum Shere Jung of blessed memory. The impressions left by the Eternal City of Naples are still vivid in my memory. Ever since that time I have followed the progress of events in that country with the greatest interest. It has been very gratifying to watch the great strides she has been taking under the able guidance of that dynamic personality Signor Mussolini. Besides making doubly memorable the reign of his sovereign, Victor Emmanuel III, he has given Italy the promise of a future befitting her glorious past."

"You have referred to the help we have had the pleasure of giving to Prof. Tucci in his researches on behalf of the Royal Academy of Italy. I look upon it as a privilege to assist in the search for world-wide knowledge. If it can be said Nepal has been of help, however little to such a noble cause we shall consider ourselves amply rewarded."

Maharaja Joodha Shum Shere Jung has been in power only for 9 months and during this time he has introduced wide-spread reforms and inaugurated various new measures which will have far-reaching consequences in the amelioration of the condition of people.

DAVIS CUP TENNIS

Japan And America Gain Victories

DUBLIN, May 18. In the Davis Cup (Second Round) Nunoi (Japan) beat Lytleton-Rogers (Ireland) 7/5, 6/3, 7/5, and Satch (Japan) beat McGuire 6/2, 6/2, 6/2.

AMERICA BEATS CANADA.

MONTREAL, May 18. In the Davis Cup (final of the North American Zone) Allison (United States) beat Wright (Canada) 6/1, 7/5, 6/2. Vines (United States) beat Nunns 6/3, 6/1, 6/3.—Reuter.

HOPE CHERRY

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Dr. Veteran, medicines sweet & harmless, cures speedy & permanent. All in despair should not hesitate to consult immediately Dr. Tandon at Babul Mansi Chowpatty Sea-Face, Bombay, from 8-12 a.m. and 4-8 p.m. No injection. No operation.

NEW YORK DECLINES ON SOUTHERN SELLING

Outlook Still Uncertain WEATHER MORE FAVOURABLE

Bombay, May 19.

Herr Hitler's speech corroborating the principle of the Disarmament plan is taken as a hopeful sign for the progress of the Economic and Disarmament Conferences and the address has been received with sincere satisfaction by all. A further step towards the attainment of a successful issue now depends upon a Franco-German understanding over the abolition of offensive weapons. All powers are expectantly waiting further fresh developments in this very important question. Besides the American President's announcement explaining the extent to which America may commit herself to ensure international security is awaited. Pending further definite developments on the above the course of the American cotton market in the immediate future remains uncertain. The market at present is more or less two-sided one and though wild and erratic fluctuations are noticed at almost every session, the prices remain roughly maintained.

Stimulated by the encouraging advices from Liverpool, the American Cotton market opened firm at a rise of eight points July contract standing at 6.80. Following the active opening, market appeared quiet for a while and prices moved around the opening level at the time of Liverpool close. Thereafter a slight progress of one point was effected and July contract touched highest at 8.81-09 the highest level for the day. At this stage the market fell under the influence of increased selling by operators and a downward trend came into view. Despite the encouraging announcement by Herr Hitler, an atmosphere of uncertainty still hangs over the European politics concerning a Franco-German agreement on the question of the abolition of offensive weapons. Besides, the delay of the American Government in enforcing steps to reduce acreage in accordance with Farm Bill provisions is creating considerable disappointment amongst professional operators.

The above unfavourable factors influenced heavy selling from Southern Houses and a steady decline in prices set in. Reports of continued favourable weather coupled with stray liquidation further hastened the downward trend of the market and July contract soon touched 8.80-22 the lowest level for the day. However, the market advanced partially on the strength of improved buying by Trade and Mills and finally closed at a net loss of 14 points July contract being quoted at 8.58-14. The spot market also lost about 15 points and closed at 8.60-15. Receipts at all U. S. Ports amounted to 11,000 bales and Exports 23,000 bales.

NEW ORLEANS.
Following the weakness in New York Cotton Exchange the New Orleans cotton market also ruled weak May and July contracts closing at 8.58-14 and 8.55-12 respectively. The spot market closed at 8.60-15. The weekly weather reports shows the crop though backward with less danger of boll-evil. Slack export demand caused by dearth of American prices as against outside growths is attracting free southern hedge selling. The easiness in Wall Street, Wheat and Silver has also checked new buying and much talk of inflation seems nothing but controlled expansion of currency. It is realised "limited" inflation of currency may lead to a damage of American credit abroad and operators seem disappointed in consequence of Government having taken no active steps to reduce acreage under the Farm Bill.

Practically much now depends upon a Franco-German understanding over armaments and fresh developments are expected to-day at Geneva.

If President Roosevelt is unwilling to displease congress over the war-debt settlement, the chances do not seem too hopeful that he will transgress the American Constitution of the Monroe doctrine by entangling America in foreign commitments without congress support. Should the American administration endeavour to raise commodity prices alone without any regard to production the present market is likely to have fully discounted.

THE REJUVENATION

AN AUTHORITATIVE OPINION OF THE BENEFICIAL EFFECTS OF KALEFLUID ON THE HUMAN ORGANISM BY A MEDICAL PROFESSOR

"In my opinion, KALEFLUID is a powerful medicinal agent. It is quite inoffensive, is a tonic and strong aid to the reconstruction and it gives their lost energy back to men while it completely recharges the life forces of the constitution and strengthens the nervous system."

I have already used KALEFLUID with success in three cases. The first was a case of precocious senility, the patient being aged about 60. After the first bottle of KALEFLUID this man was able to take up work again like a young man and he considered himself completely rejuvenated. The two others were cases of essential impotence, both young men, who were quite cured of their infirmity and are now blessing the name of the inventor of this excellent remedy, Dr. M. KAIRIS, Professor of the University of Athens.

KALEFLUID accomplishes its work of regeneration of physical and mental constitution, see the colour come back to pale cheeks, your hair and healthy and clear mind. All pains, depression, nervousness, and all other ailments disappear to enjoy a very soon to be a healthy and happy man.

WALL-STREET MARKET

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

New York, May 18.	
	Dollars.
American Power & Light Common	9
American Power & Light Prefd. 6	24
American Power & Light Common	11-1/4
American Power & Light Gold Dbs.	42
American Power & Light Pref. 7 per cent	21
Electric Bond Common	24
Electric Bond Prefd 5	37-1/2
Consolidated Gas	53
Columbia Gas	17
Pacific Gas & Elec. Co.	25
Public Service Co. of N.J.	45
United Corporation	9
American Tel.	111
Western Union Telg.	41-1/2
Chesapeake & Ohio	36
National Dairy	19-1/2
Union Pacific R. R.	50
Chrysler	21
General Motors	23-1/4
General Electric	20-1/2
Union Carbide	35-3/8
American Smelting	84
American Can	84
Drug, Inc.	47
National Dairy	19-1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining	12-3/4
United Steel	48
United Aircraft	23-1/4
Sun Life of Canada	320
Guaranty Trust	277
Standard Oil of N. J.	34
Allis Claimers	14
American Chicle Co.	42
Electric Bond 6 p.c. Pref.	42-1/2
Standard Brands	18
Int. Harvester	34-5/8
Goodyear Tyre	31-3/8
Youngstown	23
Norfolk & Western	147-1/2

ed the depreciation of the dollar.

All these factors may temporarily have a depressing effect on the market and cause a further reaction but we are definitely against the short side as we believe in the ultimate success of the forthcoming conference and we should rather commence slowly replacing purchases on the scale down. (Messrs. Thos. Smith & Co.)

APPROXIMATE STRADDLE DIFFERENCES.

New York-Liverpool: July 286.
October 264, January 247.
Bombay-Liverpool: Broach A. May 1933 (expected)-Liverpool May (expected) Rs. 52-1/2 at Exchange 16.
Broach J. August 1933 (expected)-Liverpool July (expected) Rs. 45-1/4 at Exchange 16.
Broach A. May 1934 (expected)-Liverpool May 1934 (expected) Rs. 35-1/2 at Exchange 16.
Bombay-New York: Broach July-August (expected)-New York July closing Rs. 43-1/2 at 3.99-18 Cross Rate

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, May 18.	
July 1933	8.58-14
October 1933	8.80-15
December 1933	8.94-15
January 1933	9.03-14
March 1933	9.16-14
Middling Spot	8.60-15

NEW ORLEANS.

New York, May 18.	
May	8.40-13
July	8.55-13
Middling Spot	8.55-14

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, May 18.	
Days Receipts at all U. S. Ports	11,000 Bales.
Days Exports to Great Britain	7,000 Bales.
Days Exports to the Continent	16,000 Bales.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, May 18.	
SAKELLARIDIS	
May 1933	7.86 plus 2
July 1933	7.91 plus 2
October 1933	8.01 plus 2
November 1933	8.07 plus 2
January 1934	8.14 plus 2
March 1934	8.22 plus 2
May 1934	8.30 plus 5
F & G Spot	8.26 plus 2

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, May 18.	
May 1933	5.87+02
June 1933	5.86+02
July 1933	5.86+02
August 1933	5.86+02
September 1933	5.86+02
October 1933	5.91+02
October	5.91+02

Bombay Cotton

WEAK HOLDERS UNLOADING

Bombay, May 19.
American Cotton markets displayed a very poor tone on Thursday. Heavy selling influenced by prevalence of excellent weather and weakness in Wall Street silver and grains caused a sharp decline in values. As a result, our local cotton market also opened weak. Broach July-August delivery being quoted at Rs. 201-4. It advanced a little owing to scattered buying but later declined to Rs. 199-4, on heavy selling by Commission on Houses.

The prices veered round from this stage due to profit-taking operations taking place and some advance was recorded. Later, bullish further opening advices gave further strength to the market and the Broach rate again touched Rs. 201-2 but during the final stage it receded back to Rs. 200, on selling pressure.

The closing rates at 5-30 p.m. were as follows:-

Broach April May Rs. 196.8
Broach July-August Rs. 200.
Broach April-May 1934 Rs. 216.4
Oomra May Rs. 186.8
Oomra July Rs. 186.
Oomra D. January Rs. 193.12
Bengal May Rs. 157.8
Bengal July Rs. 158.8
Bengal D. January Rs. 167.
Teji mandi Broach Rs. 14.8
Teji mandi Broach April May 1934 Rs. 44.8

ROOM RATES.

BENGAL No. 1 F. G. M. G.	167
December-January 1934	157
May 1933	157
July 1933	157
BROACH No. 2 F. G. M. G.	195
April-May 1933	206
July-August 1933	217
April-May 1934	217
OOMRA No. 3 Fine M. G.	194
December-January 1934	187
May 1933	187
July 1933	187

SPOT RATES.

Extra Sup. Fine Fly.	
S. fine fine Good. Good	
M. G. Bengal (U)	
No. 1	168 164 160 156
M. G. Punjab	164 161 158 155
M. G. Rajputana	165 162 159 156
M. G. Broach	
No. 2	202 200 198 196
M. G. Punjab	
America	210 208 206 204
M. G. Kadil-Ve	
rangam	197 195 193 191
M. G. Dholera	194 192 190 188
M. G. Kalagiri	195 193 191 189
M. G. Surat	242 240 238 236
M. G. Rajpura	
la	240 238 236 234
M. G. Navsari	249 247 245 243
M. G. Oomra (Be	
rar) No. 3	193 191 189 186
M. G. Central Pro	
vinces No. 1	1200 1198 1196 1193
M. G. Central Pro	
ces No. 2	196 194 192 189
M. G. Khande	
sh	190 187 184
M. G. Mutia	182 179 176

A. R.

Kamapala	325
Busoga	320
Bukedi	317
Jinja	314

ROOM RATES.

Superfine	202
Fine	199
Fully Good	196
Good	193
Notices demanding delivery of goods were issued for 180 bales.	
Appeal preferred in respect of 30 bales, and survey was held for the same.	

SHRI MAHAJAN ASSN. LIMITED.

Bombay, May 16.
The following rates prevailed in the Market on 19th day of May, 1933:-

November 1933	5.87+02
November	5.87+02
December 1933	5.88+02
January 1934	5.94+02
February 1934	5.91+02
March 1934	5.93+02
April 1934	5.94+02
May 1934	5.96+03
Middling Spot	6.08+12

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, May 18.	
BROACH	
Fully Good (Good Staple)	5.22
Fine (Good Staple)	5.34
Superfine (Good Staple)	5.46
OOMRA	
Fine (No. 1 staple)	5.24
Good (No. 1 staple)	5.09
Choice (No. 1 staple)	5.39
BENGAL	
Good	4.40
Fine	4.50
Superfine	4.60
SCINDE	
Good	5.00
Fine	5.10
Superfine	5.20

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, May 19.

TAXABLES	
3-12 p.c. G. P. Notes	82-1/2
3-12 p.c. 1947.50 Loan	82-1/2
4 p.c. 1934.37 Loan	100-10
4 p.c. 1943 Bonds	107-1
4 p.c. 1960.70	94-1/2
4-12 p.c. 1934	101-1/4
4-12 p.c. 1955.60	102-1/2
5 p.c. 1939.44	104-1/4
5 p.c. 1940.43	104-1/2
5 p.c. 1935	103-1/4
5-12 p.c. 1938-40	105-1/8
5-12 p.c. 1935 T. B.	106-10

SHORT-DATED.

4 p.c. 1931.36 (Tax-free)	100-0
5 p.c. (Tax-free) 1933	100-8
6 p.c. 1933-36	100-8

TAX-FREES

5 p.c. 1945-55 Loan	110-4
6-12 p.c. B. D. Loan	106-10

STATE-LOANS

5-12 p.c. 1938 Mysore Loan	109-0
5 p.c. 1955 Mysore	105-1/2

CORPORATION LOANS

4 p.c. D. P. T. 1974	4-0-8
4 p.c. M. Deb. 1974	4-0-8
5 p.c. F. Deb. 1959	105-0
6 p.c. M. Deb. 1954	114-0
6 p.c. K. P. T. 1956	114-0
6-12 p.c. B. T. 1937	107-0

3-12 per cent opened at 22-7

declined to 82-2 and now 82-8 at 2 p.m. Calcutta buying.

LONDON SILVER.

Silver:—Market is quiet.	
Spot	18-1/16
Forward	18-3/4

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, May 18.	
Bank Bills 3 months market	0-1/2 p.c. to 0-9/16 p.c.
Bank Bills 6 months market	0-3/4 p.c.
Fine Trade Bills 6 months	2 p.c.
Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate	2-1/2 p.c. to 3 p.c.
Interest Day to Day Loan 0-3/8 p.c.	
Interest 7 Days market	0-3/8 p.c.

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN.

London, May 18.	
Total Bullion	£187,000,000
Public Deposits	£15,600,000
(a) Other Deposits	£134,700,000
Government Securities	£68,500,000
(b) Other Securities	£23,500,000
Notes and Coins	£76,500,000
Notes in Circulation	£370,000,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	58.80 p.c.
(a) Other Deposits	£97,000,000
(b) Other Securities include	
Discounts and advance	£1,500,000

LINSEED OIL.

Linseed Oil nacd London per vwt.	18/1-1/2 June sellers.
Linseed Oil nacd London per vwt	19/ Sept./Dec. sellers.

LONDON WHEAT.

Wheat Rozano Santa Fe Parcels	22/9 May/June sellers.
Wheat Barietta Russo Parcels	22/9 May/June sellers.
Wheat South Australian Parcels	25/6 June sellers.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, May 18.	
T. T. London (Ct.)	14.39
Berlin	8.41-3/4
Amsterdam	24.30-1/2
Brussels	4.93
Milan	39.69
Madrid	17.52
Barne	85.96
Paris	113.37
Closing Cross Rate	3.90-3/4
T. T. London on New York	

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET.

London, May 18.	
Java Sugar Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25	C & F Calcutta.
May/June per cwt	7/6 sellers.
C & F Bombay.	
May/June per cwt	7/6 sellers.
C & F Karachi.	
May/June per cwt	7/6 sellers.

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, May 18.	
Cottonseed Bombay (Hull) CIF ton	No offers.
Castorseed Bombay (Hull) CIF ton	£11/0/0 May/June sellers.
Rapeseed Toria Hull Continent	£10/17/6 May/June sellers.

LINSEED.

London, May 18.	
Linseed Calcutta (London) ton.	£11/0/0 May/June sellers.
Linseed Lapata CIF Hull ton.	£9/7/6 May/June paid.
Linseed Bombay (London) ton.	£11/6/3 May/June sellers.

LONDON METALS.

London, May 18.	
Copper Braziers	£49
Yellow metal	£39 1/2
Spelter Hard Indian brands	£15 1/8
Corrugated sheets 24 gauge	£18
Tin. English Ingots	£191 1/4

CITY AND SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu—Vaishakh, Vad 11, 1989.
Muslim—Moharrum 24, 1352.
Parsi—Adar 16, 1302.
Sunrise—6h. 3m.
Sunset—7h. 7m.
High tide—9-42; 21-24.
Low tide—3-10; 15-30.
PHASES OF THE MOON—
New Moon 24th May 3h. 37m.
p.m. first quarters 1st June 5h.
23m. p.m.

SUNDAY, May 21.

Extraordinary General Meeting of
Mangalorean Catholic Co-operative
Credit Society: Jacob Circle,
10 a.m.

TUESDAY, May 23.

Bombay Improvements Committee,
4-10 p.m.

WEDNESDAY May 24.

Municipal Standing Committee,
4-10 p.m.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

EXCELSIOR—"Destination Unknown". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee: Saturday and Sunday: 4 p.m.

CAPITOL—"Rasputin and the Empress". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee: Saturday and Sunday: 4 p.m.

WELLINGTON—"Purna Bhakta". Daily at 4-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee: Saturday and Sunday: 4 p.m.

CARLTON—"The Unexpected Father". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee: Saturday and Sunday: 4 p.m. Extra Show on Sunday: 10 a.m.

PATHE—"Dancers in the Dark". Daily at 3-30; 6-30 and 10 p.m. Sunday Morning Show: 10 a.m.

WEST-END—"Dhruva Charitra". Daily at 5-30; 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee: Saturday and Sunday: 3 p.m.

ROXY—"Sleepless Night". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee: Saturday and Sunday: 4 p.m.

KRISHNA CINEMA—"Ramha Rane". Daily at 5-15; 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee: Saturday and Sunday at 3 p.m.

MAJESTIC CINEMA—"Sinhgad". Daily at 5; 7-45 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee: Saturday and Sunday at 2-30 p.m.

GLOBE TALKIE—"Zahr-e-Ishq". Daily at 5-30; 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee: Saturday and Sunday: 3 p.m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

6-30 a.m.: Commercial Bulletin. Liverpool and New York Cotton Closing Rates.

12 Noon: Selection of Indian Gramophone Records.

12-30 p.m.: Selection of European Gramophone Records.

1 p.m.: Bombay Market: Opening Rates.

6 p.m.: Children's Hour. Auntie Ella will sing and play.

6-30 p.m.: Mama Varerkar: Stories in Marathi.

8 p.m.: Cotton, Silver, Gold, Seeds, Wheat, Stock Exchange and other Market Prices.

(Empire Relay, if Reception Satisfactory).

EUROPEAN PROGRAMME.
9 p.m.: Weather Report and News Bulletin.

INDIAN PROGRAMME.
News in Hindi. New York Opening, Liverpool Closing (or latest available), and Bombay current Rates.

9-20 p.m.: Light Music: Master Vasant with Dattaram Parvatkar, Sarangi.

11 p.m.: God Save the King Emperor.

EMPIRE BROADCASTING

7 p.m.: Time Signal from Big Ben. News Bulletin and Announcements.

7-20 p.m.: Harry Roy and his Band relayed from the Cafe Anglais.

8 p.m.: The Magyar Orchestra.

9-15 p.m.: Harold Ramsay at the Organ of the Granada, Tooting.

9-45 p.m.: The B.B.C. Dance Orchestra.

10-30 p.m.: Gramophone records (Dance music).

10-40 p.m.: News Bulletin and Announcements.

POSTAL NOTICE:—Mails from Australia via Dhanushkodi for Bombay are due here on Sunday, the 21st instant.

BAND AT CHOWPATY:—By kind permission of Lt.-Col. O.G. Edwards, V.D. and Officers, the Band of the 1st Bn. the Great Indian Peninsula Railway, Regt. A.F. (I) will play at the Chowpaty Bandstand on Sunday, commencing at 6 p.m.

YADAV GOPAL MANDAL:—The thirteenth general meeting of the Yadav Gopal Mandal will take place at Chikalwadi, Grant Road, to-morrow (Sunday), at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.).

CONCERT OF INDIAN MUSIC:—A concert of Indian music organised by the Bombay Municipality will be given at the Victoria Gardens on Sunday from 5-30 to 7-30 p.m. by Mr. J.P. Sarkary.

MASTERS AND THEIR PATH:—Mr. F.J. Ginhala will take a public class on "Masters and Their Path" by Bishop Leadbeater, to-day (Saturday), the 20th inst. at 5-50 p.m. at the Blavatsky Lodge, Chowpaty.

SHRI RAM SANGIT VIDYALAYA:—A special violin concert will be held under the auspices of the above Vidyalaya by the famous violin-player, Prof. Dhundiraj Paluskar at the Vidyalaya Hall, Girgaon to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS:—Globe Talkies: Jayant's all-talking, singing, dancing, marvellous picture, "Zahr-e-Ishq" with Zohra, Jalraj and Panna: Daily at 5-30; 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinees every Saturday, Sunday, Friday and Bank holidays at 3 p.m.

GANDHI SEVA SENA:—To-day (Saturday), the members of the Gandhi Seva Sena will start from C.P. Tank at 4 p.m. on their propaganda round and go through C.P. Tank Road, Gulawadi, 3rd Bhoiwada, Bhuleshwar to Nar Narayan Temple, where they will offer prayers for Gandhiji.

SANITARY SURVEY:—Under the auspices of the F Ward District Committee of the Servants of Untouchables Society, a Sanitary Survey of the Harijan quarters at the Matunga Labour Camp will be made to-morrow (Sunday) when the Ward representatives will start from the Dadar Tram Terminus by 7-30 a.m. (S.T.) sharp.

INDIAN MUSIC AT PRARTHANA SAMAJ:—Prof. Krishnarao Tendulkar will give a performance of "Sangit Bhajan," selected poems from "Subodh Bhajanavali," his own composition at the above place in Girgaon to-day (Saturday), between 9-30 and 11 p.m. and to-morrow (Sunday) between 9-30 and 11 a.m.

JUNAGADH STATE SUBJECTS MEETING:—A meeting under the auspices of the Junagadh State Subjects, Shree Vadnagara Nagar Mandal, Bombay and Samasta Nagar community will be held to express its feelings at the death of late Mr. Purushottamrai Sunderji Jhala (Rajji Sahab) of Junagadh fame on May 21, at 8-30 p.m. at Hiraabag, near C.P. Tank.

Dewan Bahadur Krishnalal Mohanlal Jhaveri will occupy the chair.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING
Bombay, May 19.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 84.4 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean-sea level would actually read 29.94 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.73 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean-sea level.

"SATYANARAYAN" FOR GANDHI:—A public Satyanarayan Puja of the residents of Santa Cruz will be held in honour of the fast of the Mahatma to-day (Saturday), at 8 p.m. at the oart of Seth Sukhanandji Phirozshaw Rd. Santa-Cruz, when Dr. Savarkar, Mr. V.B. Kirtiker, Mr. Dighe and others will speak on the implications of the epic fast of Mahatmaji and prayers will be offered for Mahatmaji's health and successful termination of the fast. There will also be Hari Kirtan, Powadas, bearing on untouchability, etc.

RUSSIAN MUSIC AT CAPITOL CINEMA

The management of the Capitol Cinema have made special arrangements for Russian Music to be played at the Theatre during the week when "Rasputin and the Empress" will be screened.

Another additional attraction will be the screening of the film of the final of the Football Association Cup played at Wembley recently and won by Everton from Manchester United.

ASSAULT ON ASTROLOGER

Two Hindus Get Heavy Sentences

For committing house-trespass, robbery, and voluntarily causing grievous hurt to an astrologer, living in Khetwadi, Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Fourth Court, sentenced two Hindus to long terms of imprisonment and fine on Friday noon.

Accused No. 1 V. Y. Prabhu Desai was given an aggregate term of 18 months rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 100 or in default further three months, and accused No. 2 T. V. Naik was sentenced to an aggregate term of one year's rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 50 or in default further six weeks imprisonment.

PROSECUTION STORY.

It was alleged by the prosecution that on March 18 last, the two accused went to the residence of Shankar Viswanath Katri, the astrologer, and according to arrangements, previously made by them, accused No. 2, after receiving a signal from his accomplice, placed a handkerchief in his cap and covered the astrologer's face with it. He then tied Katri's neck with a piece of string. The astrologer resisted and the rope snapped. It was also alleged that the two accused inflicted sad wounds on their victim and after depriving him of Rs. 40, ran away.

NEIGHBOUR'S EVIDENCE.

Mr. R. V. Bhat, a neighbour of the astrologer, in his evidence stated that on the day in question he heard a low groan from the adjoining room. When he went to that room he saw Katri being assaulted by the accused. When witness raised an alarm, both the accused took to their heels. Accused No. 1 was however caught by a Mahomedan passer-by. Witness admitted having seen a knife in the hand of accused No. 1 but he could not say whether it was the same knife produced in the court.

ACCUSED PLEAD NOT GUILTY.

Accused No. 1 in pleading "not guilty" to the charges stated that he had consulted the complainant on a former occasion and had paid him Rs. 2 for it. As his forecast did not come true he went to the complainant and demanded his money back. A scuffle ensued and in the encounter Katri's head struck a cupboard.

The second accused declared that he had absolutely no connection with the affair.

MAGISTRATE'S REMARK.

In delivering judgment the Magistrate remarked, "a more deliberate plot to rob a man in his own room" by rendering him unconscious, either by anaesthetic or by beating him, can hardly be imagined." He further observed that it was a serious case in which a helpless man was mercilessly assaulted and therefore a deterrent sentence was necessary.

The Magistrate ordered Rs. 65 to be paid to the complainant as compensation.

Mr. A. B. Spencer conducted the prosecution and Mr. Vyavakar and Mr. J. V. Dhabolkar appeared for the defence.

POCKET LIFE-SAVER COSTS ONLY £3

The new life-saving apparatus which has had a second successful "trial" by the London river police costs only £3 in money, and is just over three pounds in weight, says the London correspondent of the "Manchester Guardian". It fits into a small case hardly much bigger in size than a large cigar-box, and can be carried under the arm. In the box are three small cylinders of carbon dioxide gas, a rubber bladder like the core of a football, a metal holder for the gas cylinders, and a mouthpiece like that used by dentists in administering "gas".

The manufacturers of this new life-saving "gun", as it is called, make bold claims for it. They say that it is not only to be used in the case of restoring respiration to those suffering from the effects of drowning, but that by means of it whooping-cough has been cured in a few days' time and common colds and asthma banished altogether. It has also, they say, been used successfully with new-born children and with victims of gas-poisoning, and will largely do away with those cumbersome cylinders of oxygen which the doctors apply in extreme cases of pneumonia. It is said that soon every police station will be supplied with it.

SALE OF MINOR GIRL

Three Hindus Arrested By Police On Social Vice Charge

On a charge of selling, for immoral purposes, a minor girl, three Hindus were put before Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Police Court, on Friday, when Sub-Inspector D. Costa of the Vigilance Branch applied for a remand of the accused to police custody for a period of 14 days.

The names of the accused are Wardichand Deol, Dhuralal Fremji and Bansidhan Shivcharan.

The prosecution story was that Chaghi, a Hindu girl aged 16 and daughter of a Marwadi named Shivrani, was brought to Bombay by one Mohanlal, from Marwar. Accused No. 1, who obtained possession of the girl, tried to sell her for a sum of Rs. 400 to Rs. 500.

POLICE TRAP ACCUSED.

Acting on certain information Sub-Inspector D'Costa of the Vigilance Branch set a trap for the accused. A bogus customer was sent to him and a bargain was concluded whereby accused No. 1 sold the girl to the customer for Rs. 400.

BARGAIN CONCLUDED.

On the night of May 17th all the accused took the girl to Kandewadi and together with the bogus customer they went to a Hindu Temple where the bargain was executed. The accused were subsequently put under arrest. The police recovered marked money from the accused.

As further inquiries were to be made, the accused were remanded to custody till June 2nd.

LONDON SILVER

Rules Quiet But Steady

(From Our Commercial Correspondent).

London, May 19. The London Silver prices ruled quiet, but steady. To-day's closing prices were as under:—

Spot 18 1/2
Difference —3/16
Forward 18 9/16
Difference —3/16

BOMBAY PRICES.
Bombay, May 19.
Ready Silver 57 1 0
Jalith Silver 57 0 0
Asad Silver 57 8 0

GOLD
Ready Gold 30 6 3
Jalith Gold 30 6 3
Guinea Gold 19 10 0

FRANK RATE
Previous Closing 85.96
To-day's Opening 85.90
To-day's Closing 86.03

LONDON NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotation

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.

New York, May 19.
Previous Closing 3.90 1/2
To-day's Closing 3.86 1/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

London, May 19.
Previous Closing 3.90 3/4
To-day's Opening 3.90 1/4
To-day's Closing 3.88 5/8

LATEST COTTON PRICE

(Cotton Information Bureau, 21, Ismail Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.)

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET JULY.

New York, May 19.
Previous Closing Rate ... 8.58
To-day's Opening Rate ... 8.47
Difference —.11
To-day's Closing Rate ... 8.45
Difference —.13

BROACH EXPECTATION:—
April/May Rs. 195
July/August Rs. 199
April/May Rs. 216

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET JULY.

Liverpool, May 19.
Previous Closing Rate ... 5.86
To-day's Opening Rate ... 5.74
Difference —.12
To-day's Closing Rate ... 5.74
Difference —.12

INDIAN STERLING LOAN
The Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at 81-4.

"TERRORISTS" IN COURT

Raise Revolutionary Slogans In Madras Streets And Are Remanded

MADRAS, May 19. Three upcountry youths, Amar-nath Azad, Indar Singh alias "Divana" and Hiralal arrested on the 4th May following a police raid in a house in Linga Chetty Street, the upper floor of which was occupied by them were charged to-day before the Chief Presidency Magistrate under Sections 3 and 4 read with Section 6 of Explosive Substances Act.

The first 2 accused, while being brought to the Court, shouted revolutionary slogans, while the 3rd, Hiralal, presented a petition to the Magistrate who remanded all the accused until 2nd June.

It will be remembered that during the raid one of the youths threw a bomb which slightly injured a constable.

Four persons were arrested originally of which, one who received a bullet wound succumbed to injuries.—A. P.

PROTECTION FOR STEEL INDUSTRY

SIMLA, May 19.

The Government of India is busy considering the question arising out of the obligation to hold a statutory enquiry regarding steel industry whose protection expires on March 1934.

The Act provides for an enquiry and leaves the Government to decide the machinery for the purpose.

An announcement of the personnel of the Board of Enquiry is expected by the end of July or the beginning of August so that the enquiry should commence before September and the report should be available to the Government early in February to enable the Government to approach the legislature with its proposals in March.—A. P.

Poona A Foul And Dirty City

BY "CIVIS."

May I encroach upon the valuable columns of your paper for setting forth the rotten state of Poona City Municipal affairs and the grievances that a resident within the City limits has to suffer from day in and day out. In my humble opinion if things are allowed to continue in their present state, this place is sure to be visited by a dangerous scourge in a pandemic form and many valuable lives will be lost.

It will be no exaggeration if Poona is called a city of filth, dirt, dust and squalor. In view of this, if a board is put up at the Poona Railway Station "Beware of dust and dirt in the City" it will injure wherever you go, on main roads, lanes and bye-lanes you come across filth and dirt. If you remain in doors you inhale a pound of dust every day. The walls and shelves in the houses will speak volumes instead of what my weak pen can describe.

In fairness to the City Municipal Administration I can say this much, that the residents contribute to this unhealthy state. Each house-owner or a resident were only to take care that dirt and filth are not thrown outside the houses and the children are not allowed to commit nuisances by the side of the road then half the uncleanness will disappear. If servants or persons throwing the house-hold sweepings in the dust-bin provided for, instead of standing at a respectable distance of ten yards and then attempting to throw the rubbish in the dust-bin, will only take the trouble of throwing it in its proper place then plenty of rubbish lying about the dust-bin will disappear.

The Municipality is however responsible for encouraging the

indolent habits of the people as no prosecutions are launched against the delinquents. If few prosecutions take place in each locality, then the residents will be alert and will leave off their old habits. But who is to bell the cat? The ward member is afraid of losing his vote at the next election. The report of the Municipal Peth Mukadam is either hushed up or no notice of it is taken.

After a shower of rain the roads are water logged owing to the want of proper sloping and the water remains by the side of plinths of houses, which make a good bed for malarial mosquitoes to breed and the frogs to have night concerts to the utter disgust of a slumberer. The reason for this, it appears to me is mainly due to leaving the road construction entirely in the hands of a gang mate or time-keeper who appears to be the Municipal Engineer for all intents and purposes. The Municipal Engineer is conspicuous by his absence when such works are carried out in the city. This year an innovation has been introduced by the Chief Officer by closing all the side drains of the road and the waters have to seek their own level.

Grievances are many but I don't wish to lengthen this article. I tried to bring these facts to the notice of the Municipal Officers concerned times out of number but no notice of them has been taken. My cry has been a cry in the wilderness.

This is indeed a standing disgrace to the City Municipality and I therefore seek the columns of your esteemed paper with a view to draw the attention of higher authorities and trust that these drawbacks will be mended at least hereafter.

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"No Unfair Trading By Japan"

Success In Her Export Trade Has Been Achieved By Efficient Production, Not Dumping, Says British Report

Many common misconceptions as to the reasons for Japan's recent rapid progress as an exporting country are refuted in a report on economic conditions in Japan to December 31 last, written by Mr. G. B. Sansom and Mr. D. W. Kermodie, the British commercial diplomatic officers at Tokyo, and published by the Department of Overseas Trade, says the "Manchester Guardian." The report argues that, while the depreciation of the yen has been the principal factor in this success, the second factor has been not subsidisation or deliberate selling under cost in order to maintain exports but the improved efficiency of Japanese industries. Even when the advantage of a depreciated currency is no longer available Japan's progress in technique and organisation, and the foothold which she has obtained in the world's markets, will make her still a formidable competitor.

FALLING YEN.

The writers record that, in their previous report, dated June, 1930, they stated that after the removal of the gold export embargo in January of that year almost every Japanese industry and trade was in low water, and the whole economic situation was discouraging. They added, however, "it must not be supposed that it is due to any fundamental weakness in her financial and industrial organisation. It is due rather to the operation of forces which for the most part are beyond her control and which are affecting other nations in a like degree. Indeed, it is probable that her industrial efficiency is at a higher point than it has ever reached before, and her mercantile finances, though no doubt they could be much strengthened by drastic purging, are on a much sounder footing than at any time since 1920."

On the whole the subsequent course of events seems to have justified this diagnosis, for though many industries have, by sheer force of energy and organi-

sation, triumphed over difficulties, and though a steep fall in yen exchange has now given Japan an exceptional advantage in export trade, she cannot yet be said to have recovered from economic depression, and in common with other countries awaits, without much optimism, a world-wide revival.

RATIONALISATION.

The energy and determination with which rationalisation has been applied to Japanese industry are discussed at some length. While the industrial growth of Great Britain has been haphazard that of Japan has been the result of a policy aimed at making of the Japanese empire an economic unit as completely self-contained and self-supplying as physical limitations would permit. There has now grown up in Japan a generation equipped with the necessary knowledge and skill which is able to profit by the experience—both the achievements and the mistakes—of other industrial countries. The writers of the report urge that it is dangerous to believe that the Japanese are lacking in mechanical skill and tradition and that they cannot hope to reach the standard of older industrial countries. It is not lack of adaptability on the part of her workers, they say, which will set limits to the industrial expansion of Japan; and, as for the leaders of industry, Japanese directors, managers, and technicians are not wanting in skill and enterprise.

GOVERNMENT AND INDUSTRY.

It would be a mistake, the report says, to conclude that the fabric of Japanese industry has been built upon a foundation of grants and subsidies and would collapse without them, and there is no foundation for the suggestion that the Government is subsidising the major industries in order to keep her workers employed. The assistance given by the State in terms of money is of modest dimensions, and the

principal form of Government help is probably protection by import tariff. Apart from such measures, however, the Japanese Government is not backward in taking positive steps to direct the course of industry and trade by legislation. Both because of Government policy and of a spontaneous movement, the progress of cartels and similar forms of jointly controlled activity has been strongly marked in the last few years, and it is important to note that the Government, so far from encouraging cheap sales, has urged the small export traders to combine for the maintenance of higher export prices.

NO UNFAIR TRADING.

No good, but possibly much harm, can come of ascribing the successes of Japan in foreign trade to unfair methods. The writers say that their report would fall in its purpose if it did not bring out the fact that those successes have been obtained by a deadly combination of low wages, good workmanship, and favourable exchange. A simple calculation shows that, if in 1931 an exporter could make a profit by selling 100 units of his product for 49 United States dollars, which then brought him 100 yen, he can now, in return for 49 United States dollars, worth approximately 245 yen at current rates of exchange, supply 245 units. He has an exchange advantage of 145 per cent as compared with exporters in countries on a gold basis. Making all due allowance for increased cost of raw materials, it is clear that the net advantage is such that there is no need to seek for further explanation.

It is difficult, the writers of the report say, to estimate the permanent advantage which has been gained. The situation is not so bright as it appears on the surface since, so long as it continues unchanged, Japan is selling abroad at very low prices, her management, her labour, and raw materials produced within her borders, while receiving in return a much diminished volume of imports.

OUTLOOK.

From this aspect the development of foreign trade has not been entirely sound. It is obvious that a state of affairs cannot continue indefinitely in which Japan is in terms of goods, giving more than she receives. But on a short view the situation may be seen as favourable. Exporters have gained a position in foreign markets from which they will not easily be dislodged. Home industries have been stimulated, employment has been maintained and internal purchasing power slightly increased. In a period of economic instability perhaps a definite present benefit is better than a doubtful future advantage. It seems probable that some natural adjustment will soon take place as wages and other costs rise in Japan and necessitate an increase in export prices. Meanwhile, however, the effect of Japanese competition in overseas markets is disastrous. It has given rise in various parts of the world to accusations that "dumping" was being practised on an immense scale and with Government assistance. Such charges are as a general rule without any foundation, if by "dumping" is meant the sale of goods abroad at below production cost. There have doubtless been cases where stocks have been disposed of at a sacrifice, and some small traders and producers have probably taken orders at unremunerative prices, but the bulk of the export trade has certainly been conducted at a profit.

WHITLEY LABOUR PROPOSALS

Mr. Lee Will Discuss With Government Of India

SIMLA, May 19. Mr. Lee, who has recently been appointed Commissioner for Emigration and Labour, Assam, whose headquarters are at Shillong, arrives here to-morrow to discuss with the Government of India the question of new rules framed under the Bill passed by the Assembly at the last session giving effect to the Whitley Labour Commission proposals.—A. P.

BRITISH OVERSEAS PHONE SERVICE

Will Be Extended To Egypt Palestine And Australia

SIMLA, May 19. British Post Office has intimated that arrangements have been made to extend Overseas telephone service to Australia from May 22nd, to South Africa (Cape-town only) from 23rd May and Egypt and Palestine from 24th May.

For Palestine hours of service will be the same as for Egypt and through route from India to any point in Palestine will be the same as for Indo-Egypt plus unit zone charge for Cairo-Palestine of rupees four and a zone report charge for Cairo-Palestine of Rs. 1/5.—A. P.

CO-OPERATIVE EXAM. RESULTS

List Of Successful Candidates.

The following is the list of successful candidates for the Rural Secretaries Examination:—

Poona Centre: Pass Class.
D. T. Barku; S. K. Mahadeo, and W. N. Sitaram.

Dharwar Centre: Pass Class.
G. L. Narayan and Patil Lingaoud B.

Ahmednagar Centre: Pass Class.
D. P. Kushaba.

Bombay Centre.
K. S. Atmaram.

Jalgaon Centre: I Class.
Desai, J. G. and Nehate, S. S.

II Class.
Desai, R. N.

Pass Class.
D. S. Rajeshwar; J. R. Vasudeo; K. T. Damodar; P. S. Manikrao, and R. R. Bapuji.

URBAN SECRETARIES EXAMINATION.

Jalgaon Centre.
Desai, J. G. (I Class); Desai, R. N. (II Class).

URBAN BANK SECRETARIES' EXAMINATION.
Dharwar: I Class

B. G. Subrao.

II Class.
C. C. Shidlingappa, K. D. Shidappa, and H. S. Channappa.

Pass Class.
B. B. Gurupadaya; D. M. Rudragouda; D. K. Shreenivas; H. G. Mahalingappa; H. M. Gurupadappa; K. S. Lingreddi; M. P. Sannappa; M. U. Ujjappa and M. V. Vitthal.

Surat Centre: I Class.
J. M. Bhaishankar and M. G. Narsinhram.

II Class.
D. B. Ramnikral and S. K. Dipchand.

Pass Class.
Gujjar, S. V.

SUPERVISORS' DIPLOMA EXAMINATION.

Poona Centre: Pass Class.
A. K. Malhar; G. D. Thamaji; P. S. Ramgonda, and S. A. Khanderao.

Jalgaon Centre: Pass Class.
Chaudhari, N. B. Kulkarni, P. S.; Nehate, S. S.; Patil, V. G.;

and Mahajan, D. G. (II Class).
Ahmednagar Centre: Pass Class.
K. M. Malhar and Y. P. Vyankatesh.

Surat Centre: Pass Class.
Adhwaryu, B. Chinilal; Banatwala, J. P.; Joshi, M. B.; and Shah, K. D.

Dharwar Centre: II Class.
Bhagwat, G. S. and Karki, D. S.

Pass Class.
Chonnad, C. S.; Deshpande, K. S.; Haveri, S. C.; Kalburgi, R. V.; Manjekar, V. V. and Shiggaon, J. N.

BANK INSPECTORS' EXAMINATION.

Poona Centre.
Kurkarni, S. A.; Meghe, V. A., and Potadar, V. V.

Surat Centre.
Patel, T. K. (II); Patel, G. C.

HINDI EXAMINATIONS

List Of Successful Candidates

Praveshika and Prathamika examinations in Hindi were held by the Hindi Prashar Sabha, Bombay, in April last.

189 candidates, including girls appeared at the Praveshika Examination and 23 at the Prathamika, Out of whom 141 passed in the Praveshika Examination and 17 in the Prathamika Examination.

Out of these 19 were placed in the 1st Class in Praveshika Examination, and 4 in the Prathamika Examination.

Praveshika: 1st Class.

1, 3, 4, 12, 13, 16, 59, 89, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 176, 181, 182, and 183.

Praveshika: Pass.

5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 14, 15, 17, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 26, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 56, 57, 58, 60, 62, 63, 64, 72, 74, 75, 78, 80, 81, 86, 87, 88, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 105, 106, 107, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 123, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 138, 139, 142, 144, 145, 146, 148, 149, 153, 155, 156, 158, 159, 160, 162, 174, 175, 177, 178, 179, 180, 184, 185, 186, 187,

LONDON CONFERENCE

British Government To Foot Bill

RUGBY, May 18. The extra cost of holding the world Economic Conference in London instead of in Geneva will be borne by the British Government.

Sir John Simon mentioned to-day that for this purpose £18,500 had been included in the Foreign Office vote, while the cost of adopting the new Geological Museum to accommodate the Conference is estimated at £7,500.

When asked whether the Conference would sit continuously until its work was completed or adjourn if its task was incomplete to allow the delegates to attend the League Assembly in September, the Premier said that it was of course a matter for the conference itself to decide.—B. O. W.

CROCODILE EATS UP SCHOOL GIRL

A crocodile has solved the mystery of the grim fate of two little schoolgirls of Pindi Pindi, North Queensland.

Mary Adams, aged ten, with her sister Thelma, aged six, set off to school, riding together on the same horse.

Next day the body of Thelma was found after an all-night search near Alligator Creek. In her hands were clutched sand and grasses, as if she had dragged herself up the bank of the stream. The search for Mary was in vain.

The horse, which return riderless, was taken to Alligator Creek and there showed signs of terror. Then a large crocodile appeared. It was caught and cut open. Inside the reptile have been discovered the remains of the missing girl.

188, and 189.

Prathamika: 1st Class.

1, 2, 5, 12.

Prathamika: Pass.

3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18, 19, and 21.

"GANDHI NAGAR" FOR HARIJANS

Sind Donates Liberally To Commemorate Mahatma's Fast

The Secretary of the Servants of the Untouchables Society, Hyderabad, Sind, writes:— The following amounts have been hitherto promised and collected for "Gandhi Nagar" for Harijans in Hyderabad, Sind.

Bhai Hassaram Rijhumal	Rs. 500
Ghai Tikamdas Bros.	500
Diwan Methara Ajitsing	500
and Mrs. Shersing Ajitsing	500
Bhai Mohandas Trust	250
Bhai Khemchand Tejuma	250
Anonymous	250
Dr. Pritamdas Hakumatrai	250
Dr. Assudomal Shroff	250
An Aml friend thro' Prof. Ghanshyam	250
Diwan Wadhmal Bulchand	250
An Aml friend thro' Dr. Chothram	250
Diwan Awatsing Maha-	250
tabsting	250
One Sister thro' Mrs. Thakuribai Salamatrai	250
Bhai Bulchand Khatrai	250
In memory of Mrs. Sushila Navalsing	250
Bhai Jhamatmai	250
Bhai Assumal Chothmai	125
Anonymous	101
Bhai Metharam Jassumal	51
Bhai Lilaram Thanwardas	51
Bhai Dayaram Gudumal	50
Bhai Ratumal and Sons	50
Diwan Hassomal Vilayatrai	50
Anonymous	50
Collections thro' Mrs. Thakuribai Salamatrai	73-1-9
Sum of other collections below Rs. 50.	511-9-3
Total	6617-11-6

"For 'Gandhi Nagar' and Rs. 750 for education of Harijan children, From which Rs. 750 are for Education of Harijan children. RS. 10,000 FOR GANDHI NAGAR It has been decided by the Hyderabad Sind U. S. Society to collect at least Rs. 10,000 for the construction of "Gandhi Nagar" only, within 21 days of Mahatma's Fast.

Apart from this a sum of Rs. 5,000 has been donated by Diwan Utamchand Gangaram for giving scholarships to Harijan children. The amount has been placed with the Hindu Vidyamandal of Hyderabad Sind, who will utilise the interest for Scholarships.

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History Supplies No Analogy To Germany's Lifeless But Horrible Counterfeit Of Revolution

Disillusioned friends of Germany are inclined to blame the Treaty of Versailles for the rise of Hitlerism. Whether that treaty was as bad as it is painted, or whether, a reaction against its obvious mistakes and sympathy for the "under-dog" have carried us too far in condemning it, whether the French policy has greatly contributed to the present crisis, or whether it was based on an understanding of the German mentality sounder than our own—the bearing of the peace-settlement on recent developments in Germany should not be overrated. The rise of a pathological nationalism 10 or 15 years after a national defeat seems a recurrent phenomenon, practically independent of the terms imposed on or accorded to the defeated country. It comes apparently when the children of the war period attain the age of 20 to 30; adults may learn the lessons of war and defeat, but those who have experienced the passions of war and the bitterness of defeat while still incapable of critical understanding seem burdened with frantic, almost insane resentments, which break forth in after-life and give a pathological turn to their politics. Writes Mr. L. M. Namier in the "Manchester Guardian":

CURIOSUS PARALLEL. The Peace Treaty which closed the twenty-three years of the Revolutionary and Napoleonic wars left the national territory of France intact; the Franco-German frontier of 1815 coincides

with that of 1919. None the less, about 1830, these terms were described as a "wrong" and a "disgrace," and the Bourbons, who in the peculiar circumstances of 1914-15 had been able to preserve France from real disaster, were talked of almost as the so-called "Marxists" are now in Germany. The Boulanger movement, which swept France during the years 1888-9, bears certain curious resemblances to that of the Nazis. The nation, in search of a saviour, contrived to believe, with a well-nigh religious fervour, in a man devoid of real distinction. In the decisive moment that man, though born by a powerful wave of popular enthusiasm, refused to transgress the limits of legality. Just as Hitler did when this would have implied revolutionary action. From that moment Boulanger was doomed; he had become ridiculous in the eyes of a nation with a tradition of bold leadership.

Probably the most generous settlement ever made after a war is that embodied in the Union of South Africa—which did not prevent the rise of a bitter nationalism about 10 to 15 years later. The same thing has happened in Ireland in De Valera's victory over Cosgrave.

In short, if my thesis is correct, a wave of nationalist exasperation was bound to sweep Germany about this time, even had the terms of the Peace Treaty been different. All loss of territory, be it only of undoubtedly French,

Polish, and Danish districts, would have been described as a grievous "wrong," while the loss of Germany's dominant position in Europe, coming after four years of victories and conquests, would have been resented, as the "wound of Waterloo" was after the Napoleonic wars. Besides, it is significant and characteristic that the Nazis should now turn with peculiar anger against Germany's most inoffensive, "Nordic" neighbour, because of the frontier rectification in Silesia, which is undoubtedly just, and which, in 1866, the victorious Bismarck had himself promised to make.

ECONOMIC CRISIS. But in addition to the pathological reaction after defeat, any other outstanding cause is to be assigned for the rise of Hitlerism, it is the economic crisis, with its concomitant unemployment, unprecedented in size and duration; were Germany in the midst of an economic boom, the present outburst would certainly not have come with the same force or assumed so savage a character. Here those obsessed by "Versailles" will perhaps interject a word about "reparations." But other countries besides Germany have suffered, and still suffer, from the consequences of reparations and war debts without plunging into a Nazi "revolution"; and anyhow no financial settlement will restore the Russian and Chinese markets, or do away with Asiatic industrial competition, or offer a solution for the problems of "technocracy."

The Germans profess to have found a remedy even for economic ills in what they call the "revolution" of their "national resurgence"; although no vestige is discernible in all its literature of original economic thought, or of new social conceptions. But in what sense has there been a "revolution" in Germany? Was it against foreign dominion? The Germans waited till the foreign armies had completed the evacuation of German territory. Was it against a despotism which denied the Nazi constitutional access to power? That road was wide open to them, and while professing contempt for Parliament the Nazis worked and waited for success at the polls. It was not a determined, impatient minority, exasperated by chaos and inertia, which seized office. Hitler went to Hindenburg and asked for "the power of Mussolini"; and, when refused, said he could wait, being so much younger—a curious declaration for a "revolutionary" leader to make. But after all the power of the State had been peacefully handed over to him, then, and only then, he proclaimed a "revolution." Of this the unique feature is that lawlessness and outrages are enacted by a Government which has obtained power in a constitutional manner, had it confirmed by a general election, and has met with no resistance whatever from its opponents, docile towards those in authority as only Germans can be. Violence is all that it has in common with revolution, and its name is only claimed as cover for acts of brutality and for a disregard of human rights.

COUNTERFEIT REVOLUTION. Other revolution: opened with humanitarian ideas, with generous impulses, and magnificent dreams; and it usually required civil war and the fear of foreign intervention to engender terrorist passions. The present German "revolution" has dreamt no dreams, has made terrorism and suppression precede resistance, and, with regard to the rights of the individual, Parliamentary Government, the press, education, etc., has, by its free and deliberate choice, adopted from the outset all that was most ruthless in the advanced stages of other revolutions. Shirts and salutes borrowed from Italy and a "four-year" economic plan" imitating Russia complete the equipment of that "national revolution," while that "national revolution," while the persecution of German Jews, who have fought and worked for Germany, is its only original contribution. History supplies no analogy for that lifeless but horrible counterfeit of revolution.

CROSSING ATLANTIC IN 25 FT. BOAT

Tired of being unemployed in their native town of Tromsø, Norway, two brothers, Harold and Hans Hamran, aged 30 and 37 years respectively, sailed from Christiansand on March 26 in a 25-foot sailing boat, which they christened the Trade Wind. They put into Falmouth in their frail-looking craft, having reached the south coast last week-end and they hope to sail the Atlantic in the boat and reach Chicago before the exhibition there closes.

When asked if they realised the hazardous nature of their task, the brothers replied, "We have to do something desperate in these hard times. We have a small stock of provisions on board and 50 gallons of water. We intend to make for Spain and are hoping to catch some fish to supplement our provisions. After leaving Spain we intend to call at Las Palmas and to work our way across the Atlantic."

DRUZES OF SYRIA Strange Sect Believed To Be Descendants Of Hittites

LONDON. (By Mail.) "The Druzes of Syria and the Samaritans of Palestine are two unique communities not to be found elsewhere in the whole world. Like social fossils in an alien environment, these two peoples have survived for hundreds of years in that land rightly described as a 'Babel of tongues' and a 'museum of nationalities.'"

This passage from Dr. P. K. Hitti's "Origins of the Druze People and Religion" is quoted at the beginning of the chapter on the Druze people in the Census report on Palestine, which has just been issued.

"The Druzes in Palestine," says the report, "number 9,148 persons; but the total Druze population must be about 120,000 persons so that the Druze population in Palestine is only a small fraction of the polity identified as Druze in its 'national' religious aspect. Their origin is obscure. They themselves claim to be Arab in origin; but the principle of dissimulation, adopted from Shia's precepts on the basis of Koranic prescriptions, makes the Druze accounts of their origin unreliable."

"Many and fantastic are the suggestions of travellers throughout the centuries as to the origin of this strange people. The secrecy in which the Druze faith is

shrouded, the accounts, real and fabled, of stages of initiation through a very definitely arranged hierarchy, accounts made additionally picturesque by rows of asterisks or obviously veiled allusions, have combined to stimulate the imagination of many of those who have written about the subject.

THE FOUNDER.

"Three facts emerge from a wealth of literature: the sect began its life in the Lebanon; Dargazi, the founder of the sect, was probably of Turco-Persian origin while Hamzan, his teacher, was certainly of Persian origin; and, on the measurements of the heads of fifty-nine adult male Druzes, Professor von Luschan, the distinguished anthropologist of the University of Berlin, was able to state that 'not one single man fell, as regards his cephalic index, within the range of the real Arab.'"

"The learned professor makes an inference that the Druzes, Maronites, and Nusayriyyah of Syria, together with the Armenians, Tatars, Bekdashis, Ali-Isis and Zaidis, of Asia Minor and Persia, 'with their enormous high and short heads and narrow and high noses,' are the descendants of the ancient Hittites. Dr. Hitti, after analysing the religious vocabulary of the Druzes, the names of the feudal families, the evidence afforded by history of migrations from time to time of Persians westward through Iraq to Syria, and the ready acceptance, by a settlement in the Lebanon, of esoteric doctrines, strangely characteristic of a succession of Persian

mysticisms, reaches the definite conclusion that the Druze people are a mixture of Persians, Iraqis, and Persianised Arabs."

"The traditional religious ordinance of the Druze, inherited from Shia's sects, prescribing the practice of dissimulation ('taqiyyah') for the safety of believers, surrounded by hostile and persecutory elements, makes it impossible to rely substantially on the published accounts of the theology and rites of the Druze religion."

PERIOD OF CONCEALMENT.

"According to their own teaching, the Druzes are now in a period of concealment, and may divulge nothing about their faith. The fairly extensive literature about the subject reveals how this secrecy has excited the curiosity of travellers and observers; and it is perhaps not unfair to add that the need for satisfying this curiosity has stimulated the imagination of some observers, so that many of the accounts of the religion are no more convincing than the accounts of the origin of the people who profess it."

"The reader of this literature finishes his task no better informed than he was when he began it; and—such is the fascination of a secret—often no wiser. The secret, if there be one, has been well kept, and if there be no secret, all that emerges from the analysis of that which may be learned from the few manuscripts and other sources of knowledge available is a strange incoherent blend of heresies, of Shia's origin, Judaism, Christianity and some of the Gnostic Mysteries."

GIRL WITHOUT COUNTRY

Little Armenian Who Flew From Smyrna Massacre Is Threatened With Banishment

Unless the authorities relent, banishment confronts a pretty young nurse in Leeds Infirmary. Miss Alice Mirakian, an Armenian, Miss Home Office, taking the view that she may be performing duties which could be undertaken by an English girl, has given instructions for her return to France.

In 1922 Miss Mirakian escaped a massacre in Smyrna in which her parents were murdered and her home burned. She was cared for by Miss D. L. Raynor, who was then Director of International Emigration at Athens.

The girl came to England, and her education at Thoresby High School, Leeds, was paid for by the staff of the school at which Miss Raynor's sister was a teacher. She afterwards lived in France with a married sister, but was not allowed to work there.

A few months ago she went to live with relatives of Miss Raynor in Gainsborough, and being determined to earn her own living, secured a post at Leeds Infirmary.

Miss Mirakian, who can speak four languages, is regarded as a "woman without a country," but Miss Raynor has not despaired of prevailing upon the Home Office to permit the little Armenian to remain in England. She has made a special journey to London to this end.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

SATURDAY, MAY 20, 1933

THE LION COOS

Hitler has now given up his bellicose attitude, because he finds the whole world arrayed against him. His Reichstag speech has been generally well received in some countries, though so far France and Britain have refused to commit themselves in any way. But the British Premier publicly stated, a day prior to Hitler's pronouncement, that Britain was not opposed to German liberation and that it had done everything to help it since 1924. Further, he assured the German Chancellor that he had no wish to interfere with what was "purely internal administration in Germany", though she was likely to forfeit the world's confidence and alienate its help if she persisted in her recent courses.

France is grimly watching events in Germany and from the way she is generously welcoming the Jews who have fled from that country, there can be no doubt about her sympathies with the persecuted. Many associations have already been formed in France to help the refugees who are stranded there. Britain, on the other hand, possesses an Aliens Act which prevents indigent aliens from seeking hospitality in England.

A SHREWD SPEECH.

Apart from that it must be confessed that Hitler's was a shrewd speech intended to disarm his hostile critics and even lull them into security. It has served its purpose and many people have now suddenly become almost friendly to Germany. We are told that it is foolish for Germany to begin a war again, because she has so many domestic problems which require the attention of the new Chancellor.

That may be true, but the support that Hitler gets in Germany is primarily due to the role he has assumed in the eyes of the German public as the saviour of their self-respect and honour, who will free them from the position in which the last war placed them. If Germans find that the Nazis are unable to regain for them the position of respect in European politics which they once occupied, they may have no more use for either him or his Nazi hordes.

DANGER TO EUROPE.

While we agree that in theory Germany has every right to claim equality of status in arms and many other things with other European nations, we must at the same time hold that to allow her permission, to arm herself in her present extremely

militant mood may be a catastrophe not only to Europe, but to the whole world. If Germany has domestic problems, she should tackle them, not by dispossessing the Jews, reducing them to the condition of helots, or driving them out of Germany, but by concentrating on the unemployment problem which is her chief menace, and which has certainly not been improved by the German attitude towards the Jews.

As the "Manchester Guardian" well puts it, "there are a hundred other acts and utterances which bring fear to those who are asked to contemplate actual German equality and the use of it that may be made in five years' time." The paper, therefore, asks that there should be a strict international supervision of armaments. The "Daily Herald" and even "Daily Mail" write in a similar vein urging that Hitler's actions during the past few weeks are hardly calculated to drive away the fear and suspicion in the minds of European countries engendered by his ruthlessness and recklessness.

TOO HAZARDOUS.

Whatever Germany may say through her leaders at the present time, it would be most hazardous to allow her to arm herself. Hitler may not be satisfied with anything less, but as we said the other day it would be disastrous to the peace of the world to allow the armament race to develop again in Europe. Italy which has no love for France may be coquetting with Germany for reasons of her own. She may even desire that German Nazis should be permanently enthroned in Berlin, as the Fascists have been enthroned for one whole decade in Italy. Italy may have her old scores to pay off against France, and she may have a hundred other reasons for befriending Germany at the present moment. But it is imperative to ensure that Germany will not become a menace to Europe and the whole world. Hitler is cooling like a dove just now, but a few days ago he was roaring like a lion. His policy of "thorough" against the Jews is still in full blast, and nowhere do we see any change of heart. As long as the spirit of "Prussian frightfulness" is evident, and the Nazis are feeding it with hourly acts of brigandage and hoodlomanism against harmless Germans, Germany's neighbours will regard with suspicion and alarm any proposition which leaves her free to arm.

Not In The Interests Of India

It is easy for the Bengal Government to carry on pamphleteering propaganda at the taxpayers' expense. Their latest effort in this direction is an exposition of "the powers of the Governor-General under the White Paper." Not content with the propaganda carried on by the ever-loyal Anglo-Indian Press, they must have something of their own. Evidently they fear that the united voice of the Indian Press, which has ruthlessly attacked the Governor-General's extraordinary powers, may drown that of the few Anglo-Indian papers. One would have thought that, as the White Paper is supposed to be under examination for any necessary alterations, Government would hold in check their propagandist zeal till the text of the revised constitution is available. But it may perhaps be gathered from their propaganda that it is a foregone conclusion that, whatever else is altered, the Viceroy's powers will not be reduced.

FLIMSY ARGUMENTS.

There is nothing new in the Bengal Government's pamphlet, nothing that has not been said again and again by their supporters. But they act on the principle that repetition is the very life of propaganda, especially when one is lacking in argument to carry conviction without repetition. In this they have an advantage over their opponents as they carry on their propaganda at somebody else's cost. The main arguments urged in support of the Governor-General's powers are that the powers are not likely to be used frequently, that Ministers can obviate their frequent use by acting in harmony with the Governor-General and that somewhat similar powers are to be found in the consti-

tutions of the Dominions or even of Great Britain. These are all flimsy arguments which can deceive only the ignorant and unthinking but could be torn to shreds by any college student that knows anything of modern constitutions.

THE WORST EVIL.

Most Indians will dread the first argument as a burnt child dreads the fire. How often were we told a decade or so ago that under the Mont-Ford reforms the Governor's powers would be rarely used? The assurance was even given to Parliament. But the public were disillusioned long before the present Ordinance regime. Moreover, there is another sense, and a very important one, in which the Viceroy's powers will be frequently operative. The naive suggestion that the Ministers can obviate the need for his intervention by acquiescing in his judgment brings out the worst evil in those powers, the evil of compelling Ministers to be secretly subservient so as to escape the discredit of being openly overruled by the Viceroy. Damocles's sword may not actually fall. Its worst evil is its power of demoralising the victim over whom it hangs. These points would be conceded by the Governor-General himself if the new constitution gave the legislature the power of dismissing the Governor or the Governor-General and if we assured him that the power would, of course, be very rarely used, under the interests of the country would otherwise be in jeopardy and after all milder methods had been tried and failed.

THE PERTINENT QUESTION.

As a matter of fact, the pertinent question is, not how often the Viceroy's powers may be used, but whether the necessary

Press Views

Will They Do It ?

"The Government have so far remained obdurate and perhaps will remain so till the Indian delegates insist upon the wholesale release of all non-violent political prisoners as a condition precedent to their participating in the work of the Joint Select Committee. Then it might dawn upon the Government that they cannot stage Hamlet without the king of Denmark and may invite Mahatma Gandhi as the accredited leader of India and the Indian National Congress to the Joint Select Committee. Mahatma has paved the way for conciliation and co-operation. It now rests with the delegates to the Joint Committee to take up the thread and do their bit."—New Orissa."

Provocative Blunder

The Bombay Government is out-doing the Government of India. The latter rejected Gandhiji's plea for the release of political prisoners. The former is reported, by Mr. Devidas Gandhi, to have arrested at Bardley Gandhiji's grandson and others because they were distributing leaflets announcing the suspension of civil disobedience. Since when has the suspension of civil disobedience become a crime? Is it merely an overzealous official losing his balance or is it the local Government attempting a record-breaking blunder? Whoever is responsible, the arrest is a piece of provocative stupidity.—"National Call."

"Positive Nuisances"

Legislatures whose term is artificially and indefinitely prolonged are generally found not merely to outlive their usefulness but to develop into positive nuisances. The danger is all the greater when these bodies are so composed that the timid and reactionary elements preponderate and susceptibility to official suggestion passes for responsibility. The existing Councils have, with rare exceptions, proved to be broken reeds so far as ability and inclination to protect the rights and liberties of the people are concerned. The general objections to the indefinite prolongation of the life of any legislative body apply with redoubled force in the case of most of our Councils.—"Hindu."

Profit By Example

To-day the Government possibly think that once having got the Congress, as they imagine, on the run, it would be a mistake to cry halt in the middle. The Congress should be smitten hip and thigh, and the political situation should solve itself by not by a settlement. It may be that the Congress may have failed to achieve its full objective by present methods, but one should not forget that the Congress to-day stands not so much for an organisation as for an idea, and that idea is imperishable and will rear its head in a myriad shapes, as often as it is suppressed. To force the Congress to pass through the Valley of Humiliation will be the surest means of instilling into the minds of the people the poison of bitterness which, in the case of Ireland, proved so absolutely ineradicable. Sir Samuel Hoare may well profit by the example.—"Hindustan Times."

safeguarding powers should be vested in him or in the Legislature. In other words, in the event of a conflict of opinion, however rare, whose view should prevail, the Viceroy's or the Legislature's, the voice of one individual who is appointed by a non-Indian body, who is most likely to be a non-Indian sojourner in India and who is not responsible to the people or the voice of a body that has a permanent stake in this country and duly represents and is responsible to people? It is no use evading or blurring this vital question. Fairness, expedition, constitutional practice and all conceivable considerations in the interests of India would point to the same conclusion, that whatever safeguards and checks and balances are necessary, the requisite powers should in the last analysis be vested in the national legislature, that the checks and balances should all be internal, as they are in the self-governing Dominions, and not imposed by an external authority. Whether India will soon win a fully self-governing constitution or not is a question that is yet to be solved. But no official sophistry will induce her to believe that the extraordinary autocratic powers of the Viceroy under the White Paper are either in the interests of India or at all consistent with genuine self-government.

TOPICS ON THE "TAPIS"

By B. G. HORNIMAN
(From Our Evening Edition.)

AN UNEDIFYING CONTROVERSY.

With some reluctance I take up my pen, at the request of several correspondents, to write on the controversy that has been raging in the columns of the "Chronicle" regarding the wearing of dinner jackets as a condition of admission to public places of entertainment.

I enter the arena with diffidence because I do not think the controversy is a very edifying one, though since it does involve an important question of principle in social and national ethics, one is bound to take notice of it.

Places of public entertainment where dining, dancing and free indulgence in alcoholic refreshment are combined can hardly be described as resorts of culture or refinement, and without wishing to be in any way priggish, I cannot help expressing the view that the more the restrictions that are imposed on entry to them the better it would be for the maintenance of decent moral and cultural standards in Indian society.

DANCING AS A PASTIME.

Dancing I regard as a perfectly harmless and healthy pastime. It used to be practised in Western Society in a very refined and dignified way, but in recent years it has been dragged down to a low level of mode and behaviour, and features that used to be the exclusive attraction of places of ill-repute, not recognised by respectable society, have become the social commonplace of the time.

I do not think that places of entertainment of this kind will ever find general favour or become a social institution in this country.

Western people and westernised Indians will continue to patronise them and it is for such that those who conduct them cater. The general run of Indians will only regard them as a phenomenon of a social life which has no appeal for them.

WHY SHOULD THEY COMPLAIN?

On the face of it, there is something to be said for the view that Indians who enjoy this sort of social recreation, who like to indulge in alcoholic refreshment and practise no restriction in regard to diet, should not complain if they are asked to comply with the social usages, whether in regard to dress or any other matter, which are part of the system.

I presume that the majority of those who like going to these places, if not all, are quite ready to conform to the western custom as regards dress, and, indeed, would be anxious to appear as western as possible for the occasion.

A WIDER ISSUE.

But the issue that is raised by the refusal of the proprietors of such an establishment to admit

(Continued on next page.)

Dinner Jacket Ethics And Indian Self-Respect

By B. G. HORNIMAN
(From Our Evening Edition.)

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Frankly Speaking

J. P. C. AT WORK.

The Select Committee of the Joint Parliamentary Committee discussed the question of the transfer of Law and Order in the provinces. Under the White Paper these powers are transferred to the Ministers, but the whole transaction is a sham.

Under the constitution envisaged in the White Paper the Governors and the Viceroy possess such immense powers that even a Tsar would envy them. We doubt whether a Governor in any other country possesses them at the present time.

India would rather not have such powers with all these safeguards and the over-riding powers of the Governor. In the circumstances they would be a mere mockery and the fact that even a Tsar would envy them, we doubt whether a Governor in any other country possesses them at the present time.

But why single out Law and Order, when the whole White Paper is an "imposture."

TERMINOLOGICAL INEXACTITUDE.

Mr. Winston Churchill must be speaking with his tongue in his cheek, when he says that the "real liberty that India enjoyed with British justice, impartial administration and security for peace and order" etc. will be destroyed by the White Paper.

We do not know whether Mr. Churchill is a poet, but he has drawn largely on his exuberant imagination when he paints the administration as perfect in every respect. If it were, Indians would not have been demanding a transfer of power to their own hands.

Mr. Churchill often speaks of the thousands of Congressmen who are in jail? Would they have been there if the Indian administration was perfect in every respect and Indians were so contented with it?

There is a limit even to Mr. Churchill's right to utter what he himself called "terminological inexactitudes."

ROOSEVELT AND UNEMPLOYMENT.

President Roosevelt has given a brief sketch of his programme to solve the unemployment problem in the United States. The steps he has already taken during the few weeks he has been President must have given employment to a large number of men.

He wants to shorten the working hours and make the anti-trust laws more flexible. One of the best methods of reducing unemployment is the shortening of hours, and that has been al-

ready adopted in the U. S. S. R.

In India, on the other hand, they are all busy increasing the working hours of labourers to bring down the prices.

We do not know whether Mr. Roosevelt wants to give more power to the Trusts, which have become a menace to the United States or curb their activities. He is right in thinking, however, that much could be done for the workers by launching on a programme of public construction. More money must be spent, and not less, to improve the whole position.

GOOD-WILL DAY.

Whatever might have been the reality about the Goodwill Day that was inaugurated on May 18, 1922 by the school children of Wales, the celebration of the Day in Bombay on Thursday was a cold conventional affair.

Instead of indulging in pointless platitudes about peace and goodwill, the speaker might have seriously discussed Mahatma Gandhi's contribution to world peace by his life and teachings. In particular his message of Satyagraha, and by commending a deep study of the subject to the earnest statesmen who control the League of Nations.

Gandhi has already done more practical work for world peace than any other man or institution in modern times. And it is not too much to hope that even in countries outside India modern warfare will ere long be substituted largely by passive resistance on Gandhian lines.

A PERNICIOUS EXAMPLE.

In refusing to give permission to take out batches of volunteers to different parts of the city for carrying on anti-untouchability propaganda, the Police Superintendent of Benares has followed the pernicious example that has become very common in the Ordinance regime.

His excuse for doing so, that clashes have already occurred between local rival parties, is anything but convincing. If at all clashes of any serious character have occurred, the right course for the police is to restrain those that resort to violence, to which ever party they may belong, and not all persons indiscriminately, including peaceful social workers.

It is the duty of the police to safeguard the right of the people to carry on any legitimate activity and they should even protect them against any molestation.

If hawking British cloth in public places were to lead to clashes, we are certain the police, far from restraining the hawkers, would give them every conceivable protection.

Readers' Views

"AN OPEN CHALLENGE"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"
Sir.—Amend the comments made in your 16-day's paper by "Pro Bono Publico" about my charge as regards monopolising the management of various organisations in Matunga by certain South Indians in my letter of yesterday being "of a very sweeping nature" I hereby offer to prove my charge to persons who are disinterested and take the trouble personally to enquire into the matters and satisfy themselves and I humbly request "Pro Bono Publico" to give me an opportunity to prove the charge.

As regards the comments made by (Miss) Pankajam I have only to request her to verify the facts before making allegations in the press especially about the "South Indian Consumers Society's" present management. It is not necessary for me to take a brief on behalf of the present management of the "South Indian Consumers Society" but any unpredjudiced person who has carefully and minutely compared the present management with the previous one will have to come to the conclusion that at least in certain respects, which, in my opinion, are most important, the present management has tried to do its best.

Without in any way going into details I may state for the information of (Miss) Pankajam that I have been carefully watching and taking interest in the working of at least two Societies viz. Credit and Consumers and I can say with confidence that the said Societies would have been in more prosperous condition, if there had been no "monopoly" of the kind complained of by me in my letter and secrecy about certain transactions and matters.

All honour to those who started the South Indian Co-operative Credit Society as they were all persons of position and persons who cannot be easily influenced like Messrs. K. S. Ramaswamy Iyer, K. N. Ramasubha Iyer, C. S. Rengaswamy, C. S. Sankara Iyer, A. K. Pal and others and who, if I remember correctly, never took loans so far as they were in management. As regards the persons who started the "Consumers' Society" the less said the better.

In the end I join in the appeal made by (Miss) Pankajam to the members to "choose their own representatives, irrespective of any other considerations except Merit and Past Services of the candidates concerned" after making personal enquiries from the Societies records and persons who are in the know of things—Yours, etc.

S. NAGASUNDARAM.

A BETTER WAY

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"
Sir.—Having earned the name that South Indians are generally very enterprising and enthusiastic in all their walks of life, is it not a pity that the different men in power in the Societies should suffer their prestige being wrecked on such minor issues? Hence, will it be too much to expect of my brother "co-operators" to select a spokesman from each of the party that may exist and make these men discuss the possibility of adjusting their diverse erratic views and arrive at a practicable and satisfactory solution?

As for the desire that there should be a change in the managements, of course for the better, I for one do not find any grave objection hereto, as every one of your South Indian readers knows that even in the all-important government constitutions there is the quinquennial shifting of the Governors and Governor-Generals—Yours, etc.

R. KAILASAM.

"AN UGLY DEVELOPMENT"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"
Sir.—I have noticed the letter of "One in the Know" under the caption of "Unwarranted criticism" regarding the affairs of the "South Indian Consumers Society" and also the ability of the present management, and thank him sincerely for the kindness shown to me.

I had no intention to wound the feelings of anyone, but only cited the "Consumers Society" as an instance in point, as to how South India is unnecessarily rushing to the Public Press in exposing their domestic affairs, which are not the concern of the Public.

I have often heard from some of the members as well as others, that it requires an extraordinary man to conduct the General meeting of the South Indian community, and very often the Presiding man finding himself helpless, and completely exasperated leaves it in disgust. This may be a fact,

but I do not think that it should be repeated any further. It is essential that the work should be done by some set of people, whether good or bad, but it is the duty of the critic to be gentle, and to correct them where they go wrong. Instead of that, we find, some people join together and form cliques, and then measure their strength with the other party.

This, if it exists, is an ugly development and should be eradicated entirely.—Yours, etc.

(Miss) PANKAJAM.

IS'NT IT QUAIN ?

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."
Sir.—Is'nt It Quain?

(1) That N. C. Kelkar should condemn Gandhiji's fast?

(2) That Vithalbhai Patel and Subash Bose should seriously suggest disowning Gandhiji's leadership?

(3) That Europeans, in India while condemning Hindu-Muslim communalism, should vote exclusively for a European in the recent Municipal bye-election?

(4) That Muslim mushroom associations always crop up to support the indefensible acts of the bureaucracy?

(5) That Europeans in India, whilst deploring untouchability, observe the same attitude with Indians in their Clubs or at some public places?

(6) Will they not all exercise a little introspection and mend their views and ways? We hope they do.—Yours etc.

B. F. BHARUCHA.

KERBSIDE PUMP COMMITTEE

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."
Sir.—The above Committee find the Kerbside petrol pumps causing obstruction to vehicular traffic. Will this Committee take the trouble to go round on some working day, without giving any previous intimation, and find for themselves, what a number of empty hack victorias, and vendors' handcarts are causing obstruction to vehicular traffic.

Seventy-five per cent. of empty hack victorias, are at all times of the day, seen loitering about and standing at every corner of cross roads, without the least regard for obstruction caused to others. The Police seem to have a soft corner for them. None seem to take the least notice, not even if they are without lights, some with only one lamp lit up. Very few victorias keep to their stands.

It would be well worth a visit to inspect victorias standing on their stand at the corner of Girgaum and Allibless Baugh road. They keep far out of their stand and thus take away a good portion of the road, which is rather narrow at this corner, with a lot of pedestrian traffic. This is one instance. There may be several such.—Yours, etc.

D. A. B.

A PERSONAL EXPLANATION

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"
Sir.—I have received so many letters from India during the tour of Dr. Sheldrake and Mr. Conrad (Khalid) Simpson asking me to explain some information given by them to the Indian Press with reference to myself that I wish to state that I am in no way connected with the tour of these gentlemen and have not entrusted them with any mission whatsoever.

I am in no way concerned with the statements of Dr. Sheldrake and Mr. Simpson and I wish to notify the Press that I accept no responsibility for any information circulated about myself, unless such information has been expressly authorised by me.—Yours, etc.

KHAIR-UL-NISSA
S. S. SA AWAK.

51, Boulevard Beauséjour,
Paris-XVI.
May 3.

BREACH CANDY CARNIVAL

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."
Sir.—In reply to the letter signed by "The Black" in yesterday's issue of the "Chronicle" the charge of Rs. 1-0-0 for entrance to the Carnival at the Breach Candy Baths includes entertainment tax. If your correspondent cares to make enquiries from the authorities he will receive confirmation of this.

In reply to the letter appearing under the name of "Justice" gambling is neither permitted nor indulged in at the Carnival at the Breach Candy Baths. The Police Commissioner has made no exception and has carefully scrutinised every detail of the Carnival to ensure that everything was legal.—Yours etc.

STANLEY WALKER,
Chairman,
Breach Candy Carnival.

POLICE EXCHANGE SHOTS WITH TERRORISTS

SHAUKAT ALI ANSWERS CRITICS

As Peacemaker I Have To Face Trouble Everywhere

"I Have No Right To Advise Congress Weather They Should Withdraw C. D. Movement"

BOMBAY, May 19.

Maulana Shaikat Ali when interviewed by the Associated Press, issued the following statement:—

"I arrived by the Punjab Mail and I am off to-night after a few hours spent in my office and family."

MISTRUST IN COUNTRY.

"I am a peace-maker and a peace-maker has to face trouble everywhere. There is mistrust in the country. Some would like to call me a British Agent, others may think that I am flirting with the Congress and the Hindus, but that does not frighten or upset me.

Above everything else I am a worker and the whole country and specially the Muslims need solid constructive work which could only be done if there was peace everywhere. I do not wish to quarrel with anyone nor do I want that there should be quarrelling anywhere in India."

SATISFACTORY INTERVIEWS.

"I had very satisfactory interviews in Simla with the Viceroy and other responsible officials, both Indian and British. At Lucknow I had full agreement with our Muslim workers there and at Allahabad I discussed everything with Mahatmaji and I think he is equally keen on an honourable peace. He is quite capable of taking care of himself and I will beg friends and co-workers to place confidence in myself."

NO PERSONAL AXE TO GRIND.

"I have no personal axe to grind and I really believe in peace, and without wasting time in useless discussions I want to

start constructive work and do something for my people who badly need organisation, education and improvement of their economic conditions. For all this peace is needed and whatever others may say, I am going to work for peace, honourable peace."

I HAVE NO RIGHT TO ADVISE CONGRESS.

"I am not a member of the Congress and I have no right to advise them whether they should withdraw Civil Disobedience for six weeks or for any length of time. I hope they will establish peace first among themselves and then with everybody else."—A.P.

Cornaglia's Open To All

Decorum And Conformity To Recognised Convention Are Only Conditions, Says Management

With reference to the controversy concerning Cornaglia's and particularly in reference to the article of Mr. Horniman which appeared in our Evening Edition of yesterday a representative of the Chronicle, interviewed Mr. S. Bruck the Manager of Cornaglia's and asked him whether he would like to make any statement regarding the matter for publication.

"It may have seemed to some," said Mr. Bruck, "as though we did not desire to take notice of the matter, but I assure you we should be the last to ignore public opinion. At the same time I must say that the issues were rather confused in some of the letters that were published and written under a sense of imaginary grievance. But Mr. Horniman deals with the matter in a fair and square manner and I quite realise that it calls for some reply."

"I must say emphatically, that we have never offered any insult to any Indian patron nor I hope to anyone. As we welcome every respectable gentleman, irrespective of any caste, creed or race in our establishment to come in and enjoy themselves in an atmosphere that has been provided at a cost and on a scale which

surpasses any enterprise in this line in Bombay.

BALL ROOM DRESS.

"There is no question at all of a Dinner dress in the Cafeteria. But let me take you to the Century Ball-Room, fitted as you will notice, if you glance around, with exquisite fittings and decorations which require an atmosphere in every way suitable to Ball-Room and the uniformity of dress which is the usual amenity of a Ball-Room. Here we have our dances and the dancers naturally dine or supper. I do not think there is anything wrong or unusual in expecting that those who patronise the Ball-Room, should wear Evening-Dress. Mr. Horniman correctly states that this is the practice in all Ball-Rooms throughout the world."

NO INSULT TO ANYONE.

"We are not here to insult anyone. Our desire is to do our best to make all happy without any kind of restrictions or innovations that would spoil the pleasure of those who desire and appreciate our service, irrespective of race or creed. We only care for respectability and decorum in behaviour."

A HIGH TONE.

"I would like to emphasise in regard to Mr. Horniman's remarks, that in recent years dancing has been dragged down to a low level of mode and behaviour, and features that used to be the exclusive attraction of places of ill-repute, not recognised by respectable society, have become the social commonplace of the time, that we are particularly anxious to preserve a high-tone in our Ball-Room and make sure that it is not open to this reproach. The only people we want to keep out are those who are likely to lower the level of a high-class resort, and whatever rules we make, we have to make with this object only. No doubt, there are exceptions to every rule."

"This is all I can say in this matter except to express regret that some of our critics have sought to convey the impression that entrance into Cornaglia's needs a Dinner-dress, which is not the case."

A CONTRADICTION.

Asked regarding a statement

Plea For Sane Thinking.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."—Sir,—I don't think anything could be plainer to any sensible and right-thinking person than that the reason of my article on "Miracle Healer" was a plea for clear and sane thinking on a question over which there is all over the world, a good deal of humbug and fraud, namely, the pretensions of charlatans and quacks.

Most people know the amount of misery, expenses, disappointment and frequent irreparable disasters to real sufferers when they have the misfortune to fall in the hands of such crooks. The shame of it is that there are always to be found misguided people, who in their ignorant zeal, though in good faith, encourage such mountebanks and mislead credulous people to consult them. The facts I mentioned were clear enough, namely, the claims of some enthusiasts that somewhere at Girgaum there is an individual who can cure obstinate and incurable diseases by a mere look.

I drew attention to the absurdity of such extravagant claims, warned the public and challenged any of his unsophisticated followers to produce the man in a hospital before competent doctors to test his claims. Instead of doing this, the only proper thing to settle a question of this nature, some of your correspondents seemed to have lost their temper, and they have indulged in unworthy insinuations regarding the incompetence of doctors, their rapacity, jealousy and what not. Some have gone so far as to abuse me and to insinuate that I am a fool who does not believe in mysticism, divine power, astrology and palmistry. Dear me, it is rather dangerous to have a serious controversy over anything in this country. Fanatics will break one's head, as the only argument that appeals to them is the "Argumentum ad baculum."

Was there any sense to insinuate that my attack was poisonous and malicious, when I actually named no particular individual, though some of your correspondents insisted that I was aiming at a certain Devkar Maharaj? Really, Sir, there is no limit to human stupidity when swayed by irrational promptings. My contention in this case was this:—

(a) Is it a fact that there is in Bombay a miracle healer who is alleged to be capable of curing the most obstinate and dangerous diseases by a mere look?

(b) If yes, produce him for a test. If no, what kind of diseases does he claim to cure? The public have a right to know this. In England the C.I.D. would be soon on the track of such a pretender.

Here, in India, not only do the Police take no notice of such crooks, but a number of simple-minded people are always ready to support and protect such impostors.

It will not do to assure us that such rogues can cure imaginary diseases, generally, neuritis, by some hidden power, divine or devilish, while doctors are no good in such cases. This belief may be the mistaken conviction of enthusiastic individuals who are not competent to test properly any such claim.

In this instance, we have seen seemingly educated persons rushing to the press to defend such quacks and to contend that they have real miraculous powers and so forth. It is no criterion to say that because many fashionable people believe such a crook therefore he must be a true and wonderful curer. Many people will believe anything. Some will actually invoke a petrol pump on the road side if assured by others that it has mystical powers to cure diseases.

In 1925 there was sold in America an ointment known as "The Sun and Moon Sacred Ointment". It was largely advertised as "a food for the body to destroy diseases." It was said to contain "vibrations of life from radio-activity of electricity, magnetism, electrons and atoms." Millions of people, especially the wealthy and fashionable, bought this and swore by its efficacy. On analysis it was found to contain vaseline and a little salicylate.

For aught I know, Mr. B. D. Pudamjee, who seems to have a flair for such things, may be knowing of this wonderful and miraculous ointment. If he does not, he ought to try it as I am sure he would speak very highly of it.—Yours, etc.

Byculla, May 19.

(This controversy is now closed.—Editor).

SOME AUTHORITIES

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."—Sir,—Mr. D. R. D. Wadia of the Rationalist Association of India has come to the rescue of 'A Correspondent', who in his last letter published in your issue of the 11th instant has made mention of Psycho-therapy as practised in Paris.

Captain P. Johnston-Saint, of the Welcome Historian Museum, in his Sir George Birdwood Memorial Lecture delivered before the Indian Section of the Royal Society of Arts on "An outline of the History of Medicine in India", with Sir E. Denison Ross, Professor of Persian and Director of the School of Oriental Studies, University of London in the chair said:—In the field of what to-day we should call psycho-therapy, the Hindus again held pride of place and centuries before Freud was heard of, the Hindu Doctors were anxiously probing into the Secret of Dreams. With much that we were taught to regard quite recently as absurd, their teachings show signs of a good deal of our newest learning.

Dhanwantari and Atreya Schools (the ancient authorities on the Hindu system of treatment) affirm and agree that, whatever the name of a disease it can only originate when vital force or nerve force is below par. Every disease is due to depletion of nerve force. As the nerve force improves, the defective metabolism also improves. The proper treatment is, therefore, to control the direct or indirect influence of nerve force on different kinds of nervous secretions.

A research into the origin of this branch of science shows that the Brahmarandhra System of Psycho-therapy has been practised with great success for about thirty centuries in Gosaimdian situated about 17,000 feet above the sea level in the peaks of the Himalayas. The special feature of this system, is that, instead of trying to restore vitality to the worn out cells as is the aim of Western Specialists in Neurology, it awakens thousands of unused cells and causes them to perform the task of exhausted cells. Defective mental action is responsible for not only mental disorders but also for physical diseases, so that, when the faculty of mental process is improved the patient feels more fit both physically and mentally.

The success of this treatment depends on an exhaustive and careful study of sub-conscious cerebration—the key stone of Psychotherapy.

Western scientists have had scarcely time enough to build up anything like a science of Psycho-therapy whereas the Hindus who discovered sub-conscious cerebration about thirty centuries ago have practised mental healing since that distant era.

Thus it will be seen that mental healing or psychotherapy or whatever one may call it, is not any mysticism or religion as believed by Mr. D. R. D. Wadia or 'A correspondent.' I would request both these gentlemen to investigate the truth of these sciences which they believe are deep-rooted with mysticism. I would recommend them to read the following books before making any conclusive statement:—

1. "The Future of Medicine" by Sir James Mackenzie F. R. S.
2. "A Short History of Aryan Medical Science" by H. H. Sir Bhagwat Singjee K. C. I. E. M. D.
3. "The Practice of Medicine" by Sir Frederick Taylor M. D. President, The Royal College of Physicians.
4. "The Fitzpatrick Lectures on Greek Medicine in Rome." by Sir T. Clifford Allbutt.
5. Hindupore by S. M. Mitra.

—Yours, etc. K. MAHADEVAN.

Bombay Tramways, May 17.

can only be obtained from abroad (We regret that the letter which appeared in our issue yesterday, under the caption "Implications of Cornaglia's Silence" was ascribed as coming from Mr. A. R. Wadia, instead of Mr. D. R. D. Wadia, who was the writer of the letter. The controversy is now closed.—Editor).

TOPICS ON THE "TAPIS"

(Continued from previous page). an Indian because he is not wearing European evening dress, though he may be perfectly attired for a social function according to the custom of his community, is a much larger one.

It appears to me not only reasonable but unanswerable to say, that people who want to impose rigid restrictions of this kind and exclude anyone who does not conform to them, should confine themselves to clubs or other private institutions where they are free to make any rules they like.

These public restaurants are licensed to cater for the public, not for any section of it, and their proprietors have no right to impose any restriction which will inevitably exclude any member of the public who is respectably attired and can pay for what he eats and drinks.

INTOLERABLE.

That is one point. But the more important one is that it is extremely galling and, in fact, quite intolerable that a respectable Indian should be told in his own country that he cannot enter a public resort, licensed to cater for the public, unless he dons a foreign costume.

It is not only galling to the individual, who prefers to stick to his own mode of dress, and intolerable that he should be asked to have clothes which are alien to his custom, to earn the privilege of entering a public resort, but it is galling and intolerable to the national self-respect for Indians to be told that any place where the public are catered for is closed to him, unless he discards his national garb.

It would not be tolerated in any country and there is no reason why it should be tolerated here.

NO "INSULT" TO INDIANS.

I am assured by the management of Cornaglia's that they have no desire to "insult public opinion" or exclude Indians at any time from any part of their premises.

But they hold that, as they are conducting a particular kind of entertainment in one part of their premises, of which the wearing of what is known as evening dress is a recognised custom, it is necessary, and they are entitled to lay down this rule; and that the object is not in any way to exclude Indians, but to ensure that the "tone" of the establishment is maintained.

One can understand and accept this. But the fact is that the result of it has been to exclude Indian gentlemen, in their own costume, who, thus attired, would be honourably received anywhere in the world; and whatever the intention and the absence of any desire to exclude or insult Indians, it does imply an insult, in the implication that, unless they outwardly conform with western standards, they are not fit for cultured society.

THE "HALL-MARK."

Nobody would claim that the wearing of a dinner suit is a guarantee that the wearer is a "gentleman", that he can be relied on to behave himself or that he is fit to take his place among respectable and well-behaved people. But it has been accepted as the Hall-Mark of respectability and refinement in Western Society.

Let Western people stick to it, if they like, though there are very few public places in Europe and America, in these days, where evening dress is "de rigueur." But they have no right to attempt to impose it on Indians in their own country.

BOW TO THE STORM.

My advice to Cornaglia's is to bow to the storm of public opinion in this matter and get out of the difficulty while the going is good.

TWO PROCLAIMED ABSCONDERS KILLED

Miss Kalpana Dutt & Two Others Arrested

EXCITING SCENE IN CHITTAGONG VILLAGE

CHITTAGONG, May 19.

Two proclaimed absconders, believed to be connected with the Chittagong armoury raid, were killed and one wounded last night following a police raid which led to an exchange of shots.

Three others including Miss Kalpana Dutt, who was first arrested in male garb previous to the Pahar-tala Institute raid about the end of September last, were taken into custody.

POLICE FIRED ON.

The incident took place in a village near Parki Light House, ten miles from Chittagong where the party of absconders numbering six were surrounded in a house by the police and military. The party immediately opened fire to which the police replied, with the result that two of the former, Manoranjan Das and Prasanna Taluqdar were killed, while a third, Prasanna Taluqdar was wounded.

SURYA SEN AND KALPANA DUTT.

It may be recalled that Miss Kalpana Dutt absconded when she was on bail following her arrest in September. It is believed that she was present in

the house at Gairila on February 14th when Surya Sen, alleged leader of the armoury raid, was awaiting trial, was arrested following an engagement between the military and terrorists. She is believed to be one of those who made good their escape that night.

DASTIDAR'S ARREST.

Of the arrested men, Tarakeswar Dastidar was about to be arrested shortly after the armoury raid but he fired and wounded the sub-inspector of the District Intelligence Branch and ultimately escaped. This incident is reported to have occurred some time in 1931.

A reward of Rs. 100 was offered for his arrest.—A.P.

I do not think their business will suffer in any way, if they recognise with good grace that such a restriction in this country can never stand, however good their intentions may be. They will not find that anything very terrible will result. They may get an Indian customer occasionally in this very aristocratic department of their establishment, looking rather distinguished in his own national dress in the common crowd of badly cut, ill-fitting dinner jackets and crumpled white trousers which offend the eye in any assembly of Europeans at night in Bombay.

But they will find I am sure, that, as a general rule, the type of Indian who patronises their "upstairs dining room" will be the type of Indian who delights in being as Western as he can possibly make himself, even to the wearing of a monocle.

B. G. HORNIMAN.

ALLAHABAD FLOUR MILLS GUTTED

ALLAHABAD, May 19. The Allahabad Flour Mills was gutted by fire this afternoon. Several men were working inside at the time of the outbreak but they escaped uninjured. The loss is estimated at several lakhs.

The District Magistrate and the local authorities are on the spot as also the fire brigade.—A.P.

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COMMISSIONER OF DACCA FIGURES IN ASSAULT CASE

Sessions Judge Criticises Deputy Magistrate's
Refusal To Entertain Complaint & Refers
Case To High Court

Mr. A. N. Sen, Bar-at-Law, Sessions Judge of Dacca, after hearing Babu Sri Chandra Chatterjee, pleader for Dr. Suresh Chandra Bose, a practitioner in charge of a local dispensary, who charged Mr. H. Graham, I.C.S., Commissioner of Dacca Division, with assault, has passed orders, making a reference to the High Court.

The Doctor alleged that on the 9th of March, 1933 at about 10-30 a.m. Mr. Graham, together with Mrs. Graham, some guards and policemen came to the petitioner's dispensary and met the petitioner there. The petitioner further alleged that Mr. Graham abused the petitioner calling him "badmash" and "dacoit" and proceeded to hit him with his fists. He also pulled the petitioner by his nose and beat him with a stick.

One Sochindra Prasad Ghosh, a compounder of the dispensary, was similarly treated.

It was alleged that there was no reason for this assault and abuse.

After doing this Mr. Graham ordered the Daroga to start proceedings against the petitioner under section 109 of the Cr. P. Code.

DOCTOR ARRESTED.

On the evening of the same day while the petitioner was passing by the Nawabganj Thana, the police arrested him and Sa-

chindra Prasad Ghosh. He was produced before Mr. S. Rose, Deputy Magistrate on the 11th March from police custody.

While in court, the petitioner filed a written complaint before the said Magistrate and also another petition praying that he may be examined on oath. The Deputy Magistrate did not examine the petitioner. Upon the petition of complaint he passed an order in these terms:—"Filed late. Put up on 13-3-33."

The petitioner was given to understand that final orders would be passed on 24-3-33 and sent back to police custody. The next date of hearing of the 109 Cr. P. C. case was fixed on 24-3-1933.

MAGISTRATE'S ORDER.

After the petitioner had left court, the Deputy Magistrate on 11-3-33, in the absence of the petitioner, wrote a further order on the petition in these terms:—"Later seen police report. No complaint of this nature can be entertained without previous sanction of Government File."

Against this order the petitioner preferred a motion before the Sessions Judge praying that the Deputy Magistrate's order may be set aside and for directions that a further inquiry should be held according to law.

MAGISTRATE'S EXPLANATION.

A rule was issued by the Ses-

sions Judge. The Additional District Magistrate sent his explanation. All he says is this:—"The trying Magistrate refused to take cognizance under section 197, Cr. P. C., as the offence was alleged to have been committed by a public servant purporting to act in the discharge of his official duty."

In the opinion of the Sessions Judge the order that the complaint should be filed without any further action on the ground that sanction was necessary, is bad and should be set aside. The complaint, if true, clearly makes out an offence against Mr. Graham and entitled the complainant to redress.

The principle "De minimis non curat lex" cannot apply to the fact of this case. The complainant is alleged to be a respectable person and the alleged assault and abuse are by no means merely technical or trivial. On the other hand, if the complaint be false, it is equally necessary that the matter should be proceeded with and its falsity established. A responsible official has been charged, and, if the charge be false, the complainant should be punished.

IS SANCTION NECESSARY?

Apart from the question whether it is desirable or expedient to proceed further with the complaint the point for consideration is whether the order of the Deputy Magistrate refusing to entertain the complaint is sustainable at law. This leads to the question whether the Magistrate is barred by the provisions of section 197 of the Cr. P. C. from taking cognizance of this offence.

The explanation of the Additional Magistrate that: "the offence was alleged to have been committed by a public servant purporting to act in the discharge of his official duties" is incorrect and is not borne out by the facts.

The petitioner certainly does not allege that Mr. Graham assaulted or abused him in the course of his official duties. On the contrary, he says that Mr. Graham suddenly appeared and without any justification or excuse committed this assault on him. There is no other allegation one way or another regarding this incident.

NOT EXAMINED ON OATH.

It has to be considered, however, whether the circumstances of this case would attract the operation of section 197, Cr. P. C. As the petitioner was not examined on oath and as there was no inquiry held and as there was no other facts stated in the explanation of the Magistrate, the only materials before the Sessions Court for deciding this question are those which are to be found in the petition of complaint.

The report to which Mr. S. Bose referred and upon which apparently he passed his order, throws no light on this matter at all. It has no reference whatsoever to Mr. Graham and deals solely with the grounds for proceedings under section 109, Cr. P. C.

The Sessions Court finds it difficult to conceive how a perusal of this report could have been of any assistance to the learned Magistrate in arriving at the conclusion that section 197, Cr. P. C., applied to the facts of this case. Upon the facts how can it be said that the offence alleged was committed by Mr. Graham while he was acting or purporting to act in the discharge of his official duty? There seems to be no possible connection between such an offence and the duties which a Commissioner has to discharge.

COMMISSIONER'S FUNCTION.

If the act was done by a police officer in the course of arresting a person, there it may have been argued that the act was done in the course of the police officer's official duty. Is, it any part of a Commissioner's duty personally to arrest persons in circumstances like these? Even if it be conceded that the Commissioner has certain police functions to perform, there is nothing to show that the offence was committed in the course of an arrest or in the course of the performance of any such police function.

On the contrary, the complainant was not arrested then nor was any official action taken against him at the time. The incident alleged took place at 10-30 a.m. or so and that it was not till 10-30 p.m. on the same day that the complainant was arrested by the police, who had decided in the meantime, to initiate proceedings under section 109, Cr. P. C.

There are no circumstances before the Sessions Court from which it can be even remotely suggested that Mr. Graham was performing an official duty when the alleged assault took place. It cannot be said that the alleged offence was committed while Mr.

Graham was acting or purporting to act, in the discharge of his official duty merely because at the time Mr. Graham was holding the post of Commissioner of the Dacca Division.

Thus the Sessions Judge is of opinion that the learned Magistrate was wrong in refusing to take cognizance of the complaint on the ground that section 197, Cr. P. C. was a bar.

OTHER IRREGULARITIES.

There are other irregularities and illegalities committed by the learned Magistrate. He was bound to examine the complainant on oath before rejecting the complaint, irrespective of whether section 197, Cr. P. C., applied or not.

Further, the Magistrate by his own order fixed 13th March 1933, as the date for consideration of the complaint. He was wrong in passing orders refusing to entertain the complaint on 11th March 1933, in the absence of the complainant and without notice to him.

The Sessions Judge thinks that the proper course was to refer the case to the Hon'ble High Court, and he accordingly makes this reference with the recommendation that the order of the Magistrate be set aside and that the complaint be further inquired into according to law after the examination on oath of the complainant and that the complaint be dealt with by the District Magistrate himself.

ANGLO-HINDI

"Samskritdhatvartha-manjoo" by Ramji Dhondji Khanolkar. Published by the Author from Babu Moholla, Quetta. Price: Rs. 2.

BULLET NEAR HEART FOR 25 YEARS

A bullet, after remaining near a man's heart for twenty-five years' was one of the causes of his death, according to evidence at the inquest at West Ham in mail week on Ishmael Jones (55), captain of the S.S. Sound Fisher, of Barrow-in-Furness.

His wife who lives in Borough Road, Birkhead, had previously told the Deputy Coroner, Mr. J. Milner Helme, that when in the Panama Canal twenty-five years ago her husband was accidentally shot by a fellow officer. The doctors then refused to operate because the bullet was too near the heart, she said.

A doctor now stated that Jones died from degeneration of the heart, probably accelerated by the bullet, and the Coroner recorded a verdict to that effect.

BOOKS RECEIVED

"Supplement to Bullion and Exchange Operator," by A. C. Lakshani, A. C. Lakshani & Co., 201, Harrison Road, Calcutta.

GUJARATHI.

"Al Bhoomithi" by D. T. Bhujani. Published by the Author from Havelim Pole, Raypur, Ahmedabad. Price Rs. 2.

"Parables of Rama," The Rama Thirtha Publication League, Lucknow. Price: Rs. 2.

(1) Dham, by Manekji Govindji Joshi. Price: Re. 1/8. and (2) Palli-Sama, by Sharadchandra Chattopadhyay. Price: Re. 1/4. Published by Gurjar Granthartha Karyalay, Ahmedabad.

ONE MORE CAR DISAPPEARS

European Reports Theft Of
Hillman Wizard Near
Greens

Motor cars thieves seem to be at large in the Fort area. Bombay.

A five-seater Hillman Wizard car No. Y1693, parked near the Greens hotel, Merryl Weather Road, has been reported missing since Friday morning. The car belonged to a European.

This is the third motor car theft reported in the course of a fortnight.

Hitherto the thieves seemed to have a fancy for "Baby" cars. The first theft which occurred about two weeks ago was that of a Baby Austin belonging to a European. The car has not yet been recovered nor the culprits traced.

The second theft was also that of a Baby Austin belonging to a European, but this car was subsequently found abandoned at Agripada and restored to its owner.

From theft of "Baby" cars the culprits have now made for bigger and "luxurious" cars.

GAINS DEFEATS COOK AT OLMPIA

Heavy Weight Contest
Marred By Holding

LONDON, May 18.

At Olympia in the British Heavy-weight Championship Larry Gains of Canada, holder, defeated on points George Cook of Australia in a fifteen round contest.

SPECTATORS SHOUT "STOP FIGHT"

The match which was witnessed by 6,000 spectators was very disappointing. There can rarely have been so much holding in a first class contest. The referee was busy disentangling and repeatedly warning the men.

He had literally to drag them apart several times in every round while the spectators shouted "Stop the fight."

Gains seemed to be the chief offender for Cook repeatedly tried to force the pace but was handicapped by his short reach.

There was an amazing incident as the gong sounded at the end of the seventh round. Cook dashed out wildly with both hands and Gains retaliated, and pandemonium occurred as the time-keeper frantically rang the bell. Reuter.

Severe gale swept over Karachi this evening followed by heavy downpour which flooded the streets and parks converting them into miniature ponds and streams, and providing an unusual spectacle in Karachi.—A.P.

GOODS TRAIN DERAILED

Accident At Shahjehanpur

ALLAHABAD, May 19.

A goods train is reported to have been derailed near Shahjehanpur early yesterday morning. The engine and several vehicles left the rails and two vehicles were telescoped.

No one was injured but only the guard was shaken up.—A.P.

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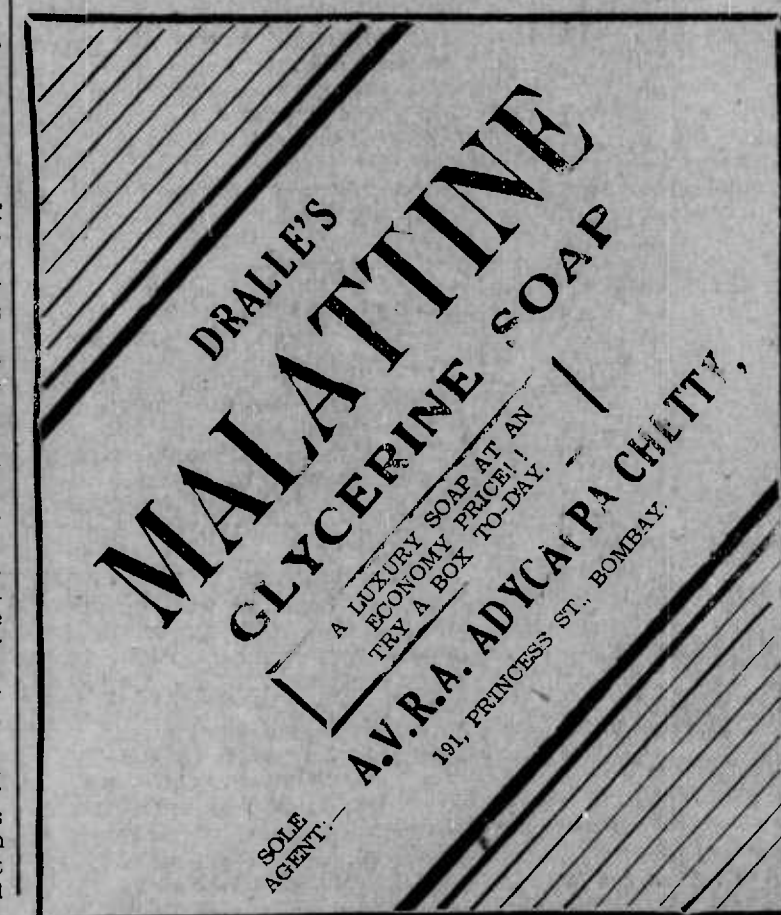
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Ireland Honours Heroes of 1916

Only Republic Can Fittingly Commemorate Them, Says De Valera

Mr. De Valera, accompanied by the Vice President of the Irish Free State Executive Council, Mr. O'Keeffe, and many of his Cabinet colleagues, took part in a Republican procession through the principal streets of Dublin on April 23 to Arbour Hill Barracks in commemoration of the executed leaders of the Easter Week rising in 1916, who are buried in a corner of the barracks yard, says the "Manchester Guardian."

Mr. De Valera, delivering a brief oration at the graveside, said they had come to honour the memory of the leaders of Easter Week and to renew their pledges of fidelity to the cause for which they died. "No words," he said, "can fittingly commemorate the sacrifice of these men except, indeed, the words of a new proclamation restoring the Republic they proclaimed and gave their lives to defend. But the time has

not come for that, and we must content ourselves to-day with the declaration that it is for that goal we strive, and that we shall not rest until we have reached it.

"I ask you all as we stand on this hallowed ground to resolve in your hearts to do your part to complete the task of the men of Easter Week. It is a resolve not to be lightly taken, and it may not be easily or soon accomplished, but it is the only resolve worthy of a race that has never admitted conquest, and, however difficult it may be in fulfilment, it is only through it that Ireland can now hope to attain happiness and peace.

"Let us, then in God's name pledge ourselves to this high purpose, and while we are working to achieve it let it be made clear that we yield no willing assent to any form or symbol that is out of keeping with Ireland's

right as a sovereign nation. Let us remove those forms one by one, so that this State that we control may be a Republic in fact, and that when the time comes the proclaiming of the Republic may involve no more a ceremony than the formal confirmation of a status already attained."

"AN INSULT."

Another ceremony took place at Mount Street Bridge, where a memorial was unveiled to the men killed in the fighting there in 1916. Mr. Brian O'Higgins, president of Sinn Fein, in unveiling the memorial, said:

"It is only a free Irish republic that the men of 1916 can be worthily honoured. That those misguided or selfish Irishmen who have accepted England's alternative to Irish independence should seek to associate themselves and their position with the men of 1916 is nothing less than an insult to the unyielding dead. They did not give their lives for a place in the British Empire, for a mongrel Legislature, for the lie and fraud and the imposture called the Irish Free State."

and Margate threequarters; Gadag, Parbhani, Bangalore, Kodakanal and Anantpur a half; Marmagao Mahabaleshwar and Aurangabad a quarter.

Forecast:—Rainfall will decrease but continue locally in the Konkan. Deccan, Gujarat and South Rajputana; continue to be widespread in Malabar, Mysore and West Central Provinces and extend in East Central Provinces and in Chota Nagpur, Orissa, Bengal, Assam and Burma within 36 hours.

Heavy rainfall warnings:—Moderate to heavy rain is likely locally in Malabar during the next 24 hours.

Earthquake Report:—An earthquake shock of slight intensity at its origin, about 500 miles away was recorded by the Bombay Selsnographs at 15 hours, 59 minutes, Indian Standard Time on Thursday, May 18.—A. P.

How A Woman May Retain Her Youth

"The woman who wants to look young must taboo massage creams and liquid rouge. She will only harden the structure of her face and destroy the fine texture of the skin," said Mrs. Margaret Holmes Bates, the well-known author.

"Reputable physicians have declared that if she indulges in artificial methods she risks losing her health," she continued. A perfectly natural method of treating a bad complexion is by using ordinary mercolized wax, as this adds nothing to the complexion, but takes from it instead. This wax obtainable at any chemist's, flakes off the sallow or blotchy outer skin in fine particles, gently, without harming the skin beneath, which gradually makes its appearance. The brilliantly beautiful complexion thus obtained is a new one—quite different from a patched-up old complexion. This is one way to retain youthful looks.

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WHEN MOSLEY COMES TO POWER

What He And Brother Fascists Will Do With Parliament And Press

"We shall not altogether abolish the power of Parliament in the event of our coming to power constitutionally by obtaining a majority in the House of Commons, as we hope to do. The House could throw us out by a direct vote of censure."

Thus Sir Oswald Mosley talked of the future of his party to Reuters' correspondent in his hotel in Rome, where he had arrived with twelve of his Black Shirts in order to take part in the ancient "Birth of Rome" festival.

"I do not think it would be necessary to institute a rigid control of the press," he continued. "Only if newspapers were acting in a manner harmful to the State would we restrict their liberty."

"We believe Fascism to be world-wide in its application, but when we come to power in England our Fascism will be adapted to the English character. It will not be in every way the same as in Italy. I was warned that the Black Shirts, the Fascist salute, and that sort of thing would not go down among English people, but they are just the things which are most popular about the outside of our movement. The youth of to-day asks for discipline."

NOT ANTI-JEW.

Referring to recent events in Germany, Sir Oswald said that British Fascism was in no way anti-Jewish. "I think Hitler has made his greatest mistake in his attitude to the Jews."

Sir Oswald was wearing the regulation black shirt, and a row of medals tinkled on his chest. Three of the British Fascists in the background gave the Fascist salute.

PRACTICAL VALUE OF FASCISM. The twelve British Black Shirts who have come with Sir Oswald and Lady Cynthia Mosley are having a great time. Romans are giving them plenty of practice in the giving and taking of the Fascist salute.

But perhaps it is when shopping that these young followers of Sir Oswald can appreciate the extent of their importance in the most practical way. Two young British Fascists entered a shop.

"How much?" they asked of a certain article—"Twenty lire," replied the shopkeeper.

"We are Fascists,"—"Fifteen lire."

"British Fascists."—A pause.

"Are British Fascists against the Jews?" the two young men were asked.—"No," they replied.

"Ten lire," decided the shopkeeper.

MOVE FOR UNTING LOCAL MUSLIM BODIES

In an ordinary meeting of the Young Men's Muslim Association, the following resolution was passed:

"In view of the fact that a Central Muslim Organisation is urgently needed and that Muslim Anjuman and Associations, both political and social, can be found in scores in practically every Indian city, all working separately and thus disuniting their efforts, it is resolved to hold a conference of the representatives of all the non-political Muslim Institutions of Bombay with a view to discuss the affiliation of all those bodies into one Central Organisation, with a network of branches spread all over Bombay, and thus work unitedly and harmoniously as Islam teaches, for the upliftment of the Muslims, socially, economically and physically."

"All the Anjuman and Association wishing to participate in the Conference should communicate with the General Secretary, the Young Men's Muslim Association, 11, Motilal Street, Bombay No. 11."

INDIAN WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY

Results Of Annual Elections

The following ladies and gentlemen have been duly elected in the annual elections held this month on behalf of the different electorates:

1. Mrs. Hansa Mehta, Bombay (5 years); 2. Mrs. Laxmibai Rajwade Gwalior (5 years); 3. Dr. Mrs. Malinibai Sukhtankar, Bombay (1 year); 4. Prin. N. M. Patwardhan, Hingne (5 years); 5. Prof. G. R. Paranjpe, Bombay (5 years); 6. Mrs. Sharada Diwan, Bombay (5 years); 7. Prof. R. D. Karve, Bombay (5 years); 8. Prof. N. G. Damle, Poona (5 years); 9. Prof. D. P. Amin, Baroda (5 years) and 10. Prof. N. G. Naralkar, Poona (5 years).

INDIAN COMPANIES HAVE COME TO STAY

J. C. Setalvad Advocates Pool System For Expanding Insurance Business Outside India

Presiding at the 6th annual meeting of the Indian Insurance Companies Association on the 17th inst. Mr. J. C. Setalvad, in the course of his speech, said:

When the general Indian Insurance Companies came on the scene in the year 1919 in a more aggressive form, it created actual consternation in the minds of our rivals. As a matter of fact we are not revealing any secret when I say that many of them did not believe that some of us would survive at all. Whatever our friends might have thought and may still think of us, one fact has emerged during the last 14 years in the history of Indian Insurance Companies and it is this: that it gave Indian Companies many opportunities to show that they are as good, as stable, as substantial and as quick when it came to a question of settlement of claims, however large the amount was.

TEST OF ORDEALS.

I am giving only two instances where the Indian Insurance Companies have had to meet abnormal conditions and from which they came out very well indeed, viz. the heavy claims made upon them during the year 1928 on account of Karachi Cotton Fire where the Indian Companies paid more claims than all the Foreign Companies put together, and when the riot claims arose in 1932 in Bombay, the share of the Indian Companies was much larger than that Foreign Companies paid.

In the same manner in Marine and Accident Field also, heavy claims have been paid by the Indian Insurance Companies so that some of the critical stages through which human beings and human institutions have to pass through have now been undergone by our mem-

bers and they have come out of such ordeal as strong as ever.

RATE-CUTTING.

Our position would have been much stronger than it is at present, if rates for insurance remained the same as they used to be, but unfortunately, since our advent into the field of Indian insurance, the rates have been cut down to such an extent that to make profit in these days of depression has become a problem. It at any rate gives me a conviction that before the advent of Indian Insurance Companies, Indian businessmen had been paying heavier premiums than they are doing to-day. It can easily be seen that enormous profits foreign companies have made from the people of this country. I claim, therefore, that the advent of Indian Insurance Companies has benefited the insuring public in that the foreign companies were forced to cut the rates down. Unfortunately the position to-day in this connection has become so acute that, in spite of the reduction in rate the rebates still prevail, unless some strong action is taken I do not know where we are going to end. I know that we alone cannot find a solution for this as numerically we are still small compared to 60 non-Indian Companies who still control a fairly large volume of insurance business in India, but I think the time has come when serious steps should be taken in this direction, and I appeal to the Bombay Fire Insurance Association to realize the seriousness of the present situation and take immediate action to deal with the same. I can assure them they will get the necessary co-operation from all the members of this Association.

BANKS AND INDIAN COMPANIES.

I would also like to draw the attention of the members to the attitude of certain Banks in connection with acceptance of Insurance Policies of some of our members. Some of them refuse to grant any facilities in this connection, while others have given facilities which have enabled our members to carry on their normal business. I am of opinion that the attitude of some of the Banks in not granting facilities to some of our members is most unreasonable and requires immediate change. I am surprised at their attitude because it is not based on rational grounds.

POOL SYSTEM.

There is one other matter which I would like to place before you gentlemen for your consideration. As you all know the American group is successfully working in some of the foreign countries in the form of a pool. Some of the members of this group are many times stronger compared to all our members put together, and yet the American Companies have combined to work as a group, and according to my information, have succeeded well in this venture of theirs. I am wondering whether it will not be possible for us to come to some kind of arrangement of this kind for doing business outside India which will give us greater prestige and reduce acquisition cost to a minimum. "Union is strength" and if we all go abroad as one unit, I am quite sure of our being able to do much better than what some of us are doing individually to-day. I am making this suggestion in the full expectation that we will be able to evolve a scheme in consultation, and under the guidance of our Directors which will prove beneficial to the members of this Association.

That the Association has rendered some service to our members cannot be disputed; that it has awakened the Indian insuring public to a large extent is a patent fact; that we have a good future is assured; collective action has its own value and so far as I am concerned I believe in the utility, continuance and strengthening of our Association.

SCARCITY OF PETROL

A few years back when there was a scarcity of petrol some of the Petrol companies supplied petrol to their country first, and then alone they supplied it to India. During the war time from 1914-1920, Motorists had to pay Rs. 2/- to Rs. 7/- per gallon of petrol in Bombay. Now, W. I. C. has started to sell petrol and hence the days of high prices for petrol are gone and India will always get petrol at advantageous prices.

Certain Oil companies are creating unhealthy competition and to meet the same, it is necessary to sell W. I. C. Petrol in large quantities, since the larger the sale of Petrol, lesser the percentage of our expenses. All Motorists are, therefore, requested to support us by buying W. I. C. Petrol only.

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SUBASH BOSE APPLIES FOR PASSPORT TO GERMANY

Famous Viennese Specialist Declares That He Must Take Treatment In Sanatorium For Four Months

VIENNA, May 3. Mr. Subash B. Bose writing from Vienna by mail, says:— During the last week Mr. V. J. Patel had a sudden attack of pain which appeared to be "heart trouble." Prof. Wenckebach, the heart specialist, had to be called in. Mr. Patel was feeling very bad for a couple of days, but has since improved. He is also looking somewhat better than when he first arrived in Vienna. Complete rest has been prescribed for him, and it is hoped that with good luck there will be no further break in his progress.

My general condition is much the same. But I am feeling somewhat stronger than before and am able to have short walks when I am free from pain. Prof. Wilhelm Neumann, the celebrated tuberculosis specialist of Vienna, has expressed the opinion that the pain, which I have been experiencing for over a year is not due to gall-bladder disease, but is due to the irritation of the phrenic nerve caused by certain lung complications. According to him the pain irradiates from the region of the lungs and spreads towards the abdomen. He has prescribed a course of treatment in a Sanatorium in Wildbad in the Black Forest in Germany. I have therefore, applied to the Rt. Hon. the Secretary of State for India for a passport for Germany, enclosing Prof. Neumann's certificate.

NO OPERATION NECESSARY. As a layman, it is difficult to say definitely, at this stage, which of the specialists is right, but I am inclined to agree with Prof. Neumann. I have not been satisfied with the diagnosis of the other specialists, because after trying their treatment for a month and a half, I have not had satisfactory results. Prof. Neumann

has definitely ruled out the gall-bladder theory, and in his respect he confirms the opinion given by the Indian physicians more than once. His diagnosis is an ingenious one, and if it comes out to be true, I shall have to say that it is a most remarkable diagnosis. According to Prof. Neumann, four months' treatment should relieve me of the pain, failing which another two months' treatment will be necessary. All the physicians I have consulted so far, are unanimous that no operation is necessary at this stage. Consequently, I have dropped the idea of an operation for the present.

"MAY DAY" PROCESSIONS BANNED

Vienna experienced a most interesting scene on the first of May. It has been customary during the last 30 years or so, to have a procession in the heart of the city (called the first district), organised by the Social Democrat Party. This year, the Government banned all processions in District I on the ostensible ground that such demonstrations may lead to inter-party conflicts causing a breach of peace. The parties who would have attempted a demonstration in District I, are the Social Democrats, the Nazis and the Communists. The Social Democrats are the most influential party in Vienna now and the Vienna Municipality is run by the Social Democrats—the Lord Mayor being one of the important leaders of the Social Democrat Party. The Vienna Municipality is one of the nine provinces of the Republic of Austria and the Lord Mayor of Vienna who is the head of the Civic administration is also the head of the political administration of Vienna Province.

Though the Social Democrats have an overwhelming majority in

Vienna, they are just short of a majority in the Federal Parliament. (After the War, the Social Democrats were in a majority in the Federal Parliament also and they ran the Federal Government of the Austrian Republic for some time). The present Federal Government of which Dr. Dollfuss is the Chancellor (or Prime Minister), rests on the support of the Christian Social Party, the Agrarian Party and the Heimwehr (or Austrian Fascists) Party. The Heimwehr (or Austrian Fascists) want a restoration of the Hapsburg monarchy in Austria while the Nazis (or German Fascists) want a union of Austria with Germany.

The present Federal Government has a nominal majority of one in the Federal Parliament and is now running the administration without the help of Parliament. The Government prohibited all processions on the first of May in First District, and took elaborate precautions to stop by force any attempted demonstration. Every road leading to the First District was barricaded by the military and soldiers with rifles and machine guns were posted on duty. The whole town thus appeared like an armed camp. No violation of the order was attempted by any of those parties (Social Democrats, Nazis and Communists) and the day passed off peacefully.

The Social Democrats and the Nazis, however, held their meeting outside the prohibited area.

ORDERLY MEETING

Along with some friends I went to the municipal stadium to witness the Social Democrat Conference. The stadium which is a permanent structure has seating accommodation for more than 60,000 people. In all about 80,000 people must have taken part in the ceremony. For those who are familiar with present-day Congress in India—large gatherings have nothing new about them. But what struck me most were the following things:—

- (1) The spacious stadium easily accommodating 60,000 people.
- (2) The orderliness with which the whole business was arranged.
- (3) The display of physical drill accompanied with music in which several thousand girls took part.

The usual political speeches were made and thanks to the microphone, the vast gathering had no difficulty in hearing the speakers. Sports and matches (football, handball, etc.) enlivened the proceedings of the day, but the most interesting item was physical drill accompanied with music in which thousands of boys and girls took part (the majority being grown-up girls). It was a sight to see thousands of bodies bending and stretching at the same time. The demonstration showed incidentally how the political parties in Europe are trying to bring up a new generation of men and women. They are not content with imparting political instruction but they inculcate discipline from a very early age, and they endeavour to build up the bodies of the younger generation.

News has just been received that Mahatma Gandhi has decided to launch on another fast from the 8th of May. The only explanation available from the European papers is, that Mahatma Gandhi is dissatisfied with the progress so far made for the removal of untouchability. It is inferred from this that the fast is directed not against the Government, but against the higher castes.

WARRANT FOR PRODUCING WIFE IN COURT

Husband 'Resents It And Assaults Constable'

LUDHIANA, May 19. A constable of the local police station is alleged to have been assaulted by one Abdul Haye, when the former had gone to serve notice on the alleged assailant's sister.

It is stated that the husband of the woman had warrant for her production before a Magistrate, which was resisted. In the assault on the constable, the policeman as well as the assailant's brother-in-law are reported to have received knife injuries. The girl in the meantime jumped from a wall and injured herself. It was with great difficulty that the situation was brought under control and the alleged assailant taken in custody.—A. P.

Calcutta.—It is reported that certain absconders were captured on Thursday night in a village of the District of Chittagong.—A. P.

GENEVA DEADLOCK REMOVED

Hitler's Speech Has Favourable Reaction

BRITISH PRESS COMMENTS

Conduct Of German Delegates Will Prove Sincerity Of Intentions

LONDON, May 18. The meeting of the General Commission of the Disarmament Conference was further postponed until Friday to permit the attendance of Baron von Neurath, the German Foreign Minister who will lead the German delegation, and who it is expected will disclose in full detail Germany's considered attitude to the draft convention proposals for the standardisation of continental armies upon which the Geneva deadlock had arisen.

BRITISH PRESS WELCOME

The atmosphere in which the General Commission will resume has improved as a result of the speech delivered yesterday by the German Chancellor Herr Hitler.

Its conciliatory tone is generally welcomed by the British Press which notes in particular that it did not echo either the brusqueness of von Neurath's demand for the immediate equality of armaments or the glorification of war by the vice-chancellor von Papen.

The "Times" while recognising that the tension of an immediate crisis has been relieved, emphasises that the substance of the speech must be tested against the conduct of the German delegation at Geneva. The speech, it must also get at those he had

previously made and those of his colleagues. "But certainly this country would prefer to regard Hitler as sincere in his desire to collaborate with the rest of the world in building for common prosperity and peace on an agreed basis of equal rights."

"PACIFIC SPEECH." The "Morning Post" has no doubt that the "pacific speech" from the White House contributed to the moderate tone of the speech, and possibly the firm words of Lord Hallam, that if Germany were being consolidated by violent methods so was the rest of Europe, and France and Britain in particular.

The "Daily Telegraph" says that the situation has undoubtedly been cleared but the vital problem now is how Germany can be satisfied by reasonable offers of progressive interests, and what assurance she will give of her remaining so and her ultimate intentions. One speech will not restore the lost confidence, but this one will at least cause the General Commission of the Disarmament Conference to meet at Geneva in a much happier frame of mind.

WILL DEEDS FOLLOW WORDS? The "Daily Mail" while declaring that the difficulty in the path of disarmament arising from the fear which the Nazi movement has inspired among the nations bordering on Germany, will not be removed by verbal assurances, says that if deeds follow words, a real advance towards the ultimate goal becomes possible.

The "Daily Herald" comments in a similar strain. It says that if Hitler can, during the next days or weeks, give convincing proof that his yesterday's speech does in fact, and in faith, represent the policy of his government he will do more than anything to ensure the peace he professes to desire.

The "News-Chronicle" also recognises that the centre of interest is now (?), and says that if anything effective is to be done some means will have to be found of allaying the suspicions

HELPING PRISONER'S ESCAPE

Charges Against Naujawan Framed

LAHORE, May 19. A charge under section 224/109 I.P.C. (abatement of the escape of a convict from lawful custody) was framed against Peareylal a member of the Naujawan Bharat Sabha by the Additional District Magistrate for alleged offence of helping Premkumar, a prisoner to escape from the Mayo Hospital.

Prem Kumar was taken away by some friends on a motor cycle and was at large for about 8 months until he was re-arrested at Amritsar. Prem Kumar had been convicted for alleged possession of a revolver and sentenced to five years' rigorous imprisonment.—A. P.

now aroused of all Germans in Germany. That can only be done by a frank acceptance of the permanent disarmament commission proposed in the British draft convention. Any Power which refuses to accept it whether it be Germany or another, can do so obviously only at the cost of exposing to the gravest suspicion its own good faith.

NEW BASIS FOR NEGOTIATIONS

The "Manchester Guardian" says that the speech furnishes a new basis for the disarmament negotiations. "Against Hitler's pacific speech, however, there are hundred other acts and utterances which bring fear to those who are asked to contemplate actual German equality and the use that may be made of it in five years time."

The speech will therefore become more acute. Greater stress will be laid on the necessity for a strict and far-reaching scheme of inter-national supervision of armaments.—B. O. W.

PUNJAB HINDUS TO COOPERATE

Pt. Nanak Chand To Present Their Case Before Joint Select Committee

LAHORE, May 19. Since the Multan Hindu Conference accepted Pandit Nanakchand's resolution in favour of sending a deputation to the Select Committee, the Hindu attitude seems to have veered still further towards co-operation in the constitution making as evidenced by the reported decision of the Hindu Party of the Punjab Council, otherwise known as the National Reform Party which is understood to have nominated Pandit Nanakchand, Round Table as their representative to put the Punjab Hindu case before the Parliamentary Committee and they called Lord Sankar and Sir Samuel Hoare informing them of Pandit Nanakchand's nomination.

Meanwhile the Hindu Sabha circles seem to have hardened against the local negotiations on the basis of communal formula, the final opinion on which is likely to be passed at the emergency meeting to be held to-morrow.—A. P.

WOMAN ATTEMPTS AT SUICIDE

Jumps Before Moving Train But Is Saved

LUDHIANA, May 19. News has been received that a woman, whose name is not yet known, jumped on to the track when the Up Parcel Express was running at full speed between Phillaur and Gauria stations yesterday.

The train was at once stopped and the fireman dragged the woman out from beneath the engine. She received slight injuries and first aid rendered. She has been taken in custody.

The cause of the attempted suicide is not known.—A. P.

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Rs. 4 a pair.

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The Hon'ble Mr. P. T. RAJAN, Minister, Government of Madras. "The Scientific Gold Bangles look like gold ones. The designs are very good and... are within easy reach of those who cannot afford to buy gold ones."

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"I have seen 'Scientific Gold Bangles'... There are all the varieties of bangles which are generally prepared in pure gold. In colour and workmanship no difference can be found between scientific gold bangles and ordinary gold bangles."

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Washing with "SWASTIK" is No Drudgery IT IS POSITIVE LUXURY.
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BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS. ON SALE EVERYWHERE. SWASTIK OIL MILLS PRODUCTS.

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HEADACHE — NEURALGIA — LUMBAGO — GOUT!
If so, never take ASPIRIN preparations. They are dangerous particularly if your heart can't stand them. Take the safest, the quickest and the surest
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Produced by:
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Featuring:
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Also
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Daily: 5-30, 8 and 10-30.

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RESIDENTS OF DHOB TALAO,
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EXQUISITE MUSICAL TREAT by

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REPUTED BLIND SINGER of BENGAL with a brilliant cast including

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THEN AT WEST-END

At our popular Cinema at Lam-
ington Road for the convenience
of our patrons residing at Gir-
gaum, Sandhurst Road, Grant
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PRABHAT CINETONE'S 1st HISTORICAL
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A PICTURE OF PICTURES

Featuring:

Miss LEELA, BABURAO PENDHARKAR, Master VINAYAK,
BHONSALE, SHINDE, DHIABER and others

also showing

A Talkie of the Recitals of the popular Marathi
poems by the famous poets of Maharashtra
—KESHAOKUMAR, MAYDEO, YESHWANT,
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MAJESTIC CINEMA

DAILY at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.

MATINEE at 2-30 p.m. on SATURDAY, SUNDAY and HOLIDAYS.

The silent of this Picture had stirred all of India in those days

You Cannot Afford To Miss It

An Old Favourite
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Dhruva Charitra

The Glorious Episode from the Hindu
Puranas depicting the marvellous spiritual
power of a Boy-Devotee whose faith in God
defies the most terrible persecution and
triumphs over the forces of evil.

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The Golden-Voiced Star of "Shirin-Farhad",
supported by Miss PATIENCE COOPER,
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—"A Woman's WIT is far Superior to Man's."—
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RAMBHA, the eccentric daughter of the MINISTER.
SEE! HOW SHE PROVES HER CHALLENGE IN
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Glorious
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Drama Branch:
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SATURDAY, the 20th May

At 8-30 P.M.

SUNDAY the 21st May

At 3-30 P.M.

A NEW SOCIAL PLAY

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Mr. B. V. VAREKAR.

JAGTI JYOT

WEDNESDAY, the 24th May
at 8-30 p.m.

SANSHAY**KALLOL**

Admission fees (with tax), Rs.
4/6, Rs. 3/6, Rs. 2/4, Rs. 1/12, Rs.
1/2 (chair), Annas 14 (gallery),
Annas 9 (Pit), Ladies Annas 9.

Booking at the theatre daily
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**Sim SUMMERSVILLE
ZASU PITTS****The UNEXPECTED
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SLIM as the embarrassed mil-
lionaire bachelor overtaken
by a blessed event!

ZASU as the distraught nurse of
a child with only veterinary
experience to guide her!

RIOTOUS ROMANCE!

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SUPER DE LUXE PRODUCTION!!

JAYANT'S MAIDEN TALKIE.

**ZAHRE
ISHK**

A Tale of Romance and
Adventure
Auth.

ZOHRA, PANNA
JAIRAJ.

Photography

GOVARDHAN PATEL

sound engineer

YASHWANT KOTHARE

Music Director

B.R. DEODHAR



With GORGEOUS SCENES
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Marvels and Miracles.

Directed by:—

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Story and Senario by:—

MOHANLAL G. DAVE

Urdu Rendering by:—

MUNSHI JILANY SHAM

A Bandit—His wife—Another
woman—and there comes
on the screen the Eternal
Triangle—and then the story
moves on at a full gallop
speed—and become a high-
ly diverting drama that
packs a wallop in each line
of its lusty dialogue—and
the pungent drama will keep
you on the edge of your
seat and you will be want-
ing to see this Talkie once
more.

TIME:—5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

Saturday, Sunday, Friday and Bank Holidays Matinees at 3 p.m.

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J7

The Bombay Chronicle

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BOMBAY SATURDAY, MAY 20, 1933

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has claim settling agents throughout the world.

J8

NO CAUSE FOR ANY ANXIETY Calcutta Specialist Examines Mahatma MAHADEV DESAI RELEASED FROM YERAVDA

(From Our Special Correspondent)

POONA, May 19.

Mahatma had a very comfortable night. On his getting up at 4 a.m. prayers were said. Gandhiji had a sunbath till 7-30 a.m. on the terrace and hewas later removed inside his room where the Gita and Upanishad recitation were done as usual.

It appears that he was not troubled throughout the night by nausea, and more than the prescribed quantity of water was taken.

The Medical Board will assemble at 1 p.m. to examine Gandhiji.

Mr. Mathradas Tricunji and Mr. Rajagopalachari received Mr. Mahadev Desai at the Yeravda Jail gates this morning. Mr. Mahadev who anxiously enquired about Gandhiji's condition rushed to Parnakuti.

GANDHIJI'S PHOTO.

The inmates of Parnakuti are very much upset over the publication of Gandhiji's photo. In many cases not even his nearest associates are allowed to see him. The fast being of great spiritual significance nobody is allowed to take a snap of Gandhiji during the fast. The photograph recently published was obtained by an inmate of Parnakuti, and was not meant for publication.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu issued the following press statement regarding the picture appearing in the papers: "My attention has been drawn to a photograph of Mahatma Gandhi purporting to have been taken by a press photographer. Any such photo is unauthorised and no press photographer has been permitted or will be permitted during the period of the fast to take any photograph of him."

NO CAUSE FOR ANXIETY.

"Very extraordinary. Heart and pulse is fine. Voice quite clear. Sleeps well. Quiet bright, cheerful and cracking jokes. No nausea at all. No cause for anxiety. I am perfectly certain he will get through the fast."

In the above words Doctor Ansari explained the condition of Gandhiji to-day to pressmen after examining him at 10 a.m. this morning. While examining Mahatma, Dr. Ansari engaged in conversation with him and told him "You are becoming fashionable as you take Vichy Water." Gandhiji replied, "I would prefer my plain water but you do not allow it."

DULL TONE OF LONDON STOCK 'CHANGE

Business Disappointing
Despite Hitler's
Speech

LONDON, May 18.

On the London Stock Exchange, although Hitler's speech was regarded hopefully and dealers at first marked up prices, business throughout the day was disappointing, and with certain amount of profit-taking coupled with some Continental selling, the tendency in most sections gradually became easier.

Commodity markets were on the whole featureless. Metals, however, despite a large amount of profit-taking maintained a good tone; tin especially responded to higher Eastern advices.

Wall Street after a steady opening became somewhat reactionary. —Reuter.

SILVER PRICES TO BE STABILISED

Mexico-American Agreement Reached

WASHINGTON, May 18.

At the conclusion of the conversation between President Roosevelt and Senator Patti, Mexican Minister of Finance, the following statement was issued:—

"The project of agreement to the price of silver has been the subject of special fruitful consideration in these conversations. We may justly expect as a result that there will be unalterable co-operation at the Economic Conference, and soon normal Mexico-American trade will be restored." —Reuter.

DAVIS PLAYS IMPORTANT ROLE

Daladier-Hitler Meeting
Suggested By American Diplomat

PARIS, May 18.

It is understood that it was Mr. Norman Davis who first suggested the meeting between M. Daladier and Herr Hitler as the only way out of the threatened Franco-German impasse while French official circles were silent, and it is believed that M. Daladier received the suggestion favourably.

Since his arrival in Europe Mr. Norman Davis has played a role of first class importance behind the international stage as it is understood he also persuaded President Roosevelt to make his declaration before Hitler's speech at the Reichstag. —Reuter's Special.

RESERVE BANK DELEGATE IN POONA

Muslims Welcome Mr. Padshah

POONA, May 19.

The Hon. Mr. Syed Mahmood Padshah, Member of the Council of State, Delegate to the Reserve Bank and Railway Board Conference in London, passed through Poona this morning. He was given a warm send-off by Poona Muslims headed by Mr. Ahmed Ebrahim Haroo Jaffer, President of the Anjuman-e-Islam, who garlanded him.

Mr. Padshah said that a Reserve Bank was absolutely necessary but it should be amenable to all legislatures. He was quite hopeful of his mission and asked Mr. Jaffer to convey his message to Muslims to stand united. He sails by the mail boat to-morrow. —A. P.

SUICIDAL HANGING

Tragic End Of Constable
With Nineteen Years'
Service Record

Asphyxiation by suicidal hanging, was the unanimous verdict returned by the Coroner's Jury on Friday touching the death of Pandurang Gopal Rane, a Head Constable Writer, Bombay Police, who was found hanging in his room at the Naigaum Police Lines on Thursday morning.

A police constable giving evidence at the inquest stated that he had gone to the room of the deceased on the day in question to deliver a note from his officer giving him leave to go to the Police Hospital, as the deceased had previously reported himself sick.

On finding the door locked from within and since no response was forthcoming to his constant taps, he decided to have a look inside through a ventilator above. He was shocked to see the lifeless body of the constable dangling by a dhoti from the hook of a shelf. He immediately ran and informed Dy. Inspector Taylor who came to the place and made a panchama on the spot.

GOOD RECORD.

Mr. Taylor added that the deceased had 19 years' excellent service to his credit in the Bombay Police, working in the L. Division. Three weeks ago, it appears, the deceased had expressed his fears of being transferred to another Division which was not to his liking. He thought that this matter might have led him to his death, though witness had told him not to have any apprehensions on the score of a transfer.

CHURCHILL ATTACKS WHITE PAPER

Real Liberty In India Will
Vanish With New Regime

LONDON, May 18.

The real liberty that India enjoyed with British justice, impartial administration, and security for peace and order would be fatally destroyed if in any deviation of the Government either Hindus or Mahomedans would become ascendant and use class, racial or religious prejudice against each other, declared Mr. Winston Churchill speaking in London.

He said that the Simon Report and Statutory Commission went too far, but were left far behind by this new landslide. Replying to Mr. Baldwin's assertion that civil servants serving in India would favour the White Paper proposal, Mr. Churchill said that the emergency existed offered to them to retire at any time on proportionate pension, did not show that they were frightfully enthusiastic regarding the new policy, while the announcement that the pension fund would be moved to Britain hardly argued complete confidence in the new regime. —Reuter's Special.

RAJA OF AZIMGANJ DEAD

Prominent Leader Of Jains
In Bengal

CALCUTTA, May 19.

The death has occurred of Raja Bijoy Singh Dudhuria of Azimganj at his Calcutta residence, Camac Street. The Raja was a prominent leader of the Jain community, and was a descendant of the Dudhuria Raja Dynasty.

The Raja had been a member of the Council of State and Chairman of the Azimganj Municipality for fifteen years. The title of Raja was conferred on him in 1908. He leaves behind his widow and two sons. —A. P.

FREE HAND FOR GOERING

Authority Bill Passed
By Prussian Diet
WAR ON MARXISTS

Socialist Opposition To
Plenary Powers
Proves Vain

BERLIN, May 18.

Nazi control of Prussia was consolidated by the Prussian Diet on its reassembly to-day by adopting by more than a two-thirds majority (only Socialists opposing) the "Authority Bill," giving the Prussian Government under Prime Minister Goering plenary powers in Prussia as it abolishes practically all the stipulations for the Prussian constitution including that providing for a popular referendum against laws (?).

Herr Goering in a speech mentioned the formation of new se-



Last week the 61st birthday of Sjt. Vithal Ramjee Shinde, an old and staunch worker for the cause of the Depressed Classes, was celebrated all over Maharashtra.

cret police in Prussia with the duty of "ruthlessly combating subversive Marxist attempts still being introduced into Prussia from outside," and vehemently protested against the views prevailing at Geneva classifying the Prussian uniformed police as a substitute for the Reichswehr. He declared that the arms equipment of the police was so inadequate that they could not be mentioned in the same breath as the army. —Reuter's Special.

BAPAT'S FAST

RATNAGIRI, May 18.

Senapati Bapat, prisoner in Ratnagiri jail on sympathetic fast with Gandhiji is reported to have lost about ten pounds weight. His condition, however, continues to be good and there are no complications. —A. P.

SPEARED TO DEATH

Practical Joker Loses Life
At Lucknow

LUCKNOW, May 18.

An incident which resulted in the death of one Sheikh Chittan Chowkidar took place near Imambara Shahmujaf last night. It is reported that the deceased was hiding in a bush and Safdar Hussain, another chowkidar of Imambara, suspecting some one nearby challenged him. Chittan is said to have responded by imitating a wolf's cry, whereupon Safdar Hussain is alleged to have attacked him with a spear and pierced him through the stomach. The victims cry startled other chowkidars who removed him to the medical college hospital where he subsequently died. Safdar Hussain has been taken into police custody. Further investigation is proceeding. —A. P.

ROY EXAMINES MAHATMA

Medicos' Verdict After
Fifteen Minutes'
Examination

(From Our Special Correspondent)
(BY TELEPHONE).
POONA May 19.
3-30 P.M.

Dr. Bidhan Chandra Roy, ex-Mayor of Calcutta, arrived in Poona by the Bombay Express this morning, and after examining Gandhiji pronounced a satisfactory opinion regarding his health. The Medical Board consisting of Drs. Ansari, Roy, Deshmukh, Erukar, Gilder, Patel, Patheek and Gharpure met at Parnakuti at noon, and before examining Gandhiji had consultation and exchange of views.

Then Gandhiji submitted himself to a 15 minutes' examination by the board.

The Doctors again confabulated for an hour and then issued the following bulletin.

"Mahatma has now completed 11 days of his fast, without showing any great signs of exhaustion. His general condition has not so far given any cause for anxiety to the doctors. He has no complaint except 'weakness.'"

SHRADDHANAND MEMORIAL TRUST

Welfare Work Among
Aborigines Will Be
Taken Up

The general meeting of the Board of the Trustees of the All-India Shradhanand Memorial Trust was held at New Delhi on May 15. Dr. B. S. Moonje presided.

The following Trustees were present at the meeting:—Dr. B. S. Moonje, Babu Jagat Narain Lal, Patna, Babu Padam Raj Jain, Calcutta, L. Madan Mohan Lal, Raisen, Seth Lakshmi Narain Gododia, L. Desh Bhandhu Gupta and L. Narain Dutt.

The Secretary read the annual report of the work done by the Trust during 1932-1933 which was unanimously approved by the Board.

The audited accounts of the Trust for the year 1932-1933 were presented and unanimously passed. The annual budget 1933-1934 was approved.

The vacancy in the Board of Trustees caused by the death of Mr. K. V. Ranga Swami Aiyangar, Madras, was unanimously filled up by the election of Dr. Ganesh Damodar Savarkar.

L. Desh Bhandhu Gupta, and L. Molan Lal were re-elected on the Working Committee of the Trust and Babu Jagat Narain Lal of Patna was elected in place of Principal Ramdeva.

L. Desh Bhandhu Gupta was elected as Hon. Joint Secretary of the Trust. At the instance of Dr. B. S. Moonje it was resolved to send Pt. Dharma Vir Vedalankar on deputation to Malabar to investigate certain allegations which have recently appeared in the press regarding the mass conversion of Hindus to Islam in Ponnani (Malabar).

At the suggestion of B. Jagat Narain Lal it has been decided to establish a "Seva Mandal" for the uplift work among the aborigines of India and a sum of Rs. 1,800 has been sanctioned by the Board for this purpose.

BAD WEATHER AT RATNAGIRI

RATNAGIRI, May 18.

Since noon the storm appears to be diminishing. The sky generally is overcast with rain and sunshine at intervals. Steamer service continues suspended. —A. P.

Bangalore.—The offices of the Tariff Board will close in Bangalore on May 20 and reopen in Calcutta on May 23. All communications intended for the Board should be addressed to the Secretary, Tariff Board, 1, Council House, Street, Calcutta.

Revolutionaries Charged At Meerut

Police Declare That They Stole Arms And
Practised Shooting In Jungle

ALLAHABAD, May 19. Proceedings under Section 110 of the Indian Penal Code (security for good behaviour from habitual offenders) are being taken, says a report from Meerut against three persons before the Special Magistrate of Bulandshahr at Meerut.

The charge against them is that they belong to a dangerous revolutionary party, who committed thefts of arms and ammunition.

The C.I.D. Inspector giving his evidence stated that the accused with others had committed thefts of arms and ammunitions, thefts of chemicals from the Lakhoah College Laboratory and other thefts to assist the operations of the party. Further the accused prepared and tested bombs and held target practice in jungles. They are also said to have held secret meetings at various solitary places to consider plans and operations. The accused are alleged to have attempted to shoot a European guard after stopping a running Express last year in Hardoi district.

The inspector further deposed that the accused enlisted youngmen to their party, their aim and object being to bring about a change in the existing form of Government by resorting to terrorism.

The witness alleged that they were so desperate and dangerous that their remaining at large without security was hazardous to the community and that they should be bound over for three years. —A. P.

JAIL FOR CALCUTTA JAIL WARDER

Six Months Rigorous For Communicating With
Miss Maya Devi Regarding Her Case

CALCUTTA, May 19.

Bachan Singh, Warder, Presidency Jail, was sentenced by the Chief Presidency Magistrate to six months rigorous imprisonment for an offence under the Prisons Act. It is stated that the accused left his post and was found communicating something with Miss Maya Devi, under-trial prisoner in the jail in connection with her prosecution under the explosives act. —A. P.

ILLICIT POSSESSION OF ARMS

Detenus Receive Drastic
Punishment In Bengal

CALCUTTA May 19.

Provate Chandra Chakrabarty, a detenu, was sentenced to-day to rigorous imprisonment for seven years on charges of conspiracy and possession of arms without licence, and Abani Mohan Bhattacharjya, prosecuted along with Chakrabarty was sentenced to four years rigorous imprisonment by Mr. A. C. Chatterjee, Special Magistrate, Alipore.

It was stated that Provate was interned in the District of Burdwan. It is alleged that on January 9, 1933, he fled from the place of internment and police. I tried their best to arrest him but failed. On April 14 last the Calcutta police arrested Provate at a house in Sitala Lane. A room was searched and a revolver, air pistol and some papers were found. The prosecution stated that the room was rented in Abani's name and there was sufficient cause to believe that he lived in the same room along with Provate. —A. P.

ARYA SAMAJIST MEETING BANNED

Excitement In Hyderabad

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) May 19.

A report from Halked town, Bidar district, states that some excitement prevails among the local Arya Samajists following the Thasildar's ban on a proposed meeting on the ground that previous permission is necessary.

Precautionary measures have been taken by the local police to prevent untoward developments in view of recent communal clashes in adjacent districts like, Kalyani and Aland, but all is reported to be quiet.

Mr. Muzaffaruddin Soffee, Deputy Director General of Police, is leaving for Halked to-day to make enquiries. The Arya Samajists are making representation to the Government for revocation of the ban. —A. P.

HARIJAN WORK AT HARDWAR

Sanatanists Raise Cry Of
"Religion In Danger"

Since the Mahatma's fast a vigorous propaganda is being carried on in Hardwar for the removal of untouchability. Processions and meetings are being organized every day in the evening in which speeches are being delivered, exhorting people to kill untouchability. The students of the Gurukula University have plunged themselves heart and soul in the work, and, as the University has been closed for this very purpose, they are working in Hardwar, Kankhal and the neighbouring villages turning themselves into various groups of ten students each, says a Hardwar correspondent of the "Hindustan Times":—

The impetus imparted to the Harijan work by Mahatma Gandhi's fast has driven some local Sanatanists to raise the cry of "Religion In Danger". The other day when a meeting was being held and speeches were being made against Untouchability four or five persons are alleged to have begun to create disturbance. Some of them, it is further alleged, gave blows to the organizers of the meeting. Thereupon they were arrested by the police who were keenly watching the developments.

Some local Sanatanists have approached the Police and the Collector and have requested them to stop the propaganda work, as it was likely to create a breach of public peace. Professor Satyavrata of the Gurukula University was approached by the police and was asked that, as there was likelihood of a clash, it would be better to stop demonstrations. He is reported to have said that the number of those who were creating disturbance was only four or five and all of them were irresponsible lads. If the police could not keep them in control and thought that the propaganda should be given up at any cost, he would gladly place the suggestion before the members of the Committee responsible for the Harijan work in Hardwar.

However, it is clear that the workers in the cause of Harijans are determined to avoid any sort of interference on the part of the police in the matter, as that is likely to worsen the condition.